

IP Office

Using IP Office System Monitor

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Chapter 1. System Monitor

1. System Monitor

System Monitor can assist in the detailed diagnosis of system problems. Through configuration of its trace options, it is able to display information on specific areas of a system's operation. It can also record that information as log files for later analysis.

💭 SysMonitor v6.2 (4) - monitoring 192.168.42.1 (IP500 Site A)	
Elle Edit <u>Vi</u> ew Filters <u>S</u> tatus <u>H</u> eip	
********* SysMonitor v6.2 (4) **********	^
********** contact made with 192.168.42.1 at 10:45:17 22/7/2008 **********	
********** System (192.168.42.1) has been up and running for 1day, 2hrs and 19secs(93619928mS) **********	
********* Warning: TEXT File Logging selected **********	
<pre>********* Warning: TEXT Logging to File STOPPED on 22/7/2008 10:45:17 ******** 93619928mS PRN: Monitor Started IP=192.168.42.203 IP 500 4.2(4) IP500 Site A</pre>	(TOT=3) ⊒
93623930mS PRN: + 93623930mS PRN: + Slot 2: Base VCM64 Board=0x01 PLD=0x10 93623930mS PRN: + Mezzanine BRI8 Board=0x01 PLD=0x07 93623930mS PRN: + 93623930mS PRN: + Slot 3: Base PHONE8 Board=0x01 PLD=0x03 93623931mS PRN: + Mezzanine ATM4 Board=0x00 PLD=0x06	
93623931mS PRN: + 93623931mS PRN: + Slot 4: Base NONE 93623931mS PRN: + Mezzanine NONE 93623931mS PRN: + 93623931mS PRN: + 93622964mS PRN: ConferDSP is alive	>

- System Monitor is also known as "Monitor" or "SysMon".
- System Monitor is intended primarily for use by Avaya support and development staff. The settings within System Monitor and the information shown frequently change between software releases.
- Analysis of the information shown requires detailed data and telecommunications knowledge plus system knowledge and is not intended for general users.
- Despite the facts above, all persons maintaining systems need to be able to run System Monitor in order to capture logs for submission with fault reports even if they cannot interpret the logs themselves.

System Status Application

For general purpose monitoring of the status of a system and calls, use IP Office System Status Application rather than System Monitor. The System Status Application provides much easier to interpret data and information and is suitable for use by system maintainers and advanced system users.

1.1 Installing System Monitor

Avaya supply System Monitor on the IP Office Administrator Applications DVD. The installation process normally includes installation of System Monitor and the IP Office Manager application by default. However, if necessary you can install System Monitor separately.

System Monitor is a Windows application. Its interface runs in English only but does not require any licenses.

PC Requirements

Minimum PC Requirements		
RAM	128MB	
Hard Disk Free Space 10GB		
Processor:		
- Pentium	PIII 800MHz	
- Celeron	Celeron 3 800Mhz	
- AMD	Athlon B 650MHz	

Operating System Support		
Server OS:		
2003 Server	Yes	
2008 R2 Server	Yes	
Client OS:		
XP Professional	Yes	
Vista	Yes	
Windows 7	Yes	

- Vista support is only on Business, Enterprise and Ultimate versions.
- Windows 7 support is only on Professional, Enterprise and Ultimate versions.

Ports

By default, System Monitor connects to UDP port 50794 on the monitored system.

To install System Monitor:

- 1. Inserting the DVD into the PC's DVD drive. This starts the Installation Wizard.
- 2. Select the required language. Click Next.
- 3. Select the file path for the installed files. Click **Next**.
- 4. From the list of available applications, check that **System Monitor** is selected for installation. Be careful about deselecting any other highlighted options, as this triggers their removal if already installed.
- 5. Click Next.
- 6. Click Install.

1.2 Starting System Monitor

You can run System Monitor from a PC on the same local IP subnet as the targeted system or it can run on a PC on a remote subnet.

- If the PC running the System Monitor and the targeted system are on the same subnet, then you can either use the system's IP address (eg. 192.168.42.1) or the local subnet broadcast address (eg. 192.168.42.255). If there is more than one system on the local subnet, then you must use the system's IP address.
- If the PC running the System Monitor and the targeted system are on the different subnets (these can be different local subnets or from a remote subnet) then you must use the system's unique IP address. It is also essential that bi-directional routing exists between the two subnets in question.

To start System Monitor:

1. Select Start | Programs | IP Office | System Monitor.

- 2. If System Monitor has run before, it automatically attempts to connect with the system that was previously being monitored. If otherwise or you want to monitor a different system, use the steps below to select the required system.
- 3. Select File and then Select Unit.

Select System to Monitor	K
Enter Control Unit IP Address [nnn.nnn.nnn.nnn] or Control Unit IP Address:Dev No. [nnn.nnn.nnn.nnn:mm]	
192.168.0.210 🗨	
Password	
Trace Log Settings Filename Monitor∖sysmonitorsettings.ini ▼	
, OK Cancel	

- 4. Enter the IP Address and Password of the system that you want to monitor.
 - Which Password?

Using IP Office Manager, it is possible to set a specific **Monitor Password**. If the system does not have a **Monitor Password** set, System Monitor uses the system's **System Password**. The **Monitor Password** and **System Password** are set within a system's security configuration settings.

- 5. If you want System Monitor to start with a previously saved set of trace options, use the **Trace Log Settings Filename** browse button to select the trace options settings file.
- 6. Click **OK**.
- 7. Once System Monitor has connected with a system, System Monitor displays the system's status report 12 and alarm log 13.

1.3 The System Status Report

The status report is output whenever System Monitor connects to a system. The information included varies depending on the type of system and the equipment installed with it. The example below is a typical output for an IP500 system.

The first few lines include the time, date plus the IP address of the system and up time of the monitored system.

* 1	******** SysMoni	itor v6.2 (4) *****	* * * * *				
* *	******** contact	t made with 192.168	.42.1 at 10):45:17 22/7/	2008 ********		
* 1	******** System	(192.168.42.1) has	been up ar	nd running fo	or 1day, 2hrs and 19se	ecs(93619928mS) *********	
	93619928mS PRN:	System Monitor Sta	rted IP=192	2.168.42.203	IP 500 4.2(4) IP500 :	Site A	
		(IP Office: Suppor	ts Unicode,	, System Loca	le is eng)		
	93619928mS PRN:	LAW=A PRI=0, BRI=4	, ALOG=4, A	ADSL=0 VCOMP=	64, MDM=0, WAN=0, MOI	DU=0 LANM=0 CkSRC=5 VMAIL=1(VER=3 TYP	=1) CALLS=0(TOT
	93623929mS PRN:	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++		
	93623929mS PRN:	+ loader: 0.0					
	93623929mS PRN:	+ cpu: id 2 board	a0 pld 17 t	ype cl0 opti	ons 802		
	93623929mS PRN:	+ fpga: id 1 issue	0 build 50	2			
	93623929mS PRN:	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++		
	93623929mS PRN:	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	++ LIST (OF MODULES	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++		
	93623930mS PRN:	+					
	93623930mS PRN:	+ Slot 1: Base	DIGSTA8	Board=0xc0	PLD=0x05		
	93623930mS PRN:	+ Mezzanir	e NONE				
	93623930mS PRN:	+					
	93623930mS PRN:	+ Slot 2: Base	VCM64	Board=0x01	PLD=0x10		
	93623930mS PRN:	+ Mezzanir	e BRI8	Board=0x01	PLD=0x07		
	93623930mS PRN:	+					
	93623930mS PRN:	+ Slot 3: Base	PHONE 8	Board=0x01	PLD=0x03		
	93623931mS PRN:	+ Mezzanir	e ATM4	Board=0x00	PLD=0x06		
	93623931mS PRN:	+					
	93623931mS PRN:	+ Slot 4: Base	NONE				
	93623931mS PRN:	+ Mezzanır	e NONE				
	93623931mS PRN:	+					
	93623931mS PRN:	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	END OF L	LST. OF. MODULE	S ++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++		

The next line gives information about various aspects of the system. This line is output at regular intervals, set through the <u>file logging preferences</u> 28.

93619928mS PRN:	LAW=A PRI=0,	BRI=4,	ALOG=4,	ADSL=0	VCOMP = 64,	MDM=0,	WAN=0,	MODU=0	LANM=0	CkSRC=5	VMAIL=1(VER=3	TYP=1)	CALLS=0(?	.'OT

LAW =	A-Law or U-law system.					
PRI =	Number of PRI channels					
BRI =	Number of BRI channels.					
ALOG =	umber of Analog Trunk Channels					
ADSL =	Not Used.					
VCOMP =	Number of voice compression channels installed.					
MDM =	Size of Modem Card Fitted					
WAN =	Number of WAN Ports configured.					
MODU =	Number of external expansion modules (excluding WAN3 modules) attached.					
LANM =	Number of WAN3 external expansion modules attached.					
CkSRC =	he current clock source being used for PRI/BRI trunks (0 = Internal Clock Source).					
VMAIL =	Indicates whether the voicemail server is connected. 1 if connected, 0 if not connected.					
VER =	The software version of the voicemail server if obtainable.					
TYP =	The type of Voicemail Server: 0 = None. 1 = Voicemail Lite/Pro. 2 = Centralized Voicemail Pro. 3 = Embedded Voicemail. 4 = Group (3rd party) voicemail. 5 = Remote Audix Voicemail					
CALLS =	Number of current calls					
TOT =	Total number of calls made to date since last system reboot.					

In addition, when System Monitor starts, the initial output may include the system's alarm log. See The Alarm Log 13.

1.4 The Alarm Log

When System Monitor connects to a system, the trace includes the system's alarm log. The alarms cannot be interpreted. However, if a site is the same repeated problem, Avaya may request the alarm log details.

The presence of alarms is not necessarily critical as each system keeps a record of the first 8 alarms since the alarm log was last cleared. However, once the alarm log is full, the system ignores additional alarms.

3003mS PRN: +++ START OF ALARM LOG DUMP +++ 3019mS PRN: ALARM: 18/03/2004 13:07:56 IP 412 2.1(8) <Program Exception> CRIT RAISED addr=00000000 d=5 pc=00000000 0082eef0 0094d78 3019mS PRN: ALARM: 22/04/2004 07:26:44 IP 412 2.1(11) <Program Exception> CRIT RAISED addr=00000000 d=5 pc=00000000 0095dfe0 0095df 3019mS PRN: ALARM: 22/04/2004 07:26:46 IP 412 2.1(11) <WATCHDOG> CRIT RAISED addr=00000000 d=0 pc=00000000 01e75750 01f983d4 0095e2 3004mS PRN: +++ END OF ALARM LOG DUMP +++

You can view the alarm log again at any time. You can also clear the alarm log to remove old alarms. See <u>Alarms</u> 79.

1.5 Adding Log Stamps

Using their phone, system users can access a log stamp function. This allows the user to insert a log stamp event into their system's monitor records. You can use this to have users indicate when an issue that you are trying to capture in the system log has occurred.

The log stamp record includes the date, time, user name and extension of the user who triggered the log stamp function. The system prefixes the record with **LSTMP: Log Stamped** and a log stamp number.

The system restarts the log stamp number from 000 whenever the system is restarted. Each time the log stamp function is used, the number increments, in a cycle from 000 to 999. However, a specific log stamp number can be assigned to a button or short code used to trigger the function. When triggered, the user's phone briefly displays the log stamp number.

A default system short code *55 is automatically added for new systems. For users with appropriate telephones, the log stamp function can also be assigned to a programmable button on the phone using the **Advanced | Miscellaneous | Stamp Log**.

To send a log using the default system short code:

1. When the event to be marked, dial ***55**. If already on a call, put that call on hold before dialing ***55**.

1.6 Monitor Icons

The System Monitor window contains a number of icons:

• 🗁 Open File

Open a previous monitor log file. See Opening a Log File 34

• 🖬 Save Log As

Save the current monitor log to a text file. See <u>Saving the Current Screen as a Log File</u> 31.

• A Rollover Log

Force the current log file to rollover. System Monitor adds a date and time stamp to the log file name and a new log file started. See <u>Manually Rolling Over the Log File</u> 3th.

• 🗵 Stop Logging

Stop logging to a file. See Stopping File Logging 30.

• 🗐 Start Logging

Start logging to a file. See <u>Starting File Logging</u> 30.

• Text Log File

This icon indicates that System Monitor is currently set to log to a plain text file. Clicking the icon changes the mode to binary file logging (forcing a rollover of any current log file). See Switching Between Binary and Text Logging 30

• 🖪 Binary Log File

This icon indicates that System Monitor is currently set to log to a binary file. Clicking the icon changes the mode to text file logging (forcing a rollover of any current log file). See <u>Switching Between Binary and Text Logging</u> 30.

• X Clear Screen Display

Clear the current log shown in the display. See <u>Clearing the Screen Log</u> 21-.

• Run Screen Display

Show the live monitor log in the display. See Starting the Screen Log 24.

• Freeze Screen Display

Pause the live monitor log in the display. This does not stop the logging to file. See Pausing the Screen Log 21-

• 🖳 Reconnect

Connect to the system specified in the **Select Unit** options. See <u>Reconnecting to the Monitored System</u> 23.

🗸 🍟 Filter Trace Options

Set the filter options for what should be included in the logs. See Filtering the Screen Log 22

• 🛅 Log Preferences

Set the format and destination for the monitor log file. See <u>Setting the Log Preferences</u> 29.

🔹 🏧 Select Unit

Set the details of the system to monitor. See <u>Selecting the System to Monitor</u> 23.

1.7 Keyboard Shortcuts

You can use the following keyboard shortcuts with System Monitor:

Function	Shortcut	
Select unit	Ctrl+U	See Selecting the System to Monitor 23.
Reconnect	Ctrl+E	See <u>Reconnecting to the Monitored System</u> 23.
Open file	Ctrl+O	See Opening a Log File 31.
Save screen log as	Ctrl+S	See <u>Saving the Screen Log as a Log File</u> 25.
Send to mail recipient	Ctrl+M	See Emailing the Screen Log 25.
Send to mail recipient as attachment	Ctrl+H	See Emailing the Screen Log 25.
Rollover log	Ctrl+R	See Manually Rolling Over the Log File 314.
Log preferences	Ctrl+L	See <u>Setting the Log Preferences</u> 29.
Clear the screen log	Ctrl+X	See <u>Clearing the Screen Log</u> 21 ^L .
Copy the screen log	Ctrl+C	See Copying Screen Log Information 25.
Select all	Ctrl+A	See Copying Screen Log Information 25.
Find	Ctrl+F	See Searching the Screen Log 22.
IP Calculate	Ctrl+D	See Converting IP Address Hex Values 22
Log to screen (start/pause)	Ctrl+G	See <u>Starting the Screen Log</u> 21 ^h and <u>Pausing the Screen</u> Log 21 ^h .
Trace options	Ctrl+T	See <u>Setting the Trace Options</u> 34.
US PRI Trunk status	Ctrl+I	See <u>US PRI Trunks</u> 99.
Filter screen log	F4	See <u>Filtering the Screen Log</u> 22.
Close System Monitor	Alt+F4	See <u>Stopping System Monitor</u> 17 ⁻).

1.8 Closing System Monitor

Closing System Monitor ends screen and file logging. When System Monitor is next started, it attempts to reconnect to the same system that it was connected to when it was closed.

To close System Monitor:

- 1. Click the X icon at the top-right of the window. Alternatively, press Alt+F4 or click File and select Exit.
- 2. The application is closed. All logging stops.

Chapter 2. Using the Screen Log

2. Using the Screen Log

System Monitor uses its main display area to show records received from the connected system. Alternatively, it can display a previously saved logged file for study.

• IMPORTANT

The screen log is limited to approximately 5000 records. If you anticipate logging for a long period or selecting a lot of trace options, you should log to file and then display that file. Large log files can be displayed in a separate text editor.

The records displayed in the screen log are not the raw records as received from the system, instead that are "interpreted" records. System Monitor applies various changes to aid the interpretation of the records. For example, a record containing the raw entry **pcol=6** is interpreted and displayed as **pcol=6 (TCP)**.

- Pausing the screen log 21
- <u>Starting the screen log</u> 21
- <u>Clearing the screen log</u> 21
- Filtering the screen log 22
- <u>Searching the screen log</u> 22
- <u>Converting hex values</u>
- <u>Selecting the system to monitor</u> 23
- <u>Reconnecting to the monitored system</u> 23
- <u>Setting the trace options</u> 23
- <u>Viewing the system alarms</u> 24
- <u>Viewing status menus</u>
- <u>Copying screen log information</u>
- Emailing the screen log 25
- Opening a log file
- Saving the screen log as a log file 25
- <u>Setting the screen font</u> 26
- <u>Setting the screen background colour</u>
- <u>Setting the trace colours</u> 26

2.1 Pausing the Screen Log

When System Monitor displays the trace from a connected system, you can pause the trace in order to inspect it.

To pause the screen log:

- 1. Click the **Freeze Screen Logging** icon. Alternatively, press **Ctrl+G**.
- 2. System Monitor displays a warning Logging to Screen Stopped as part of the log.
- 3. To restart the screen log, see Starting the Screen Log 21.

2.2 Starting the Screen Log

When System Monitor displays the records from a connected system, you may need to pause the output in order to inspect it. See <u>Pausing the Screen Log</u> 21. You can use the following option to restart displaying records received.

When you load a log file for display, any screen logging from a connected system is automatically paused. Restarting the screen log add records from the connected system when they are received.

To restart the screen log:

- 1. Click the **Log to Screen** icon. Alternatively, press **Ctrl+G**.
- 2. System Monitor displays a warning **Logging to Screen Started** as part of the log.

2.3 Clearing the Screen Log

You can clear the currently displayed trace.

- If the trace was from a connected system, those records are lost unless the trace was also being logged to a file.
- Clearing the trace does not affect any trace records logged to a file.
- If the screen log was loaded from a previously saved log file, clearing the trace clears the screen log but does not erase records from the log file.

To clear the screen log:

1. Click the **X** Clear Display icon. Alternatively, press Ctrl+X.

2.4 Filtering the Screen Log

System Monitor can display a filtered summary of the current screen log. You can base the filter on any selected part of the existing screen log, for example an IP address or extension number. System Monitor displays the filtered log as a separate window you can save to a text file.

To display a filtered screen log:

1. Using the cursor, highlight the part of the current screen log that you want used as the filter. If necessary, pause the screen in order to make the selection, see Pausing the Screen Log 2^{-1} .

2. Press **F4**.

3. System Monitor displays a separate window that shows those records that contain matches to the filter.

To save a filtered screen log:

- 1. Filter the log using the process above.
- 2. In the filtered log window, click **File** and select **Save As**.
- 3. Enter a file name or select an existing file to overwrite.

4. Click Save.

To copy the filtered screen log:

- 1. Filter the log using the process above.
- 2. In the filtered log window, select the filter records that you want to copy.
- 3. Click File and select Copy.

2.5 Searching the Screen Log

You can search the screen log for records that contain text that match the search string you specify.

To search the screen log:

- 1. Optional: Selecting a piece of text in the screen log before starting search automatically makes that text the search string.
- 2. Click Edit and select Find. Alternatively, press Ctrl+F.
- 3. Enter the search string for which you want to search the screen log.
- 4. Click **Find Next** to find the first match.
- 5. Click **Find Next** again to find the next match.

2.6 Converting IP Address Hex Values

Some values displayed in the screen log are Hex values. These are indicated by a 0x prefix to the number. Typically these are IP addresses. System Monitor can display the converted value. For example, **0xff** becomes **0.0.0.255**.

To display the IP address conversion of a hex value:

- 1. In the screen log, select and highlight the value to be converted. It does not matter if you include the 0x in the selection or not.
- 2. Click Edit and select IP Calculated (Selected Hex). Alternatively, press Ctrl+D.
- 3. System Monitor displays the converted value.

2.7 Selecting the System to Monitor

While already monitoring a system or viewing a log file, you can switch to receiving and displaying the log records from another system.

- To select the system to monitor and start screen monitoring:
 - 1. Click the 🏧 Select Unit icon. Alternatively, press Ctrl+U.
 - 2. Enter the $\ensuremath{\textbf{IP}}\xspace$ Address and $\ensuremath{\textbf{Password}}\xspace$ of the system that you want to monitor.
 - Which Password? Using IP Office Manager, it is possible to set a specific Monitor Password. If the system does not have a Monitor Password set, System Monitor uses the system's System Password. The Monitor Password and System Password are set within a system's security configuration settings.
 - 3. Click OK.
 - 4. Once System Monitor has connected to a system, System Monitor displays the system's status report 12^{-12} and alarm log 13^{-1} .

2.8 Reconnecting to the Monitored System

System Monitor automatically attempts to reconnect to a system when it detects that the connection has been lost. However, if necessary you can manually select to reconnect.

To select the system to monitor and start screen monitoring:

- 1. Click the 🖳 Reconnect icon. Alternatively, press Ctrl+E.
- 2. Once System Monitor has connected with a system, System Monitor displays the system's status report 12^{-12} and alarm log 13^{-1} .

2.9 Setting the Trace Options

The output received from a system includes records for all activity. This can make it difficult to spot just those details needed to diagnose a particular issue. Therefore, System Monitor allows selection of which records are included in the current screen log and file logging. See <u>Trace Options</u> 34.

2.10 Viewing the System Alarms

This status menu displays the alarms records in the connected system's alarms log.

When System Monitor connects to a system, the trace includes the system's alarm log. The alarms cannot be interpreted. However, if a site is the same repeated problem, Avaya may request the alarm log details.

The presence of alarms is not necessarily critical as each system keeps a record of the first 8 alarms since the alarm log was last cleared. However, once the alarm log is full, the system ignores additional alarms.

3003mS PRN: +++ START OF ALARM LOG DUMP ++-

```
3019mS PRN: ALARM: 12/04/2004 07:26:44 IP 412 2.1(1) <Program Exception> CRIT RAISED addr=00000000 d=5 pc=00000000 0082eef0 0094d78
3019mS PRN: ALARM: 22/04/2004 07:26:44 IP 412 2.1(11) <Program Exception> CRIT RAISED addr=00000000 d=5 pc=00000000 0095dfe0 0095df
3019mS PRN: ALARM: 22/04/2004 07:26:46 IP 412 2.1(11) <WATCHDOG> CRIT RAISED addr=00000000 d=0 pc=00000000 01e75750 01f983d4 0095e2
3004mS PRN: +++ END OF ALARM LOG DUMP +++
```

To view the alarm log:

1. Click Status and select Alarms.

2. System Monitor displays the alarm records in a separate window.

To clear the alarm log:

1. View the alarm log using the process above.

2. Click Clear Alarms.

2.11 Viewing the Status Menus

In addition to the screen log, System Monitor can display a number of different status screens for different aspects of system operation.

To view a status screen:

1. Click Status and select the status screen required. See <u>Status Screens</u> 78.

2.12 Emailing the Screen Log

You can use the default email application configured on the PC to send an email copy of the current screen log.

You can send an email with the screen log either pasted into the email text or attached as a separate **.txt** file. Attaching as a file allows the recipient to easily load the log into their copy of System Monitor.

To email the screen log pasted into an email:

- 1. Click File, select Send To and then Mail Recipient. Alternatively, press Ctrl+M.
- 2. The default email application displays a new email with the screen log pasted into the message text.

3. Complete the email details and click Send.

To email the screen log as an email attachment:

1. Click File, select Send To and then Mail Recipient as Attachment. Alternatively, press Ctrl+H.

2. The default email application displays a new email with the screen log attached as a file.

3. Complete the email details and click Send.

2.13 Opening a Log File

You can use System Monitor to view an existing log file. Opening a log file automatically pauses the display of the screen log from the connected system.

To open a log file:

- 1. Click the 🗁 Open File icon. Alternatively, press *Ctrl+O* or click File and select Open File.
- 2. Browse to and select the log file. Text log files end in .txt. Binary log files end in .mon.

3. Click Open.

4. The file opens in the System Monitor view.

2.14 Copying Screen Log Information

You can copy and paste the information shown in the screen log using the standard Windows methods.

To copy screen log information:

- 1. Using the cursor, select the section of the screen log to copy. Alternatively, press *Ctrl+A* to select the whole screen log.
- 2. System Monitor highlights the selected portion of the screen log.
- 3. Press *Ctrl+C* to copy the selected portion of the screen log.

2.15 Saving the Screen Log as a Log File

You can save the records displayed in the screen log as a text file.

• Converting a Binary Log File

Using this option to open a binary log file and then save it as a plain text log file can be problematic if System Monitor displays a very large number of records. If that is the reason a plain text file is require, see <u>Converting a</u> <u>Binary Log to a Text Log</u> 32^{2} .

To save the current screen log as a file:

1. Click the 🖬 Save Screen Log As icon. Alternatively, press *Ctrl+S* or click Files and select Save Screen Log as.

2. Enter a file name for the file.

3. Click Save.

2.16 Setting the Screen Font

You can select the default font used for displaying the logs.

To set the screen font:

- 1. Click View and select Font.
- 2. Select the font settings required.
- 3. Click OK.

2.17 Setting the Screen Background Colour

You can select the colour used for the background of the screen log.

To set the screen background colour: 1. Click View and select Background Colour.

- 2. Select the colour required.
- 3. Click OK.

2.18 Setting the Trace Colours

You can select a colour for a particular type of trace option. System Monitor then applies that colour to any matching records when added to the screen log.

To apply a colour to a trace option:

- 1. Click the $\frac{3}{7}$ Trace Options icon. Alternatively, press Ctrl+T or click Filters and select Trace options.
- 2. Select the tab showing the trace option for which you require a specific colour.
- 3. Right click on the name of the trace option.
- 4. Select the required colour.
- 5. Click OK.
- 6. System Monitor displays the trace option name in the selected colour.

Chapter 3. Logging to a File

3. Logging to a File

In addition to displaying records in the screen log, System Monitor can copy records into a log file. You can view log files at a later time or send them for analysis by another person.

- <u>Setting the log preferences</u>
- Starting file logging 30
- <u>Stopping file logging</u> 30
- Opening a log file 31
- Saving the screen log as a log file 31
- <u>Switching between binary and text logging</u> 30
- Manually rolling over the log file 31
- Converting a binary log file to a plain text log file 32

3.1 Setting the Log Preferences

The settings below set where System Monitor stores log files and how often it starts a new log file.

To set the log preferences

1. Click the 🗎 Log Preferences . Alternatively, press Ctrl+L or click File and select Logging Preferences.

Select Logging Infor	mation		? 🔀
Log Mode			
O Periodic	Every 'n' Hours		
O Daily	C Every 'n' MBytes		
Log Filename			
📕 Binary Logging (Ctrl-	+B)		
🔲 Log to File (Ctrl+W)			
		OK	Cancel

2. Select the **Log Mode** required. This setting controls when System Monitor saves the current log and starts a new log file. This is called "rolling over the log file".

• Periodic

Only rollover the log when the Λ icon is pressed. See <u>Manually Rolling Over the Log File</u> 31.

• Daily

Rollover the log automatically at the end of each day.

• Every 'n' Hours

Rollover the log automatically every few hours. When selected, System Monitor displays an **Hours Interval** box to set the number of hours between each rollover.

• Every 'n' MBytes

Rollover the log automatically when it reaches a set size. When selected, System Monitor displays a **MBytes Interval** box to set the size limit.

3. Set the log file name and location using the Log Filename field. The default location is the System Monitor application program folder *C:\Program Files\Avaya\IP Office\Monitor*. Each time file log stops or rolls over, System Monitor adds the date and time to the log file name.

4. Select whether you want binary logging. To select a binary log, select Binary Logging.

• Binary format

This is the raw format of records as received from the system. The records are not processed in any way by System Monitor other than being added to the log file.

• Text format

This is the interpreted format of records. System Monitor adds additional information. For example, a record containing the raw entry **pcol=6** is changed to **pcol=6** (**TCP**).

Recommended Format

When logging in text format or running the screen log, it is possible for some records to be lost due to the high number of packets that System Monitor has to interpret. Running a binary log and pausing the System Monitor screen log reduces the chances of such lost packets.

5. To start logging to file immediately, select **Log to File**. If not selected, logging to file is started manually when required. See <u>Starting Logging</u> (30). When selected, System Monitor adds any records added to the screen log to the file log.

6. Click **OK**.

3.2 Starting File Logging

You can manually start logging to file if file logging is not already running.

To start logging to file:

1. Click the Start Logging to File icon. Alternatively, press *Ctrl+W*.

2. The records are logged to file using the settings defined for the log preferences. See Setting the Log Preferences

3. The icon changes to a 📕 icon that can be used to stop logging. See <u>Stopping Logging</u> 3.

3.3 Stopping File Logging

You can stop the file logging at any time. When logging is stopped, the log file is saved in the folder specified in the log preferences with the date and time appended to the file name.

To stop logging to file:

1. Click the Stop Logging to File icon. Alternatively, press Ctrl+W.

2. The icon changes to a 3 icon that can be used to stop logging. See <u>Stopping Logging</u> 3.

3.4 Switching Between Binary and Text Logging

You can switch logging between using binary or text formats. Switching format automatically rolls over the current log file.

• Binary format

This is the raw format of records as received from the system. The records are not processed in any way by System Monitor other than being added to the log file.

Text format

This is the interpreted format of records. System Monitor adds additional information. For example, a record containing the raw entry **pcol=6** is changed to **pcol=6** (**TCP**).

• Recommended Format

When logging in text format or running the screen log, it is possible for some records to be lost due to the high number of packets that System Monitor has to interpret. Running a binary log and pausing the System Monitor screen log reduces the chances of such lost packets.

To switch to binary logging:

1. Click the Binary Logging icon. Alternatively, press Ctrl+B.

2. Any current log is saved as a text log file and a new log in binary format started.

3. The icon changes to a icon.

To switch to text logging:

1. Click the **Text Logging** icon. Alternatively, press **Ctrl+B**.

2. Any current log is saved as a binary log file and a new log in text format started.

3. The icon changes to a \mathbf{B} icon.

3.5 Opening a Log File

You can use System Monitor to view an existing log file. Opening a log file automatically pauses the display of the screen log from the connected system.

To open a log file:

- 1. Click the 🗁 Open File icon. Alternatively, press *Ctrl+O* or click File and select Open File.
- 2. Browse to and select the log file. Text log files end in *.txt*. Binary log files end in *.mon*.

3. Click Open.

4. The file opens in the System Monitor view.

3.6 Saving the Screen Log as a Log File

You can save the records displayed in the screen log as a text file.

- Converting a Binary Log File
- Using this option to open a binary log file and then save it as a plain text log file can be problematic if System Monitor displays a very large number of records. If that is the reason a plain text file is require, see <u>Converting a</u> <u>Binary Log to a Text Log</u> 3^{2} .

To save the current screen log as a file:

1. Click the 🖬 Save Screen Log As icon. Alternatively, press *Ctrl+S* or click Files and select Save Screen Log as.

2. Enter a file name for the file.

3. Click Save.

3.7 Manually Rolling Over the Log File

The logging preferences can automatically rollover the log file; creating a new log file daily, every few hours or after a certain amount of data. When this occurs, System Monitor saves the log file with the date and time added to the file name and starts a new log file. See <u>Setting the Log Preferences</u> 29.

You can force System Monitor to rollover the log file at anytime. You can do this even if System Monitor is already set to automatically rollover the file.

To manually rollover the log file:

- 1. Click File and select Rollover Log. Alternatively, press the **A** Rollover Log icon or press **Ctrl+R**.
- 2. System Monitor saves the existing log file and starts a new log file.

3.8 Converting a Binary Log to a Text Log

You can use System Monitor to view binary log files (.mon files). However, it may sometimes be necessary to create a plain text copy of the log file. For example, so that it can be viewed in other applications.

- Why not use Files | Save As
 - While you can <u>save the current screen log to a text file</u> [31^A] at any time, this can be potentially problematic if a very large number of records have been displayed. That would typically apply when a large binary log file is loaded. While the method below is more complex, it ensures that no records are lost.

To convert a binary log file to a plain text log file:

- 1. Start System Monitor.
- 2. Clear the current screen log:
 - a. If logging to screen, click the **Freeze Screen Logging** icon. Alternatively, press **Ctrl+G**.
 - b. Clear any existing contents in the screen log by clicking the **X** Clear Display icon. Alternatively, press Ctrl+X
- 3. Configure System Monitor to a non existent IP address.
 - a. Click the 🖾 Select Unit icon. Alternatively, press Ctrl+U.
 - b. Enter an IP address that is not used.
 - c. Click **OK**.
- 4. Set System Monitor to capture the screen log records as they appear into a plain text log file.
 - a. Click the 🛅 Log Preferences icon. Alternatively, press *Ctrl+L* or click File and select Logging Preferences.
 - b. Set the **Log Mode** to **Daily**.
 - c. Ensure the **Binary Logging** is not selected.
 - d. Select the Log to File option.
 - e. Click **OK**.
- 5. Open the binary log file:
 - a. Click the Den File icon. Alternatively, press *Ctrl+O* or click File and select Open File.
 - b. Browse to and select the log file.
 - c. Click **Open**.
 - d. The file opens in the screen log.
- 6. Due to the log preferences selected above, as System Monitor adds each binary log file record to the screen log, it also write the record into a plain text log file.
- 7. Once the binary log file has been fully loaded, rollover the log file.
 - a.Click the A Rollover Log icon. Alternatively, press Ctrl+R or click File and select Rollover Log

Chapter 4. Setting the Trace Options

4. Setting the Trace Options

The trace options set which records System Monitor receives from the connected system. The settings affect both the screen log and logging to file.

- <u>Setting the trace options</u> 35
- Saving trace options as a file 35
- Loading trace options from a file 35
- <u>Colouring individual trace options</u>
- <u>Colouring tab trace options</u>
- <u>Clearing a trace options tab</u>
- <u>Setting a trace options tab</u> 37
- <u>Clearing all trace options</u> 37
- Defaulting trace options 38
- The trace options menus 39

4.1 Setting the Trace Options

To set the trace options

- 1. Click the Trace Options icon. Alternatively, press Ctrl+T or click Filters and select Trace options.
- 2. Click the setting to enable or disable it.
- 3. Click **OK**.

4.2 Saving Trace Options as a File

The current set of trace options can be exported to an .ini file. You can then reload the settings from that file at a later time or send them to another user to set the trace options of their application. See Loading Trace Options from a File 3.

• Note

System Monitor does not save trace option colour settings as part of the trace options file.

To export the trace options:

- 1. Click the Trace Options icon. Alternatively, press Ctrl+T or click Filters and select Trace options.
- 2. Select Save File.
- 3. Enter the name for the file and select the location. Alternatively, select an existing file to overwrite.
- 4. Click Save.

4.3 Loading Trace Options from a File

You can import a previously saved set of trace options. See <u>Saving Trace Options as a File</u> 35.

To load a set of trace options:

1. Click the Trace Options icon. Alternatively, press Ctrl+T or click Filters and select Trace options.

- 2. Select Load File.
- 3. Locate and select the file to load.
- 4. Click Open.

4.4 Colouring Individual Trace Options

You can select a colour for a particular type of trace option. System Monitor then applies that colour to any matching records when added to the screen log.

To apply a colour to a trace option:

- 1. Click the Trace Options icon. Alternatively, press Ctrl+T or click Filters and select Trace options.
- 2. Select the tab showing the trace option for which you require a specific colour.
- 3. Right click on the name of the trace option.
- 4. Select the required colour.
- 5. Click OK.
- 6. System Monitor displays the trace option name in the selected colour.

4.5 Colouring Tab Trace Options

For some tabs, in addition to applying colours to individual trace options (see <u>Colouring Individual Trace Options</u>), a single colour selection can be used to apply a colour to all trace options on the tab. This selection overrides any existing individual trace option colour selections, however those selections can be reapplied.

To colour the tab trace options:

1. Click the Trace Options icon. Alternatively, press Ctrl+T or click Filters and select Trace options.

2. Select the tab. The <u>Call</u> 41, <u>H.323</u> 50, and <u>System</u> 69, tabs support this option.

3. Click on Trace Colour.

4. Select the required colour and

5. Click OK.
4.6 Clearing a Trace Options Tab

You can clear all the currently selected trace options on the currently displayed trace options tab.

To clear the current trace options tab:

1. Click the Trace Options icon. Alternatively, press Ctrl+T or click Filters and select Trace options.

- 2. Select the tab that you want to clear.
- 3. Click Tab Clear All.

4.7 Setting a Trace Options Tab

You can set all the options on the currently displayed trace options tab.

To clear the current trace options tab:

1. Click the Trace Options icon. Alternatively, press **Ctrl+T** or click **Filters** and select **Trace options**.

- 2. Select the tab on which you want to set all the options.
- 3. Click Tab Set All.

4.8 Clearing All the Trace Options

You can clear all selected trace options.

To clear all trace options:

1. Click the Trace Options icon. Alternatively, press Ctrl+T or click Filters and select Trace options.

2. Click Clear All.

3. System Monitor displays a warning. To continue with the defaulting, click **Yes**.

4.9 Defaulting the Trace Options

You can default the trace options. This defaults both the selected trace options and the trace option colour settings.

To default all the trace options:

1. Click the Trace Options icon. Alternatively, press Ctrl+T or click Filters and select Trace options.

2. Click Default All.

3. System Monitor displays a warning. To continue defaulting the trace options, click **Yes**.

The Default Trace Options

Trace Options Tab	Default Selected Trace Options
АТМ	• None
Call	• Call, Call Delta, Call Logging, Extension, Targeting, ARS, LRQ, Extension Send, Extension Receive, Extension TxP, Extension RxP, Line Send, Line Receive, Sort IEs.
Directory	• None
DTE	• None
EConf	• None
Frame Relay	Frame Relay Events, Management Events.
GOD	• None
H.323	• H.323
Interface	Interface Queue, TCP, UDP, ARP, MultiCast.
ISDN	• Layer 1, Layer 2, Layer 3.
Jade	• None
Key/Lamp	• None
Media	• Мар.
PPP	• Err Msg
R2	CAS, Channel, Dialler, DSP, Line.
Routing	• None
SCN	• None
Services	• None
SIP	• SIP Rx, SIP Tx.
System	• Error, Print, Prefix YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm:ss:mss, Resource Status Prints, Licencing.
T1	• None
VPN	SSL VPN: Session and Session State.
WAN	WAN Events.

4.10 Trace Option Menus

- The trace options are grouped onto the following tabs:
 - ATM 40 Monitor analog trunk traffic and events.
 - <u>Call</u> 41 Monitoring of extensions and calls.
 - **Directory** 44 Monitor LDAP traffic and events.
 - **DTE** 45 Monitoring of the system's DTE port.
 - **EConf** 47 Monitor IP Office Conferencing Center events.
 - Frame Relay 48 Monitor Frame Relay traffic and events.
 - **GOD** 49 Monitor messages between the modules in a system.
 - H.323 50 Monitoring of H.323 VoIP calls.
 - Interface 52 Monitoring IP data interfaces such as NAT and the Firewall.
 - <u>ISDN</u> 54 Monitor ISDN traffic and events.
 - <u>Jade</u> 56 For Linux based systems, monitor the call media services.
 - <u>Key/Lamp</u> 57 Monitor appearance functions.
 - <u>Media</u> 58 Monitor the media support provided by the system.
 - **PPP** 59 Monitor PPP traffic and events.
 - **R2** 61 Monitor R2 trunk traffic and events.
 - <u>Routing</u> 62 Monitor IP traffic and events.
 - <u>SCN</u> 64 Monitor Small Community Network traffic and information.
 - <u>Services</u> 65 Monitor SNMP alarms events.
 - <u>SIP</u> 67 Monitor SIP trunks and connections.
 - **SSI** 68⁻ Monitor the system's SSI connections.
 - <u>System</u> 69 Monitor internal events.
 - <u>**T1**</u> 70 Monitor T1 traffic and events.
 - VComp 72 Monitor the system's voice compression channels.
 - <u>VPN</u> 74 Monitor VPN events.
 - WAN 76 Monitor WAN traffic and events.

4.10.1 ATM

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the system's analog trunks.

ATM				
🗌 Cha	annel			
🗆 СМ	Line			
□ 1/0				

• Channel

If selected, this option logs information relating to the Analog Trunk state machine.

• CM Line

If selected, this option logs information relating to the interaction between the Line Handler and the Call Manager (CM).

• 1/0

If selected, this option logs events on the Line or in the DSP.

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

4.10.2 Call

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the system's calls including the use of voicemail.

Call		
Events	Packets	Embedded Voicemail
🔽 Call	🗔 Call	🔲 Voicemail Client
🔽 Call Delta	🔽 Extension Send	🔲 Audio Response
🔲 Call Delta2	🔽 Extension Receive	🧮 Message Recorder
🔽 Call Logging	Extension TxC	🔲 Housekeeping
Extension	Extension RxC	🧮 Flash Storage
🔲 Line	🔽 Extension TxP	🔲 Silence
MonCM	🔽 Extension RxP	🥅 Email
MoniVR	🔽 Line Send	PC Voicemail
✓ Targeting	🔽 Line Receive	🔲 Voicemail Events
ARS	🔲 Short Code Msgs	🔲 Voicemail Messaging
I∕ LRŲ	Supplementary services	Trigger String Detection
C ACD	🔲 IP Dect Msgs	Call Log
IP Dect	🔲 Sort IEs	Print
🔲 Call Detail Records		
🔲 CDR Extra diagnostics		, ∏ Auto Rollover
Trace Colour		Alow multiple Rollovers

Events

Call

If selected, this option logs changes of state for the call (Aend and Bend).

Call Delta

If selected, this option logs information on general call state changes.

- Call Delta2
- Call Logging

If selected, this option logs ACD status messages, CALL message giving statistics of call and SERVICE message giving statistics of service.

Extension

If selected, this option logs changes of state for the extension plus console print on setting bchan.

• Extension Cut

If selected, this option logs changes of 'cut' state for the extension (mapping connections).

Line

Currently this option does not provide any trace messages. It is included for possible future use only.

MonCM

If selected, this option logs all received call control messages (NOT Short Code messages) and some additional console print messages - adjustcount, ringback.

• MonIVR

If selected, this option logs up to date information on the messages in a user's voicemail box.

• Targeting

If selected, this option logs information concerning call routing (targeting).

- ARS
- LRQ
- ACD
- IP Dect
- Call Detail Records

• CDR Extra Diganostics

Packets

• Call

If selected, this option logs all received call control messages and contents.

• Extension Send

If selected, this option logs all call control messages and contents transmitted to an extension.

• Extension Receive

If selected, this option logs all call control messages and contents received from an extension.

• Extension TxC

If selected, this option logs all call control messages and contents transmitted to the call object. Note: this message is actually received from the extension.

• Extension RxC

If selected, this option logs all call control messages and contents received from the call object. Note: this message is actually sent to the extension.

Extension TxP

If selected, this option logs all call control messages and contents transmitted to a partner (eg. phone manager). Also enables *CMExtnCopyProcessMsg*, *CMExtnCopyProcessCallMsg*, *CMExtnCopyProcessCallMsg*, *CMExtnCopySendCallMsg* and *CMExtnCopyCallLostMsg* messages.

Extension RxP

If selected, this option logs all call control messages and contents received from a partner application such as IP Office SoftConsole or Phone Manager.

• Line Send

If selected, this option logs all call control messages and contents sent to a line. Also enables **CMCallReleaseStart**, **CMCallReleaseEnd** and **CMCallLostRecord Timeout** messages.

• Line Receive

If selected, this option logs all call control messages and contents received from a line. Also enables Incoming **Call Waiting**, **CallRefused Incoming Blocked** and **CallRefused** because channels are in use messages.

Short Code Msgs

If selected, this option logs short code messages associated with the selected **Extension Send**, **Extension Receive** and **MonCM** trace options.

- Supplementary services
- IP Dect Msgs
- Sort IEs

If selected, sort the order of line alerting and connected events when displayed in the System Monitor screen log. The order of line alerting and connected events varies depending on whether the system is transmitting or receiving. That makes it difficult to compare side by side traces of calls between two systems. This settings only affects how those events are sorted when displayed in the screen log, it does not affect the order of records logged to file.

Embedded Voicemail

- Voicemail Client
- Audio Response
- Message Recorder
- Housekeeping
- Flash Storage
- Silence
- Email

PC Voicemail

- Voicemail Events
- Voicemail Messaging

Trigger String Detection

The following options are only available when the **Development Tracing** option is selected in the **Trace Options** [System] and are not covered by this document as they are used by Avaya for product trials and are subject to frequent changes.

These options should only be used under the guidance of an authorized Avaya development engineer.

• Call Log

- Print
- Auto Rollover
- Allow Multiple Rollovers

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

• Call, Call Delta, Call Logging, Extension, Targeting, ARS, LRQ, Extension Send, Extension Receive, Extension TxP, Extension RxP, Line Send, Line Receive, Sort IEs.

4.10.3 Directory

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the system's directory requests.

	Directory
Events LDAP Events Directory Even	ts
Packets	
🔲 LDAP Tx	
🖂 LDAP Rx	

Events

• LDAP Events

If selected, this option logs information on the status of the system's LDAP "software" state machine and associated events.

Packets

Use the following options with caution as they produce a prolific amount of records. For both, if **Packets In** (see Interface 152) is also selected, System Monitor also adds the packet information to the end of a packet.

• LDAP Tx

If selected, this option logs a breakdown of any transmitted LDAP data packets.

• LDAP Rx

If selected, this option logs a detailed breakdown of any received LDAP data packets.

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

4.10.4 DTE

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the system's DTE port.

DTE
Events
DTE Events
Packets
DTE Command Tx
🔲 DTE Command Rx
🗖 DTE Filter Tx
🗖 DTE Filter Rx
T DTE PPP Tx
T DTE PPP Rx
T DTE V110 Tx
T DTE V110 Rx
DTE V120 Tx
T DTE V120 Rx

Events

• DTE Events

If selected, this option logs on the status of Flow Control, Modem Controls (DTR, DCD, etc), Baud Rate changes on the DTE port, etc.

Packets

• DTE Command Tx If selected, this option logs the Hayes AT commands send out of the DTE interface.

DTE Command Rx

If selected, this option logs the Hayes AT commands received from the DTE interface.

• DTE Filter Tx

If selected, this option logs serial data transmitted out of the DTE interface once connected.

• DTE Filter Rx

If selected, this option logs serial data received from the DTE interface once connected.

• DTE PPP Tx

If selected, this option logs Framed PPP packets Transmitted to the DTE interface if the Hayes ATB0 option is set on the port.

• DTE PPP Rx

If selected, this option logs Framed PPP packets received from the DTE interface if the Hayes ATB0 option is set on the port.

• DTE V110 Tx

If selected, this option logs Framed V.110 packets received from the DTE interface if the Hayes ATB3 option is set on the port.

• DTE V110 Rx

If selected, this option logs Framed V.110 packets received from the DTE interface if the Hayes ATB3 option is set on the port.

DTE V120 Tx

If selected, this option logs Framed V.120 packets received from the DTE interface if the Hayes ATB2 option is set on the port.

• DTE V120 Rx

If selected, this option logs Framed V.120 packets received from the DTE interface if the Hayes ATB2 option is set on the port.

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38-):

4.10.5 EConf

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the IP Office Conferencing Center application.

	EConf
Events	
🔲 Session	
🥅 Арі	
Targets	
🗖 Conf	
🖂 Vmail	
Packets	
🔲 Vmail Tx	
🔲 Vmail Rx	

Events

Session

If selected, this option logs incoming and outgoing messages to/from the conferencing server. It also shows the session being established between the system and the conferencing server.

• Api

If selected, this option logs state changes of the various EConf resources used.

Targets

If selected, this option logs the targeting information, as calls try to enter an enhanced conference.

Conf

If selected, this option logs events happening to **CMConference** object. It displays information on the creation/deletion of conferences, as well as calls being added/removed.

Vmail

If selected, this option logs information on the call as it arrives at the system from the voicemail server. It displays the GUID's that the server has given for the calls transfer into the conference and it shows the voicemail server making announcements into the conference.

Packets

• Vmail Tx

If selected, this option logs messages which show the contents of IP packets transmitted to the voicemail server that are specifically associated with the IP Office Conferencing Centre.

• Vmail Rx

If selected, this option logs messages which show the contents of IP packets received from the voicemail server that are specifically associated with the IP Office Conferencing Centre.

Report

Report

The **Report** button gives an instant snapshot of the state of all the resources in the EConf system. It shows what states all the EConferences and EChannels are in, and what CMConferences and CMCalls are associated with them at that time. It also shows you how many free reserved resources are available. When this button is clicked, a series of PRN: traces are output to the log. Note that the **Print** shows be enabled.

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38-):

4.10.6 Frame Relay

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the system's frame relay services.

	Frame Relay	
Events Frame Relay Events Management Events		
Packets T X Data R X Data		

Events

• Frame Relay Events

If selected, this option logs Frame Relay events be it data in, data out, management, status etc.

Management Events

If selected, this option logs Management events/packets, ie. SE/FSE packets and management status.

Packets

• Tx Data

If selected, this option logs transmitted packets on a Frame Relay link - both data & management.

• Rx Data

If selected, this option logs received packets on a Frame Relay link - both data & management.

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> [38]):

• Frame Relay Events, Management Events.

4.10.7 GOD

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the system's communications between individual modules.

G	OD
🔲 Client Tx	
Client Rx	
Server Tx	
Server Rx	

• Client Tx

If selected, this option logs Inter-Unit protocol messages sent by the unit, other those from the Gatekeeper.

Client Rx

If selected, this option logs Inter-Unit protocol messages received by the unit, other those to the Gatekeeper.

• Server Tx

If selected, this option logs Inter-Unit protocol messages sent by the Gatekeeper.

• Server Rx If selected, this option logs Inter-Unit protocol messages received by the Gatekeeper.

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

4.10.8 H.323

This tab provides trace options for monitoring H.323 and H.245 events related to VoIP calls.

		H.323
Events IV H.323	Summary Tracing	
Packets H.245 Send H.245 Receive	☐ H.323 Send ☐ H.323 Receive ☐ H.323 FastStart	
RAS Send RAS Receive	CCMS Send	
🔲 View V	Vhole Packet	
Trace Colour		

Events

- H.323
 - If selected, this option logs the state changes of the H.323 call.

Packets

• H.245 Send

If selected, this option logs H.245 messages sent to an H.323 endpoint (IP phone or IP trunk).

• H.245 Receive

If selected, this option logs H.245 messages received from an H.323 endpoint (IP phone or IP trunk).

• H.323

If selected, this option logs the state changes of the H.323 call.

• H.323 Send

If selected, this option logs the H.323 messages sent to an H.323 endpoint (IP phone or IP trunk).

• H.323 Receive

If selected, this option logs H.323 messages received from an H.323 endpoint (IP phone or IP trunk).

• H.323 Fast Start

If selected, this option logs H.323 fast-start messages send to/received from an H.323 endpoint (IP phone or IP trunk).

RAS Send

If selected, this option logs RAS (registration, admission and status) messages sent to an IP phone.

• RAS Receive

If selected, this option logs RAS messages received from an IP phone.

• CCMS Send

If selected, this option logs the CCMS (Control Channel Message Set) messages sent to an H.323 endpoint (IP phone or IP trunk).

• CCMS Receive

If selected, this option logs CCMS messages received from an H.323 endpoint (IP phone or IP trunk).

View Whole Packet

If selected, the full H.323 message is decoded and included in the trace. If not selected, the trace only includes the first two lines of the H.323 message.

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

The default settings also apply the colour pink to the whole tab.

• H.323

4.10.9 Interface

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the system's data network interfaces. An interface can be a physical interface like a LAN port or a configuration interface, like a data connection to a remote system or a Dial-In User.

		Interface
Packets		Filter Options
Interface Remote	Firewall Allowed In	IP Address 1 (nnn.nnn.nnn.nnn)
🔽 Interface Queue	Firewall Allowed Out	
Interface Packets In Interface Packets Out	Firewall Fail In Firewall Fail Out	IP Address 2 (nnn.nnn.nnn.nnn)
 □ NAT Fail In □ NAT Fail Out □ NAT In □ NAT Out 	 Firewall Generic In Firewall Generic Out Firewall TCP Allowed In Firewall TCP Allowed Out Firewall UDP Allowed In Firewall UDP Allowed Out 	MAC Address 1 (abcdefabcdef) MAC Address 2 (abcdefabcdef) Src Port Dst Port TCP Src Port Dst Port Src Port Dst Port
Interface Name	T	Broadcast WAN3 chat ARP MultiCast
		Payload Display Size (0-1500) 32

Packets

• Interface Remote

If selected, this option logs traffic tunneled through to any externally connected WAN3 modules.

• Interface Queue

If selected, this option logs packets being queued at an interface. Especially useful for determining what packet, and therefore which IP address on the internal network, caused an outgoing data call to be made.

The following trace options provide information on either the whole system or on the specific interface specified in the **Interface Name** field, see below.

- Interface Packets In If selected, this option logs all packets received.
- Interface Packets Out

If selected, this option logs all packets transmitted.

• NAT Fail In

If selected, this option logs all NAT (Network Address Translation) packets received that have failed to pass through the firewall

• NAT Fail Out

If selected, this option logs all NAT (Network Address Translation) packets transmitted that have failed to pass through the firewall.

• NAT In

If selected, this option logs all NAT (Network Address Translation) packets received.

• NAT Out

If selected, this option logs all NAT (Network Address Translation) packets transmitted.

• Firewall Allowed In

If selected, this option logs all packets received that have successfully passed through the firewall.

• Firewall Allowed Out

If selected, this option logs all packets transmitted that have successfully passed through the firewall.

• Firewall Fail In

If selected, this option logs all packets received that have failed to pass through the firewall.

• Firewall Fail Out

If selected, this option logs all packets transmitted by the system that have failed to pass through the firewall.

• Firewall Generic In

If selected, this option logs all packets received (except UDP, TCP and ICMP) that have successfully passed through the firewall.

• Firewall Generic Out

If selected, this option logs all packets transmitted (except UDP, TCP and ICMP) that have successfully passed through the firewall.

Firewall TCP Allowed In

If selected, this option logs all TCP packets received that have successfully passed through the firewall.

• Firewall TCP Allowed Out

If selected, this option logs all TCP packets transmitted that have successfully passed through the firewall.

Firewall UDP Allowed In

If selected, this option logs all UDP packets received that have successfully passed through the firewall.

Firewall UDP Allowed Out

If selected, this option logs all UDP packets transmitted that have successfully passed through the firewall.

Interface Name

This option can be used to limit the information shown for the fields above to those associate with a selected service. A blank entry matches all services.

Filters

These options are used in conjunction with the other options on the tab to limit the number of packets displayed or to display packets from a range of devices.

• IP Address 1

If set, only packets to and from the IP address are logged.

• IP Address 2

If set, this field is used in conjunction with **IP Address 1** to display only packets between the pair of addresses.

• MAC Address 2

If set, only packets to and from the MAC are logged.

• MAC Address 2

If set, this field is used in conjunction with **MAC Address 1** to display only packets between the pair of MAC addresses.

- TCP
 - Src Port
 - Dst Port
- UDP
 - Src Port
 - Dst Port
- Broadcast

If set, this option logs all broadcast packets except ARP broadcasts.

WAN3 chat

This option allows you to filter out the continuous dialogue which takes place between an system's control unit and an associated WAN3 module.

• ARP

If selected, this option logs ARP packets.

MultiCast

If selected, this option logs MultiCast packets (i.e. packets with either a source or destination address of 224.0.0.0).

• Payload Display Size

This option limits the size of the IP packet displayed. Displayed payload can be set to anything between 0 and 1500 bytes. The default setting is 32 bytes.

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

• Interface Queue, TCP, UDP, ARP, MultiCast.

4.10.10 ISDN

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the system's ISDN digital trunks (BRI and PRI).

ISDN
Events
✓ Layer 1
I Layer 2
I Layer 3
Packets
🔲 Layer 1 Send
📃 Layer 1 Receive
Layer 2 Send
Layer 2 Receive
Layer 3 Send
Layer 3 Receive

Events

• Layer 1

If selected, this option logs information on the status of the system's ISDN Layer 1 software state machine and associated events.

Layer 2

If selected, this option logs information on the status of the system's ISDN Layer 2 software state machine and associated events.

• Layer 3

If selected, this option logs information on the status of the system's ISDN Layer 3 software state machine and associated events.

Packets

• Layer 1 Send

If selected, this option logs the actual data packets transmitted at the ISDN Layer 1 level.

• Layer 1 Receive

If selected, this option logs the actual data packets received at the ISDN Layer 1 level.

• Layer 2 Send

If selected, this option logs the actual data packets transmitted at the ISDN Layer 2 level.

- Layer 2 Receive If selected, this option logs the actual data packets received at the ISDN Layer 2 level.
- Layer 3 Send If selected, this option logs the actual data packets transmitted at the ISDN Layer 3 level.
- Layer 3 Receive

If selected, this option logs the actual data packets received at the ISDN Layer 3 level.

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

• Layer 1, Layer 2, Layer 3.

The following messages are output when ISDN/Events/Layer1 are selected:

ISDNL1Evt: v=[line_no.] peb=[hardware device no.], [new state] [old state]
where the state values shown are:

Value	Definition
F1	Inactive.
F2	Sensing.
F3	Deactivated.
F4	Awaiting signal.
F5	Identifying input.
F6	Synchronised.
F7	Activated.
F8	Lost framing.

ISDNL1Evt: v=[line_no.] peb=[hardware device no.], [message]
where message value are:

Value	Definition	
PHAI	Physical Activate Indication (i.e. Line is UP)	
PHDI	Physical Deactivate Indication (Line is DOWN)	
ТЗТО	T3 timeout has occurred	
TxErr	A Transmit error has occurred	
UnLocked	The system is not able to lock its clock to this line	
Locked	The system and the clock extracted from this line are locked together.	

4.10.11 Jade

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the Jade service used by Linux base systems.

	Jade
Events Mapper	
Remote Mapper High	
SIP Handler High	
MSML High 🔽	
VoicemailPro	
🔲 Rx from Jade	
Tx to Jade	
Rx from VmPro	
Tx to VmPro	
Packets	
MSML Tx	
Internal SIP Filter	
TCP	

Events

- Mapper
- Remote Mapper
- SIP Handler
- MSML

Voicemail Pro

- Rx from Jade
 - Tx to Jade
 - Rx from VmPro
 - Tx to VmPro

Packets

- MSML Rx
- MSML Tx
- Internal SIP Filter
- UDP
- TCP

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

4.10.12 Key/Lamp

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the events for T3 Series telephones.

Key/Lamp		
T3		
API Events		
🔲 API Messages		
🦳 Phone Model		

- Т3
 - API Events
 - API Messages
 - Phone Model

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> [38]):

4.10.13 Media

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the system's media service.

Media	
Media Events Extension Cut Media handlers Connection handler Map	RTP Info Monitoring RTP Filter Info Priority Queue Info FEC Interrupt Info
VoIP Events VoIP High VoIP	VoIP Packets Fast Start Info Primitives

Media Events

- Extension Cut
- Media handlers
- Connection handle
- Map

VoIP Events

- VoIP
- Primitives

RTP Info Monitoring

- RTP Filter Info
- Priority Queue Info
- FEC Interrupt Info

VoIP Packets

- Fast Start Info
- Primitives

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

• Map.

4.10.14 PPP

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the system's PPP service events.

	PPP
Events I▼ ErrMsg I□ Stack	Include LCP Echo
Packets	
LCP Tx	CCP Tx
LCP Rx	CCP Rx
🔲 Security Tx	CRTP Tx
🔲 Security Rx	CRTP Rx
M LCP Tx	IPHC Tx
M LCP Rx	IPHC Rx
IPCP Tx	🖂 IP Tx
IPCP Bx	🔲 IP Bx
E BACP Tx	🔲 Link Tx
E BACP Rx	🔲 Link Bx
Interface Name	
	•

Events

Err Msg

Currently this option does not provide any trace messages. It is included for possible future use only.

Stack

If selected, this option logs interface utilisation and bandwidth allocation increase/decrease messages.

• Include LCP Echo

If selected, this option logs all LCP Echo and LCP Echo Reply packets received and transmitted.

Packets

• LCP Tx

If selected, this option logs all LCP (Link Control Protocol) packets transmitted.

• LCP Rx

If selected, this option logs all LCP (Link Control Protocol) packets received.

Security Tx

If selected, this option logs all PAP (Password Authentication Protocol) and/or CHAP (Control Handshake Authentication Protocol) packets transmitted.

• Security Rx

If selected, this option logs all PAP (Password Authentication Protocol) and/or CHAP (Control Handshake Authentication Protocol) packets received.

• M LCP Tx

If selected, this option logs all MLCP (Multilink Layer Control Protocol messages) packets transmitted.

• M LCP Rx

If selected, this option logs all MLCP (Multilink Layer Control Protocol messages) packets received.

• IPCP Tx

If selected, this option logs all IPCP (Internet Protocol Control Protocol) packets transmitted.

• IPCP Rx

If selected, this option logs all IPCP (Internet Protocol Control Protocol) packets received.

• BACP Tx

If selected, this option logs all BACP (Bandwidth Allocation Control Protocol) packets transmitted.

• BACP Rx

If selected, this option logs all BACP (Bandwidth Allocation Control Protocol) packets received.

• CCP Tx

If selected, this option logs all CCP (Compression Control Protocol) packets transmitted.

• CCP Rx

If selected, this option logs all CCP (Compression Control Protocol) packets received.

• CRTP Tx

If selected, this option logs all CRTP (Compressed Real Time Protocol) packets transmitted.

• CRTP Rx

If selected, this option logs all CRTP (Compressed Real Time Protocol) packets received.

• IPHC Tx

If selected, this option logs all IPHC (IP Header compression) packets transmitted.

• IPHC Rx

If selected, this option logs all IPHC (IP Header compression) packets received.

• IP Tx

If selected, this option logs all IP (Internet Protocol) packets transmitted.

• IP Rx

If selected, this option logs all IP (Internet Protocol) packets received.

• Link Tx

If selected, this option logs all packets transmitted.

• Link Rx

If selected, this option logs all packets received.

• Interface Name

This option can be used to limit the information shown for the fields above to those associate with a selected service. A blank entry matches all services.

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

• Err Msg

4.10.15 R2

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the system's E1-R2 trunks.

	R2
🔽 CAS	
🔽 Channel	
✓ Dialler	
✓ DSP	
🔽 Line	

• CAS

If selected, this option logs the common-channel Channel Associated Signaling (CAS) being transmitted and received on all of the channels.

• Channel

If selected, this option logs the events, messages and status changes on the lower level signaling handlers being used on each channel.

• Dialler

If selected, this option logs Dialler events and state changes on all channels. This includes outgoing and incoming digits, MFC dialer state transitions and translations of transmitted and received MFC tones into the correct meanings.

• DSP

If selected, this option logs all significant events, digits and MFC tones being processed by the DSP on the R2 card.

• Line

If selected, this option logs the events, messages and status changes on the line in general, and of "upper level" channel events, messages and status changes, which are independent of the lower level signaling handler being used on each channel.

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

• CAS, Channel, Dialler, DSP, Line.

4.10.16 Routing

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the system's IP data routing events for data and for voice.

	Routing
Data	
Events	
🔲 Route Cache Events	🕅 BIP In
Routing Table	F RIP Out
Routing Table Changes	IGMP
Voice	
Messages	Packet Contents
Received AVRIP	T AVRIP Tx
🔲 Inter Node	AVBIP Bx
Remote Node	VPNNTFTP Tx
Node forwarding	VPNNTFTP Bx

Data

The event options under this heading are used to display information pertinent to the IP Routing activities on the system. They provide information on the system's Route Cache, Routing Table, and any RIP updates it receive or transmits.

Events

• Route Cache Events

If selected, this option logs information on the current state of the system's route cache.

- Routing Table If selected, this option logs information on the system's Routing table.
- **Routing Table Changes** If selected, this option logs changes made to the system's Routing Table.
- RIP In

If selected, this option logs received RIP packets.

• RIP Out

If selected, this option logs transmitted RIP packets.

• IGMP

If selected, this options logs IGMP packets.

Voice

The options under this heading are used to display event information pertinent to the Small Community Networking (SCN) Voice Routing activities on the system. These activities include information on SCN messages sent between Adjacent Nodes, and the actual information contained within those message packets.

Messages

Received AVRIP

If selected, this option logs, when enabled, traces the received AVRIP messages which are sent every 10 seconds during user activity and stop after 11 when idle. They can be used to check what nodes are active in a network. (If you want to see the actual messages then enable Voice/Packets/AVRIP Tx)

Inter Node

If selected, this option logs general Small Community Networking (SCN) messages which may help in the diagnosis of problem networks.

• Remote Node

If selected, this option logs information on the establishment (or breakdown) of remote nodes in a SCN. These messages can be used to check what nodes are active in a network (note that a remote node is 2 or more hops away).

• Node Forwarding

If selected, this option logs information about how this node is forwarding information about adjacent nodes to other adjacent nodes. Note that in a star network, the central node receives a large number of forwarding messages.

Packet Contents

An AVRIP packet contains information about the voicemail status of that node and information about what other nodes can be reached (IP address and number of hops and voicemail status). VPN TFTP packets contain information on the nodes User configuration data, User VoiceMail message counts, extension BLF status, call information.

• AVRIP Tx

If selected, this option logs all transmitted SCN AVRIP packets from the Node being monitored.

• AVRIP Rx

If selected, this option logs all received SCN AVRIP packets from Nodes adjacent to the one being monitored.

• VPN TFTP Tx

If selected, this option logs all transmitted SCN TFTP packets from the Node being monitored.

• VPN TFTP Rx If selected, this option logs all received SCN TFTP packets from Nodes adjacent to the one being monitored.

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

4.10.17 SCN

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the system's Small Community Network events.

	SCN
Events	Messages
🔲 DHG Call Routing	Control Stream Tx
🔲 DHG Membership	Control Stream Rx
🔲 DHG Service Change	
🔲 SCN Resilience	
The following options sho qu Events	ould only be enabled under the strict guidance of a suitably alified Avaya Development Engineer.
🔲 DHG Longest Idle Info	2
🔲 DHG Config Change	
🔲 SCN User Events	
🔲 SCN Dump	

Events

- DHG Call Routing
- DHG Membership
- DHG Service Change
- SCN Resilience

Messages

- Control Stream Tx
- Control Stream Rx

The following options are only available when the **Development Tracing** option is selected in the **Trace Options** System Syste

These options should only be used under the guidance of an authorized Avaya development engineer.

Events

- DHG Longest Idle Info
- DHG Config Change
- SCN User Events
- SCN Dump

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

4.10.18 Services

This tab provides trace options for monitoring various services provided by the system.

		Services
SNMP Events		
Received Message Process	ing	
Trap Generation		
Var Bind Processing		
🔲 FileSys	DHCP	CSTA
Memory Card Commands	🗖 DNS	TAPI
TFTP	🔲 Telnet	🔲 (TAPI Call Log)
🔲 (TFTP Warnings)	🔲 Time	🔲 (TAPI Line)
🔲 (TFTP Download)	🔲 SMTP	
T HTTP		
IP Filter (nnn.nnn.nnn.nnn)		
Web Services		

SNMP Events

Received Message Processing

If selected, this option logs SNMP requests (Get, Get-Next, Set) received by the system and the responses if valid or associated errors if invalid.

• Trap Generation

If selected, this option logs SNMP trap events sent by the system.

• Var Bind Processing

This option is available when either of the above SNMP trace options are selected. If selected, this option logs a decode of SNMP Var Binds processed in received requests, returned Var Bind for Get-Next requests, and Var Binds sent out in Traps.

Others

• FileSys

If selected, this option logs file requests received by the system.

• Memory Card Commands

If selected, this option logs memory card commands and actions.

• TFTP

If selected, this option logs TFTP file requests to the system and by the system.

• TFTP Warnings

If selected, this option logs TFTP warnings that occur in response to file requests.

TFTP Download

If selected, this option logs the progress of TFTP downloads.

HTTP

If selected, this option logs HTTP requests.

DHCP

If selected, this option logs DHCP requests.

• DNS

If selected, this option logs DNS requests.

Telnet

If selected, this option logs Telnet activity.

• Time

If selected, this option logs time and date requests and responses to the system and between the system and its configured time server.

• SMTP

If selected, this option logs SMTP activity on the system.

• CSTA

If selected, this option logs CSTA messages and responses.

• TAPI

If selected, this option logs TAPI messages.

• TAPI Call Log

If selected, this option logs TAPI Call Log messages.

• TAPI Line

If selected, this option logs TAPI Line messages.

• IP Filter

The value in this field can be used to only show only messages to and from the specified IP address. The filter is applied to all the other selected trace options on the tab.

• Web Services

If selected, this option logs web service messages.

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

4.10.19 SIP

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the system's SIP events.

		SIP
Events		
Sip High	F STUN	SIP Dect
Packets		
🔲 SIP Reg/Opt Rx	🔲 SIP Misc Rx	
🔲 SIP Reg/Opt Tx	🔲 SIP Misc Tx	
🖂 SIP Call Rx	🔲 Cm Notify Rx	
🖂 SIP Call Tx	🔲 Cm Notify Tx	
🔽 Sip Rx	🔲 hex 🛛 IP Filter (nnn	.nnn.nnn.nnn)
🔽 Sip Tx	⊢ hex	

Events

- SIP
 - STUN
 - SIP Dect

Packets

- SIP Reg/Opt Rx
- SIG Reg/Opt Tx
- SIP Call Rx
- SIP Call Tx
- SIP Misc Rx
- SIP Misc Tx
- Cm Notify Rx
- Cm Notify Tx
- Sip Rx
- Sip Tx
- IP Filter

Default Settings The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

• SIP Rx, SIP Tx.

4.10.20 SSI

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the system's SSI connections. SSI is used for the IP Office Customer Call Reporter and IP Office System Status applications.

The following options are only available when the **Development Tracing** option is selected in the **Trace Options** [System 69] menu. They are not covered by this document as they are used by Avaya for product trials and are subject to frequent changes.

These options should only be used under the guidance of an authorized Avaya development engineer.



- SSI Reply and Event Messages
- SSI Object Event Messages
- Decode SSI

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

Custom

4.10.21 System

This tab provides general trace options.

	Jystem
Error	
Print	
Prefix YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm:ss.mss	
Resource Status Prints	
Date/Time Periodic Prints	
✓ Licencing	
C Development Tracing	
Copy Logging to Main Window	

• Error

If selected, this option logs all messages that are tagged with [ERROR:].

• Print

If selected, this option logs all messages that are tagged with **[PRN:]**. These are messages relating to major events or changes in status of the software modules running.

• Prefix YYY-MM-DD hh:mm:ss

If selected, each record received is prefixed with the current date and time.

• Resource Status Prints

If selected, once every 20 seconds the trace includes a summary of the system memory resources and the number of connections. The messages are tagged with **[RES:]**.

• Date/Time Periodic Prints

If selected, once a minute the trace includes a record of the date and time plus details of the connected system name and IP address. This is useful in a trace if the **Prefix YYY-MM-DD hh:mm:ss** trace option is not selected.

• Licencing

If selected, this option logs messages relating to the verification of system licenses. Licensing messages are tagged with *[LIC:]*.

• Development Tracing

This option should only be selected when advised to do so by Avaya. When is selected, System Monitor has access to additional trace option tabs for <u>SSI</u> 68° and <u>VComp</u> 72° and a number of additional status screens, see <u>Status</u> <u>Screens</u> 78° .

• Copy Logging to Main Window

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

• Error, Print, Prefix YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm:ss:mss, Resource Status Prints, Licencing.

4.10.22 T1

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the system's T1 trunks.

T1		
Events CAS Channel Dialler DSP Line		
Loop-back Type C Line Loop-back C Payload Loop-back C Loop-back Off	Loop-back Line Line 1 Line 2 Line 5 Line 6	Selection Line 9 Line 10 Line 13 Line 14

Events

• CAS

If selected, this option logs the robbed-bit Channel Associated Signaling (CAS) being transmitted and received on all of the channels.

• Channel

If selected, this option logs the events, messages and status changes on the lower level signaling handlers being used on each channel.

• Dialler

If selected, this option logs "Dialler" events and state changes on all channels. This includes outgoing and incoming digits.

• DSP

If selected, this option logs all significant events and digits being processed by the DSP on the T1 card.

• Line

If selected, this option logs the events, messages and status changes on the T1 line in general, and "upper level" channel events, messages and status changes, which are independent of the lower level signaling handler being used on each channel.

Loop-back

These options are used to set loop-back operation. First select the line on which loop-back is required and then the type of loop-back. The settings are applied after clicking OK.

Loop-back Type

• Line Loop-back

This loop-back type loops back the entire received signal to the far end of the line without the signal entering the system at all.

• Payload Loop-back

This loop-back type allows the received signal into the line driver chip-set. The signal payload is extracted from the incoming framed signal and transmitted back to the line with new framing.

• Loop-Back Off

This option disables any loop-back operation currently applied to the selected line.

Loop-back Line Selection

Loop-back Line Selection

These settings are used to select the lines to which the selected Loop-back Type are applied.

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

4.10.23 VComp

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the system's voice compression channels. Note that these options produce a large amount of trace records and so should be used with caution.

The following options are only available when the **Development Tracing** option is selected in the **Trace Options** [System and an every selected by this document as they are used by Avaya for product trials and are subject to frequent changes.

These options should only be used under the guidance of an authorized Avaya development engineer.

VComp	
General VCM Trace Options T	I-VCM Trace Options
Command Send	🔲 Command Trace
Command Receive	🔲 Fax Debug
🔲 Data Send	Minor Error (3) DIM Spy Level
🔲 Data Receive	Minor Error (3) CCU Spy Level
Print on Stuck	
Summary Trace	
Fax Specific VCM Trace Options	
Development test	
🔲 Fax Summary	
Show all fax packet contents (Definity only)	
Show T.30 V.21 packet contents (Definity only)	

General VCM Trace Options

Command Send

If selected, this option logs details of commands transmitted to the voice compressor chip.

Command Receive

If selected, this option logs details of commands received from the voice compressor chip.

• Data Send

If selected, this option logs details of data transmitted to the voice compressor chip (additional detail from the Command Send option).

• Data Receive

If selected, this option logs details of data received from the voice compressor chip (additional detail from the Command Receive option).

• Print on Stuck

This option produce the summary trace but only if the system detects a severe problem.

• Summary Trace

If selected, this option logs the commands to and from all the voice compressor chips (multiple occurrences are counted to reduce output) and the output is controlled so as not to swamp the system. Care should be exercised when selecting this option - especially if multiple VoIP calls are in progress.

Fax Specific VCM Trace Options

• Development Test

Used when debugging private variations of Development s/w.

- **Fax Summary** If selected, this option logs the V.21 and T.30 messages.
- Show all fax packet contents (Definity only)
 Display the contents of ALL fax packets including the actual fax data (only when connected to a Definity).
- Show T.30 V.21 packet contents (Definity only) Display the contents of T.30 and V.21 packet (only when connected to a Definity).

TI-VCM Trace Options

Command Trace
- Fax Debug
- DIM Spy Level
- CCU Spy Level

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

• None.

4.10.24 VPN

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the systems VPN connections.

These options should only be used under the guidance of an authorized Avaya development engineer.

IPSec Events	C Decode	🔲 IPO-SNet	
Packets	 Data Events Warnings Debug 		
L2TP		SSL VPN	
Events		Configuration	🔲 Keepalive
Packets		🔽 Session	🔲 SignalingPktRx
🔲 Rx Data		🔽 SessionState	🔲 SignalingPktTx
🔲 Tx Data		🔲 Fsm	🔲 DataPktRx
		🔲 Socks	🔲 DataPktTx
		🔲 SocksState	TunnelInterface
		Heartbeat	TunnelRoutes
These options should	only be enabled (Availa Deve	under the strict guida	ance of a suitably qualified

IPSec

Events

• IPSec Events

If selected, this option logs primary events when bringing up and tearing down IPSec tunnels. It also indicates when packets are being discarded, etc.

Decode

If selected, this option logs the decrypted IKE packets.

IPO-SNet

Not currently used.

• Data Events

If selected, this option logs when packets are encrypted into and out of tunnel. It does not display the actual packet contents, they can be logged using the <u>Interface</u> 52 tab options **Interface Packets In** and **Interface Packets Out**.

• Warnings

If selected, this option logs information relating to faults in the IPSec processing.

• Debug

If selected, this option logs special engineering trace information.

Packets

Rx Data

If selected, this option logs the content of received ESP encrypted packets before decryption.

• Tx Data

If selected, this option logs the content of sent ESP encrypted packets after encryption.

L2TP

Events

• L2TP Events

If selected, this option logs the establishment of the L2TP tunnel (the stage underneath the PPP). You really need to include the appropriate PPP tracing additionally to this to see the complete picture.

Packets

- **Rx Data** Currently not used.
- **Tx Data** Currently not used.
- SSL VPN
 - Configuration
 - Session
 - Session State
 - Fsm
 - Socks
 - SocksState
 - Heartbeat
 - Keepalive
 - SignalingPktRx
 - SignalingPkTx
 - DataPktRx
 - DataPktTx
 - TunnelInterface
 - TunnelRoutes

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> [38]):

• SSL VPN: Session and Session State.

4.10.25 WAN

This tab provides trace options for monitoring the system's WAN ports.

	WAN	
Events		
VAN Events		
Packets		
🗖 WAN Tx		
WAN Rx		

Events

• WAN Events

If selected, this option logs messages that are associated with changes to the software state machine controlling the WAN link on the selected unit.

Packets

• WAN Tx

If selected, this option logs all IP data packets transmitted on the WAN ports of the selected unit.

• WAN Rx

If selected, this option logs all IP data packets received on the WAN ports of the selected unit.

Default Settings

The following trace options are enabled by default (see <u>Defaulting the Trace Options</u> 38):

• WAN Events.

Chapter 5. Status Screens

5. Status Screens

In addition to screen logging, System Monitor can display a number of status screens that show additional information about the connected system. These are accessed by clicking Status and selecting the required status menu.

- US PRI Trunks 99
- <u>RTP Sessions</u> 93
- <u>Voicemail Sessions</u> 100
- <u>SCN Licence</u> 94
- IPV6 Config 85
- Small Community Networking
- Partner Sessions 91
- <u>Alarms</u> 79
- Map Status 87
- <u>Conference Status</u> 81
- Network View
- <u>H.323 Phone Status</u> 84
- SIP Phone Status
- SIP TCP User Data 96
- TCP Streams Data 98

The following additional status menus are accessible if the **Development Tracing** trace option is selected. See <u>System</u> <u>Trace Options</u> [69].

- <u>Performance Data</u> 92
- Memory Data 88
- Buffer Data 80
- DHCP Data 82
- Voice Compression
- Voice Compression (TI)
- <u>IPO-SNet</u> 84
- DSS Status 83
- Logging 86
- NAPT Status 89

5.1 Alarms

This status menu displays the alarms records in the connected system's alarms log.

When System Monitor connects to a system, the trace includes the system's alarm log. The alarms cannot be interpreted. However, if a site is the same repeated problem, Avaya may request the alarm log details.

The presence of alarms is not necessarily critical as each system keeps a record of the first 8 alarms since the alarm log was last cleared. However, once the alarm log is full, the system ignores additional alarms.

```
3003mS PRN: +++ START OF ALARM LOG DUMP +++
3019mS PRN: ALARM: 18/03/2004 13:07:56 IP 412 2.1(8) <Program Exception> CRIT RAISED addr=00000000 d=5 pc=00000000 0082eef0 0094d78
3019mS PRN: ALARM: 22/04/2004 07:26:44 IP 412 2.1(11) <Program Exception> CRIT RAISED addr=00000000 d=5 pc=00000000 0095dfe0 0095df
3019mS PRN: ALARM: 22/04/2004 07:26:46 IP 412 2.1(11) <WATCHDOG> CRIT RAISED addr=00000000 d=0 pc=00000000 01e75750 01f983d4 0095e2
3004mS PRN: +++ END OF ALARM LOG DUMP +++
```

To view the alarm log:

1. Click Status and select Alarms.

2. System Monitor displays the alarm records in a separate window.

To clear the alarm log:

1. View the alarm log using the process above.

2. Click Clear Alarms.

5.2 Buffer Data

This status menu displays data about the system's memory buffers.

The following options are only available when the **Development Tracing** option is selected in the **Trace Options System** and the the **Trace Options System** and the the trace option of the trace options of the trace option option of the trace option optio

5.3 Conference Status

This status menu displays the status of conference's being supported by the system.

🗊 Conference Status											
IPAddress	Number	Туре	Status	^							
			1								
			OK								
				~							

5.4 DHCP Data

This status menu displays details of the system's DHCP server settings and the DHCP clients being supported by the system.

The following options are only available when the **Development Tracing** option is selected in the **Trace Options System** 6^{9} menu. They are not covered by this document as they are used by Avaya for product trials and are subject to frequent changes.

DHCPStatus	5									
DHCP LAN1 Mode: Disabl Number Of Pool Base IP Address Number Of IP A Subnet Mask: 1 Default Route: 1	ed (s: 0 s: 0.0.0.0 .ddresses: 0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 cted Pools	DHCP LAN Mode: Di Number Of Base IP Ac Number Of Subnet Ma Default Ro	12 isabled Pools: 0 ddress: 0.0.0.0 f IP Addresses: 0 ask: 0.0.0.0 pute: 0.0.0.0	•))	RESILIENCE Mode: Idle Select Number Of IP Addresses: 0					
IP Address	Mac Address	Preallocated	LAN / Pool	State		Client Type	Timer Expiry (ms)			
Force Backu	IP Erase Backup	Fr	ree Address	Fire Timer		Print	Cancel			

5.5 DSS Status

This status menu displays details of an extensions DSS keys. When selected, System Monitor prompts for the extension first. It then displays the status of that extensions DSS keys.

The following options are only available when the **Development Tracing** option is selected in the **Trace Options** [**System** ⁶⁹ menu. They are not covered by this document as they are used by Avaya for product trials and are subject to frequent changes.

j Key Status						
201						
DSS	Set	Туре	ButtonState	Context	Mark	Select 🔺
	1					►
Events	Stal	us	Pause	R	efresh	OK

5.6 H.323 Phone Status

This status menu displays details of the H.323 end points known by the system.

💼 IPP ho	DiPPhoneStatus																					
Total Conf	gured: 8				Wa	iting 2 secs for u	pdate															
Total Regi	tered: 1		Register	ed Status																		
Extn Num	Phone Type	Licensed	IP Address	Mac	Version Id	EP identifier	Status	Registrations	Timeou/Value	TimeLastRegistered	Average	RRQtime>150%avg	PhoneURQ	ErrorURQ	ExistURQ	URQreason	LastURQ	LastAvaya	LastIP	RegOrder	Reserv	Reserv
1550	Unknown	No Licence	0.0.0.0	00-00	V?	EP?	RAS: U	0	0s		Osecs	0	0	0	0					0	0	0
1551	Unknown	No Licence	0.0.0.0	00-00	V?	EP?	RAS: U	0	Os		Osecs	0	0	0	0					0	0	0
1553	Unknown	No Licence	0.0.0.0	00-00	V?	EP?	RAS: U	0	Os		Osecs	0	0	0	0					0	0	0
1549	Unknown	No Licence	0.0.0.0	00-00	V?	EP?	RAS: U	0	Os		Osecs	0	0	0	0					0	0	0
299	Unknown	No Licence	0.0.0.0	00-00	V?	EP?	RAS: U	0	Os		Osecs	0	0	0	0					0	0	0
556	Unknown	No Licence	0.0.0.0	00-00	V?	EP?	RAS: U	0	Os		Osecs	0	0	0	0					0	0	0
1601	Unknown	No Licence	0.0.0.0	00-00	V?	EP?	RAS: U	0	0s		Osecs	0	0	0	0					0	0	0
1602	9611	Avaya IP	192.168.0.2	b4-b0	6.2011	System A_5	RAS: R	1	240s	16/01/2013 09:15:	55secs	10	0	0	0	slowRRQ	17/01/201	16/01/2		1	0	0
<																						>
D: 1 0																						
Display C	ptions	-		Print		Beset Phones	Car	noel														
Show	AI C B	egistered 🔿 L	InRegistered			1000011101108																

5.7 IPO-SNet

The following options are only available when the **Development Tracing** option is selected in the **Trace Options** [System and are subject to frequent changes.

IPO-SNet S	tatus					_	
To C/0	IPAddress	State	Name	Net	Subnet	InOctets	OutO
							<u> </u>
State	Users	Master	Slav	ve			
L							
Bemote Cliv	ents: N					Cancel	
r temote cin	enta. U						

5.8 IPV6 Config

This status menu is not currently used.

🗊 IPV6 Config		
LAN1		
T IPV6 E	nable	
Address:	::	
Mask:		_
Gateway:	:	
LAN2		
🗖 IPV6 E	nable	
Address:	:	
Mask:		_
	<u></u>	
Gateway:	:	▼
		Cancel Ok

5.9 Logging

The following options are only available when the **Development Tracing** option is selected in the **Trace Options** [**System** [69] menu. They are not covered by this document as they are used by Avaya for product trials and are subject to frequent changes.

5.10 Map Status

	TDMO	TDM1	TDM2	TDM3	TDM4	TDM5	TDM6	TDM7	TDM8	TDM9	TDM10	TDM11	TDM12	TDM13	TDM14	TDM15	TDM16	TDM17	TDM18	TDM19	TDM20	TDM21
<u>0</u> 1									21.1	21.22	21.2	21.24	21.2	21.25	21.4	21.20						0.1
2									21.1	21.55	21.2	21.34	21.5	21.50	21.4	21.30						0.1
3																						12.1
																						14.1
1																						
1																						
2																						
3																						
4																						
5																						
5																						
<u> </u>																						
9																						
:0																						
1																						
2																						
3																						
4																						
5																						
<u>6</u>																						
/ 0																						
9																						
0																						
1																						
2																						
33																						9.1
4																						11.1
1																						

5.11 Memory Data

The following options are only available when the **Development Tracing** option is selected in the **Trace Options** [**System** are not covered by this document as they are used by Avaya for product trials and are subject to frequent changes.

5.12 NAPT Status

This status menu displays the status of NAPT sessions being supported by the system.

The following options are only available when the **Development Tracing** option is selected in the **Trace Options** System when the selected in the trace options is selected in the trace options is

NAPT Status											×
Interface	Protocol	Sea	ssion Count	Session Displayed	F	ilter Options					
LAN1 Internet01	Static NAT	0		0 0	r	IP Address 1 (nnn.nnr	nnn.nnn)				
					Г	IP Address 2 (nnn.nnr	nnn.nnn)				
					Г	Port 1 (0-65535)					
					F	Port 2 (0-65535)					
Pause				Quit							
Remote IP	Remote Port	Inbound IP	Inbound Port	Outbound IP	Outbound Port	Туре	Session TTL (ms)	Age (ms)	Max Age (ms)	Last Used	^
ł											
											~
										>	:

5.13 Network View

This status menu displays a view of the multisite network of which the system is a part. It can also display calls between the sites.



5.14 Partner Sessions

This status menu displays details of the the connections for IP Office PCPartner applications (SoftConsole and Phone Manager) to the system.

PCPartnerSt	PCPartnerStatus												
Num Sessions:	0												
IPAddress	User Name	Extn Num	SendQ	SendCnt	Pro	IP							
]												
•							Þ						
							Cancel						

5.15 Performance Data

The following options are only available when the **Development Tracing** option is selected in the **Trace Options** System menu. They are not covered by this document as they are used by Avaya for product trials and are subject to frequent changes.

5.16 RTP Sessions

This status menu displays details of the RTP sessions being supported by the system.

I RIP Streams						
Ident Pre	eserved	Secure	Src IPaddr	Src Port	Dst Ipaddr	Dst Port I
						Cancel

5.17 SCN Licence

This status menu displays details of the available and those used in a Server Edition network.

SCN Licence	status												_	. D ×
Server D)ata:													
PBX	dongle	Server I req	Edition Alloc	Power req	User Alloc	Avaya I req	Phones Alloc	3pty Pł req	nones Alloc	Office req	Worker Alloc	SIP Cł req	nannels Alloc	-
Self	NA	1	0	0	0	0+0	0	0+0	0	0	0	0	0	
						_								
Totals Available		1	0	0	0	0+0	0	0+0	0	0	0	0	0	
Available		0		0		0		0		0		0		
,														
									Cancel					

5.18 SIP Phone Status

This status menu displays the status of the SIP end points known by the system.

SIPP hor	neStatus												
Total Config	ured: 1			Wai	ting 3 secs for u	pdate							
Total Registi	ered: 0		Registered Status										
Extn Num	IP Address	Transport	User Agent	Licensed	SIP Options	SIP Events	Status	LastAvaya	LastIPEndp	ReservedAvaya	ReservedIPEndp		
555	0.0.0.0		UA?	No Licence			SIP: Unregistered			0	0		
Display Op Show /	tions All C Registe	red C UnF	Registered	Print	Reset Phones	Can	cel						

5.19 SIP TCP User Data

🗊 Sip	TCP Use	rs									
ld	Туре	Protocol	Local Addr	Local Port Remote Addr	Remote	State	Permanent	Owner	Dialogs	Packets	
											Pause
											C
											bave

5.20 Small Community Networking

This status menu displays the status of the system's multisite network connections.

0	SCN Network St	tatus												×
	This Node 192.16	58.0.210 U	Jsers 68 HG 4	Τ¢	otal Nodes	1 Users 68 HG 4				17/0	01/2013 10):19:41 (da	ita=93)	
	IPaddr	Status	Name => Remote	Resilience	Calls	Users	Groups	Resets	Retries	TxData	RxData	TxRIP	BxRIP]
	X 192.168.0.214	down	no name		0	0+0=0	0+0=0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	L													
	L													
	L													
	L													
	Mahuark Data		Past	Mahundi Error	. 1								Canaal	1
	Network Data			Network Error	š								Lance	

5.21 TCP Streams Data

🕲 TCP S	treams									
Protocol	Src Addr	Dst Addr	Src Port	Dst Port	State	Tx buffs	Tx Bytes	Seq	Ack	
										🥅 Auto Pause
										Pause
										Save

5.22 US PRI Trunks

This status menu displays the status of the system's US PRI trunk channels.

5.23 Voicemail Sessions

This status screen displays a summary of the voicemail service connections.

Dicema	ail Status													×
Status Voicema Operatio Version Record Max Ses Current S	ail Source onal Supported ssions Sessions	PCVmail: 1 0 0 250 0	92.168.0.21	.4	icenc VM F VPIM IMS Reco SQL VB S Outlo Scar Gene Integ	es Pro d ordings icript ook tsoft TTS eric TTS gral Channels	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0							
Ident	State	Access	Mailbox	Calling P	arty	TxBuf	RxBuf	RxErr	TxDiscards	TxEmpty	TxPurge	RxSilence	RxPumps	
														┛
•												1	<u>)</u>	ſ
													Cancel	

5.24 Voice Compression

This status menu displays the status of the voice compress channels provided by voice compression components not based on the TI chipset.

The following options are only available when the **Development Tracing** option is selected in the **Trace Options** [**System** ⁶⁹ menu. They are not covered by this document as they are used by Avaya for product trials and are subject to frequent changes.

5.25 Voice Compression (TI)

This status menu displays the status of the voice compress channels provided by voice compression components based on the TI chipset.

The following options are only available when the **Development Tracing** option is selected in the **Trace Options** [**System** ^[69] menu. They are not covered by this document as they are used by Avaya for product trials and are subject to frequent changes.

🗊 Voice C	ompressor	s (TI)														X
	Slot	DSP	Core	Channel	Codec	Pkt size	TDM.BChan	HOConf Num	Call Time	Delav	Underflows	Overflows	Delav Inc	Delav Dec	Ava Jitter	Ī
	j															\perp
															Cancel	

Chapter 6. Example Monitor Settings

6. Example Monitor Settings

This document gives examples of the typical monitor settings to provide useable traces in different test and diagnosis scenarios.

Interpretation of the resulting traces is not covered in detail as this requires in depth data and telecoms experience.

Scenarios covered are:

- Analog Trunk Caller ID 105
- ISDN Trunk Caller ID 10₱
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- System Rebooting 110
- ISDN Problems (T1 or E1 PRI connections)
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- <u>Call Answered/Generated by IP Office Application</u>
- <u>Message Waiting Indication</u>

6.1 Analog Trunk Caller ID

The following is an example trace from an analogue trunk that supports ICLID/CLI.

108691mS PRN: AtmTrunk1: StateChange CLIPossibleIncoming->Idle 108692mS PRN: AtmIO1: Block Forward OFF 108692mS PRN: AtmIO1: CLI Detection ON Equaliser ON 109703mS PRN: AtmTrunk1: CLI Message Rx'd: 109703mS PRN: 0x4500 109704mS PRN: 0x3031 109704mS PRN: 0x3134 109704mS PRN: 0x3136 109704mS PRN: 0x3035 109705mS PRN: AtmTrunk1: CLI Message Rx'd: 109705mS PRN: 0x4980 109706mS PRN: 0x3031 109706mS PRN: 0x3730 109706mS PRN: 0x372d 109706mS PRN: 0x3339 109706mS PRN: 0x3033 109707mS PRN: 0x3931 109707mS PRN: AtmTrunk1: CLI Message Rx'd: 109707mS PRN: 0x5800 09708mS PRN: AtmIO1: CLI Detection OFF Equaliser OFF 109708mS PRN: AtmTrunk1: StateChange CLIAwaitData->CLIDataSettle 109911mS PRN: AtmTrunk1: StateChange CLIDataSettle->CLIAwaitSecondRing 110191mS PRN: AtmTrunk1: StateChange CLIAwaitSecondRing->PossibleIncc minc Explanation 108691mS PRN: AtmTrunk1: StateChange CLIPossibleIncoming->Idle The Line interface is primed ready for the possibility of an incoming ICLID/CLI message. 108692mS PRN: AtmIO1: Block Forward OFF • AtmIO1 = Line Number 1. 108692mS PRN: AtmIO1: CLI Detection ON Equaliser ON CLI detection has been enabled for trunk 1. 109703mS PRN: AtmTrunk1: CLI Message Rx'd: • The first part of a ICLID message on trunk 1 has been detected. 109703mS PRN: 0x4500 • 4500 = Date and time information. The info then follows in the 4 byte words. 109704mS PRN: 0x3031 109704mS PRN: 0x3134 109704mS PRN: 0x3136 109704mS PRN: 0x3035 • The call date and time is 16:05 on 14th January. Month: 30 (hex) = 0 (ASCII), 31 (hex) = 1 (ASCII) > 01 (January) • Day: 31 (hex) = 1 (ASCII), 34 (hex) = 4 (ASCII) > 14th. • Hours: 31 (hex) = 1 (ASCII), 36 (hex) = 6 (ASCII) > 16:00. Minutes: 30 (hex) = 0 (ASCII), 35 (hex) = 5 (ASCII) > 00:05. 109705mS PRN: AtmTrunk1: CLI Message Rx'd: The second part of the ICLID message on trunk 1 has been detected. 109705mS PRN: 0x4980 • 4980 = Calling Party Number information. 109706mS PRN: 0x3031 109706mS PRN: 0x3730 109706mS PRN: 0x372d 109706mS PRN: 0x3339 109706mS PRN: 0x3033 109707mS PRN: 0x3931 The Calling Party Number is 01707-390391 • 30 (hex) = 0 (ASCII), 31 (hex) = 1 (ASCII) > 01 • 37 (hex) = 7 (ASCII), 30 (hex) = 0 (ASCII) > 70 • 37 (hex) = 7 (ASCII), 2d (hex) = - (ASCII) > 7-• 33 (hex) = 3 (ASCII), 39 (hex) = 9 (ASCII) > 39 • 30 (hex) = 0 (ASCII), 33 (hex) = 3 (ASCII) > 03 • 39 (hex) = 9 (ASCII), 31 (hex) = 1 (ASCII) > 91 109707mS PRN: AtmTrunk1: CLI Message Rx'd: The third part of the ICLID message on trunk 1 has been detected. 109707mS PRN: 0x5800 5800 = End of ICLID. 09708mS PRN: AtmIO1: CLI Detection OFF Equaliser OFF ICLID dectection has been disabled. 109708mS PRN: AtmTrunk1: StateChange CLIAwaitData->CLIDataSettle 109911mS PRN: AtmTrunk1: StateChange CLIDataSettle->CLIAwaitSecondRing 110191mS PRN: AtmTrunk1: StateChange CLIAwaitSecondRing->PossibleIncoming

• Line state changes from receiving ICLID to awaiting the incoming audio call.

6.2 ISDN Trunk Caller ID

1. On the PC running IP Office Manager, click the Windows Start icon and select Programs IP Office Monitor.

2. On the System Monitor, click $\overline{\mathbb{Y}}$ Trace Options to select the trace settings.

3. On the $\ensuremath{\textbf{Call}}$ tab, make sure the $\ensuremath{\textbf{Line Receive}}$ check box is ticked.

4. Click **OK**.

5. In the System Monitor window, look for trace codes similar to the following:

```
22984658mS ISDNL3Rx: v=5 peb=5

ISDN Layer3 Pcol=08(Q931) Reflen=2 ref=272F(Remote)

Message Type = Setup

InformationElement = BearerCapability

0000 04 03 80 90 a2 .....

InformationElement = CHI

0000 18 03 a1 83 95 ....

InformationElement = CallingPartyNumber

0000 6c 0c 21 83 36 31 38 37 30 39 33 39 31 1.!.6187093991

InformationElement = CalledPartyNumber

0000 70 08 c1 36 34 36 37 31 33 31 p..6467131

InformationElement = HigherLayerCompat

0000 7d 02 91 81 }...
```

- The Calling Party Number is [6187093991]
- The Called Party Number is [6467131]

6.3 ISDN Calls Disconnecting

Enable the following trace option settings:

Tab	Trace Options
ISDN	Layer 1, Layer 2, Layer 3, Layer 1 Send, Layer 1 Receive, Layer 2 Send, Layer 2 Receive, Layer 3 Send and Layer 3 Receive.
Call	Extension Send, Extension Receive, Extension TxP, Extension RxP, Line Send, Line Receive, Targetting and Call Logging.
System	Error, Print and Resource Status Prints.

This following is a sample trace of an PRI line going down, cutting off the calls in progress and then the line coming back up:

1072151mS	ISDNL1Evt: v=0 peb=5,F2 F1
1072651mS	ISDNL1Evt: v=0 peb=5,PHDI ?
1072651mS	ISDNL3Evt: v=0 p1=0,p2=1001,p3=5,p4=127,s1=
1072651mS	ISDNL3Evt: v=0 stacknum=0 State, new=NullState, old=Active id=4
1072652mS	<pre>ISDNL3Evt: v=0 stacknum=0 State, new=NullState, old=Active id=24</pre>
1072653mS	ISDNL3Evt: v=0 p1=0,p2=1001,p3=5,p4=0,s1=
1072656mS	CMLineRx: v=5
	CMReleaseComp
	Line: type=Q931Line 5 Call: lid=5 id=4 in=1
	Cause=38, Network000
1072658mS	CALL:2000/11/2408:40,00:00:17,033,01732464420,I,300,027624,,,,0
1072682mS	CMLineRx: v=5
	CMReleaseComp
	Line: type=Q931Line 5 Call: lid=5 id=24 in=1
	Cause=38, Network000
1072684mS	CALL:2000/11/2408:36,00:04:12,004,01689839919,I,300,027624,,,,0
1075545mS	ISDNL1Evt: v=0 peb=5,F1 F2
1075595mS	ISDNL1Evt: v=0 peb=5,PHAI ?

Explanation

• PPI Ling 5 (noh=5) has gong from the E1 state (normal Operational state) to the E2 state (Eault condition 1 state -
receiving RAI or receiving CRC errors).
1072651mS ISDNL1Evt: v=0 peb=5,PHDI ?
 Line 5 (peb=5) is now in the Disconnected state (PHDI – Physical Deactivate Indication).
1072651mS ISDNL3Evt: v=0 p1=0,p2=1001,p3=5,p4=127,s1=
 ISDN Layer 3 event which gives current status of line 5 (p3=5)
• P1=0 -> ISDN Stacknum = 0.
• P2=1001 ->Line Disconnecting.
• P3=5 -> Internal reference number.
• P4=127 ->TEI = 127.
• S1= ->not used.
1072651mS ISDNL3Evt: v=0 stacknum=0 State, new=NullState, old=Active id=4
 ISDN Layer 3 event which indicates that call with id 4 (id=4) on the first ISDN stack (stacknum=0) has changed from being Active (old=Active) to No Call exists (new=NullState).
1072652mS ISDNL3Evt: v=0 stacknum=0 State, new=NullState, old=Active id=24
 ISDN Layer 3 event which indicates that call with id 24 (id=24) on the first ISDN stack (stacknum=0) has changed from being Active (old=Active) to No Call exists (new=NullState).
1072653mS ISDNL3Evt: v=0 p1=0,p2=1001,p3=5,p4=0,s1=
 ISDN Layer 3 event which gives current status of line 5 (p3=5)
• P1=0 -> ISDN Stack number = 0.
• P2=1001 ->Line Disconnecting.
• P3=5 ->Internal reference number.
• P4=0 ->TEI = 0.
• S1= ->not used.
1072656mS CMLineRx: v=5 CMReleaseComp Line: type=Q931Line 5 Call: lid=5 id=4 in=1 Cause=38, NetworkOOO
• The incoming call (in=1) on line 5 (lid=5), with an internal call id of 4 (id=4) has been dropped. Clear code is 38 – Network Out Of Order (refer to ISDN Clear codes on our web site). There is no ISDNL3RX trace information as the call is dropped by the PBX NOT by the local exchange (due to the fact that we are no longer in communication with the Local Exchange!).
1072658mS CALL:2000/11/2408:40,00:00:17,033,01732464420,I,300,027624,,,,0
The Incoming call from 01732464420 to [02083]027624 (Extn300) has been disconnected.
1072682mS CMLineRx: v=5
Line: type=Q931Line 5 Call: lid=5 id=24 in=1 Cause=38, Network000
Explanation

 The incoming call (in=1) on line 5 (lid=5), with an internal call id of 24 (id=24) has been dropped. Clear code is 38 – Network Out Of Order (refer to ISDN Clear codes on our web site). Again there is no ISDNL3RX trace information as the call is dropped by the PBX NOT by the local exchange (due to the fact that we are no longer in communication with the Local Exchange!).

1072684mS CALL:2000/11/2408:36,00:04:12,004,01689839919,I,300,027624,,,,0

• The incoming call from 01689839919 to [02083]027624 (Extn300) has been disconnected.

1075545mS ISDNL1Evt: v=0 peb=5,F1 F2

 Line 5 (peb=5) has gone from the F2 state (Fault condition 1 state i.e. receiving RAI or receiving CRC errors) to the F1 state (normal Operational state).

1075595mS ISDNL1Evt: v=0 peb=5,PHAI ?

• Line 5 (peb=5) has now fully recovered and is in the Connected state (PHAI – Physical Activate Indication).

6.4 System Rebooting

Enable the following trace option settings:

Tab	Trace Options
Call	Line Send, Line Receive, Extension Send, Extension Receive, Extension RxP, Extension TxP, Call Delta, Map, Targetting and Call Logging
System	Error, Print and Resource Status Prints.

You should also capture the data that is output on the DTE port on the back of the system control unit. This is necessary as the unit sends information to the DTE port during a reboot that is not seen by System Monitor as it cannot make contact with the unit via the LAN until after the reboot is completed.

If you are experiencing a rebooting problem then it is very important that both traces are provided in order to make an effective investigation into the problem.

Both traces should cover the period before and after the reboot occurs.

A reboot can be easily seen in the System Monitor application by the following:

As a System Reboot can be easily located, all you have to do is search the trace for [contact lost].

6.5 ISDN Problems (T1 or E1 PRI connections)

Enable the following trace option settings. These provide information about the ISDN line itself and any calls in progress.

Tab	Trace Options
ISDN	Layer 1, Layer 2, Layer 3, Layer 1 Send, Layer 1 Receive, Layer 2 Send, Layer 2 Receive, Layer 3 Send and Layer 3 Receive.
Call	Extension Send, Extension Receive, Extension TxP, Extension RxP, Line Send, Line Receive, Targetting and Call Logging.
System	Error, Print and Resource Status Prints.

If the problem is with a specific ISDN line then the System Monitor can record info for a specific line only. This is done by entering an ISDN line number in the "Port Number" field. ISDN line numbers range from 0 – 8. The Line number is shown in the Configuration Lines List. A blank entry means all ISDN lines are monitored.

6.6 ISP & Dial-Up Data Connection Problems

Enable the following trace option settings:

Tab	Trace Options
ISDN	Later3 Tx and Layer3 Rx.
Call	Line Send, Line Receive, Targetting and Call Logging
Interface	Interface/Interface Queue
PPP	LCP Tx, LCP Rx, Security Tx, Security Rx, IPCP Tx and IPCP Rx.
System	Error, Print and Resource Status Prints.

If the problem is to a specific destination then System Monitor can record information pertinent to that connection only. This is done by entering the appropriate service name in the **Interface Name** field in the PPP trace option settings. A blank entry means monitor all data connections.

You should also look for things like PAP/CHAP password failure. This indicates that the "Service" configuration is not correct.

6.7 Remote Site Data Connection Problems over Leased (WAN) Lines

Enable the following trace option settings:

Tab	Trace Options
WAN	WAN Tx, WAN Rx and Events.
PPP	LCP Tx, LCP Rx, Security Tx, Security Rx, IPCP Tx, IPCP Rx, IP Tx and IP Rx.
System	Error, Print and Resource Status Prints.

- If the line is connected via the WAN port on the system's control unit, System Monitor should be configured to monitor the IP address of the system.
- If the line is connected via a WAN port on a WAN3 module, System Monitor should be configured to monitor the IP address of the WAN3 unit.

If the Leased Line problem is to a specific destination, System Monitor can record information pertinent to that connection only. This is done by entering the service name in the **Interface Name** field in PPP trace options settings. A blank entry means all data connections (Services) are monitored.

You should also look for things like PAP/CHAP password failure. This indicates that the service configuration is not correct.

Note that the WAN Tx and WAN Rx information is in raw hex format only. An in-depth knowledge of the IP Packet makeup is required to manually decode these messages – it is not done automatically.

6.8 Frame Relay Links

Enable the following trace option settings:

Tab	Trace Options
Frame Relay	Events, Tx Data, Tx Data Decode, Rx Data, Rx Data Decode, Tx Data and Mgmt Events (if Management enabled on link)

Please note that the following PPP options may also be required if using PPP over Frame Relay as the connection method :-

Tab	Trace Options
PPP	LCP Tx, LCP Rx, Security Tx, Security Rx, IPCP Tx, IPCP Rx, IP Tx and IP Rx

6.9 Speech Calls Dropping

ISDN or QSIG Line

Enable the following trace option settings:

Tab	Trace Options
ISDN	Layer 1, Layer 3, Layer 1 Send, Layer 1 Receive, Layer 3 Send and Layer 3 Receive
Call	Line Send, Line Receive, Extension Send, Extension Receive, Extension RxP, Extension TxP, Short Code Msgs, Call Delta, Targetting and Call Logging
System	Error, Print and Resource Status Prints

Analogue Line

Enable the following trace option settings:

Tab	Trace Options
АТМ	Channel, I-O and CM Line
Call	Line Send, Line Receive, Extension Send, Extension Receive, Extension RxP, Extension TxP, Short Code Msgs, Call Delta, Targetting and Call Logging
System	Error, Print and Resource Status Prints

VoIP Line

Enable the following System Monitor settings:

Tab	Trace Options
ISDN[1]	Layer 3 Send[1] and Layer 3 Receive.
ATM[2]	Channel[2] , I-O2 and CM Line.
T1[3]	Line, Channel, Dialler, DSP and CAS.
H.323	H.323, H.323 Send, H.323 Receive, H.323 Fast Start ^[4] , H.245 Send, H.245 Receive and View Whole Packet.
Call	Line Send, Line Receive, Extension Send, Extension Receive, Extension RxP, Extension TxP, Short Code Msgs, Call Delta, Targetting and Call Logging.
System	Error, Print and Resource Status Prints

Notes:

1. If VoIP call traverses a T1 ISDN, E1 ISDN, BRI ISDN or QSig line to get to its final destination.

2. If VoIP call traverses out over an Analogue Line to get to its final destination.

3. If VoIP call traverses out over a Channelized T1 Line to get to its final destination.

4. If in use by VPN Line or VoIP Extension

Channelized T1 Line

Enable the following System Monitor settings:

Tab	Trace Options
Т1	Line, Channel, Dialler, DSP and CAS.
Call	Line Send, Line Receive, Extension Send, Extension Receive, Extension RxP, Extension TxP, Short Code Msgs, Call Delta, Targetting and Call Logging.
System	Error, Print and Resource Status Prints

6.10 Problems Involving Non-IP Phones

Enable the following trace option settings:

Tab	Trace Options
Call	Line Send, Line Receive, Extension Send, Extension Receive, Extension RxP, Extension TxP, Short Code Msgs, Call Delta, Targetting and Call Logging.

You should be able to pick up items like Call Setup, Call Proceeding, Alerting, Call Connected, and Call Disconnected. It provides a step by step trace of the process that the call has gone through. It presents all information relating directly to the setup of the call.

6.11 Problems Involving IP Phones

Enable the following trace option settings:

Tab	Trace Options
H.323	H.323, H.323 Send, H.323 Receive, H.323 Fast Start, H.245 Send, H.245 Receive, RAS Send, RAS Receive and View Whole Packet.

You should be able to pick up items like Call Setup, Call Proceeding, Alerting, Call Connected, and Call Disconnected. It provides a step by step trace of the process that the call has gone through. It presents all information relating directly to the setup of the call.

6.12 Locating a Specific PC Making Calls to the Internet

Enable the following trace option settings:

Tab	Trace Options
ISDN	Layer3 Tx and Layer3 Rx.
Interface	Interface Queue
Call	Line Send, Line Receive, Targeting and Call Logging
System	Error, Print and Resource Status Prints.

If NAT is not being used on the connection this produces:

Interface Queue: v=UKIP WAN 1 1

IP Dst=194.217.94.100 Src=212.46.130.32 len=48 id=043e ttl=127 off=4000 pcol=6 sum=017c TCP Dst=80 (0050) Src=4105 (1009) Seq=338648156 Ack=0 Code=02 (SYN) Off=112 Window=8192 Sum=6aae Urg=0 0000 02 04 05 b4 01 01 04 02

The source (Src) of this packet is 212.46.130.32, the destination (IP Dst) is 194.217.94.100, the protocol is TCP (pcol=6), the destination socket is 80 (80=World Wide Web HTTP i.e. a PC is trying to access a web page), the source socket is 4105 (unassigned - ie. free to be used by any program), the packet is a TCP SYN. All you need to do is locate the PC with address 212.46.130.32. To find out where on the web it was accessing type the IP Dst in the address bar of your browser and it takes you to that page.

If NAT is being used - you can tell this from the trace by observing System Monitor Traces like :-

PRN: ~NATranslator d40190dc 00000000 PRN: ~UDPNATSession in=c0a84d01 out=d40190dc rem=d401809c in_port=0035 out_port=1000 rem_port=0035 PRN: ~TCPNATSession in=c0a84d02 out=d40190dc rem=c2ed6d49 in_port=0423 out_port=1005 rem_port=0050

The above mentioned Interface Queue trace is preceded by the following System Monitor output :-

PRN: TCPNATSession in=c0a84d02 out=d40190dc rem=c2ed6d49 in_port=0423 out_port=1005 rem_port=0050

Where :-

- "in=" is the IP address (in hex format) of the device on the LAN that is initiating the request;
- "out=" is the IP address of the PBX (i.e. the local IP address of the link) as allocated by the ISP/Remote Routing device;
- "rem=" is the requested destination IP address;
- "in_port=" is the port (socket) number used by the initiating device on the LAN; "out_port=" is the outgoing port we use on the link (due to the NAT), and "rem_port=" is the requested destination port (socket) number.

6.13 Firewall Not Working Correctly

Enable the following trace option settings:

Tab	Trace Options
Interface	Interface Queue, Firewall Fail In and Firewall Fail Out.
System	Error, Print and Resource Status Prints.

When monitoring starts, if you do not see any specified 'failing' in the trace, then enable the following additional settings:

Tab	Trace Options
Interface	Interface Queue, Firewall Fail In and Firewall Fail Out.
System	Error, Print and Resource Status Prints.

This traces those packets that are Allowed In and Out of the PBX via the Firewall.

Note: The Interface trace option settings menu includes an **Interface Name** field. You can use this to enter the name of a particular service that you want to monitor.

6.14 Remote Site Data Connection over Leased (WAN) Lines

Enable the following trace option settings:

Tab	Trace Options
WAN	WAN Tx, WAN Rx and Events.
PPP	LCP Tx, LCP Rx, Security Tx, Security Rx, IPCP Tx, IPCP Rx, IP Tx and IP Rx.
System	Error, Print and Resource Status Prints.

- If the line is connected via the WAN port on the system's control unit, System Monitor should be configured to monitor the IP address of the system.
- If the line is connected via a WAN port on a WAN3 module, System Monitor should be configured to monitor the IP address of the WAN3 unit.

If the Leased Line problem is to a specific destination then System Monitor can record information pertinent to that connection only. This is done by entering the appropriate service name in the PPP trace option settings **Interface Name** field. A blank entry means all data connections (Services) are monitored.

You should also look for things like PAP/CHAP password failure. This indicates that the "Service" configuration is not correct.

Note that the WAN Tx and WAN Rx information is in raw hex format only. An in-depth knowledge of the IP Packet makeup is required to manually decode these messages – it is not done automatically.

6.15 Calls Answered/Generated by IP Office Applications

IP Office applications include Call Status, eBLF, eConsole, SoftConsole and Phone Manager (all variants).

Enable the following trace option settings:

Tab	Trace Options
Call	Line Send, Line Receive, Extension Send, Extension Receive, Extension TxP, Extension RxP, Short Code Msgs, Call Delta, Targetting and Call Logging.
System	Error, Print and Resource Status Prints.

6.16 Message Waiting Indication

To determine if Voicemail Pro is transmitting message waiting indication (MWI) information.

Enable the following trace option settings:

Tab	Trace Options
Call	Extension Send, MonIVR and Targetting
System	Print

Whenever voicemail is accessed for a mailbox (message leaving\retrieval); Voicemail sends a voicemail status update for that mailbox to the PBX. This is traced out within System Monitor with the MonIVR option and is an IVR Event type message.

The following is a trace example received with leaving a message to mailbox 206, note the following:

IVR Events indicate the number of new, read, saved messages. If the new message count is zero then the PBX should extinguish the message waiting light, otherwise the message waiting light should be activated.

When the MWL indication is sent to the phone, the CMExtnTx event should indicate the transmission of the message CMVoiceMailStatus with the number of new messages being in the display field (may also be in the calling party field). The UUI field may also contain the information format (length of UUI, number of messages, unread messages, extension state).

```
7201633mS CMExtnTx: v=203, pl=1
CMVoiceMailStatus
Line: type=DigitalExtn 3 Call: lid=0 id=-1 in=0
Calling[0000001] Type=Default (100)
UUI type=Local [....] [0x03 0x01 0x01 0x00 ]
Display [Extn203 Msgs=1]
Timed: 06/05/05 12:26
7201634mS IVR Event: Voicemail message update for [Extn203]:- New=1,Read=1,Saved=0
```

Chapter 7. Addendum

7. Addendum 7.1 Ports

The port being used by a data packet is shown as *src* = followed by a port number (<u>http://www.iana.org/assignments/port-numbers</u>).

For the following ports, System Monitor automatically adds the protocol name after the number when the log is displayed. For example src=23 is displayed as src=23 (Telnet).

Number	Protocol
20	File Transfer [Default Data]
21	File Transfer [Control]
23	Telnet
25	Simple Mail Transfer
37	Time
43	Who Is
53	Domain Name Server
67	Bootstrap Protocol Server
68	Bootstrap Protocol Client
69	Trivial File Transfer
70	Gopher
79	Finger
80	World Wide Web-HTTP
115	Simple File Transfer Protocol
123	Network Time Protocol
137	NETBIOS Name Service
138	NETBIOS Datagram Service
139	NETBIOS Session Service
156	SQL Service
161	SNMP
162	SNMPTRAP
179	Border Gateway Protocol
1719	H.323Ras
1720	H.323/H.245
1764	NA Monitor
1765	NA PCPartner
1766	NA BLF/TAPI
1775	NA Who-Is response
3851	NA Voicemail
3852	NA Network DTE
3867	NA SoloMail
50791	IPO Voicemail
50792	IPO Network DTE
50793	IPO Solo Voicemail
50794	IPO Monitor
50795	IPO Voice Networking
50796	IPO PCPartner
50797	ΙΡΟ ΤΑΡΙ
50798	IPO Who-Is response
50799	IPO BLF
50800	IPO License Dongle
54050	BT Fusion

7.2 Protocols

The protocol being used by a data packet is shown as **pcol**= followed by a protocol number (<u>http://www.iana.org/assignments/protocol-numbers</u>).

For the following common protocols, System Monitor automatically adds the protocol name after the number when the log is displayed. For example **pcol=1** is displayed as **pcol=1** (**ICMP**).

Number	Protocol	Monitor shows
1	Internet Control Message	ICMP
2	Internet Group Management	IGMP
6	Transmission Control	ТСР
8	Exterior Gateway Protocol	EGP
9	Interior Gateway Protocol	IGP
17	User Datagram	UDP
41	Ipv6	IPV6
46	Reservation Protocol	RSVP
47	General Routing Encapsulation	GRE
58	ICMP for IPv6	IPv6-ICMP
111	IPX in IP	IPX-In-IP
115	Layer Two Tunneling Protocol	L2TP
121	Simple Message Protocol	SMP

7.3 IP Office Ports

As mentioned, a number of different ports are used for access to systems. The following table lists some of the ports on which the system control unit listens for different types of access. Indicates a listening port on the system control unit. If indicates a port to which the IP Office sends, for example to a PC running an IP Office application.

* Indicates that the port and or protocol can be changed.

Port		Protocol		Function
25*	→	SMTP	ТСР	Email system alarms from the system to SMTP server.
37	→	Time	UDP	Time requests from the system to a Time Server (RFC868).
53	+	DNS	UDP	Domain Name Service responses.
67	+	BOOTP/DHCP	UDP	DHCP server operation.
68	→	BOOTP/DHCP	UDP	DHCP client operation.
69	←	TFTP	UDP	File requests to the system.
69	→	TFTP	UDP	File requests by the system.
161*	←	SNMP	UDP	From SNMP applications.
162*	→	SNMP Trap	UDP	To addresses set in the system configuration.
500	+	IKE	UDP	Key exchange for IPSec protocol.
389*	→	LDAP	ТСР	Lightweight Directory Access Protocol.
520	→	RIP	UDP	To and from the system to other RIP devices. For RIP1 and RIP2 (RIP1
520	+	RIP	UDP	compatible) the destination address is a subnet broadcast, eg. 192.168.42.255. For RIP2 Multicast the destination address is 224.0.0.9.
1701	←	L2TP	UDP	Layer 2 tunneling protocol.
1718	←	H.323	UDP	H.323 Discovery
1719	←	H.323 RAS	UDP	H.323 Status. VoIP device registering with the system.
1720	→	H.323/H.245	UDP	H.323 Signalling. Data to a registered VoIP device.
2127	→	(UDP)	UDP	PC Wallboard to CCC Wallboard Server.
3478	→	SIP	UDP	Port used for STUN requests from the system to the SIP provider.
5060	∔	SIP	UDP/ TCP*	SIP Line Signalling
8080	→	НТТР	ТСР	Browser access to the Delta Server application.
8089	→	Enconf	UDP	From the system to the Conferencing Center Server Service. User access to the conference center is direct via HTTP sessions.
8888	→	НТТР	ТСР	Browser access to the IP Office ContactStore (VRL) application.
49152 to 53247 *	¢†	RTP/RTCP	UDP	Dynamically allocated ports used during VoIP calls for RTP and RTCP traffic. The port range can be adjusted through the System Gatekeeper tab.
50791	→	IPO Voicemail	UDP	To voicemail server address.
50793	+	IPO Solo Voicemail	UDP	From IP Office TAPI PC with Wave drive user support.
50794	+	IPO System Monitor	UDP	From System Monitor application.
50795	+	IPO Voice Networking	UDP	Small Community Network signalling (AVRIP) and BLF updates. Each system does a broadcast every 30 seconds. BLF updates are sent required up a maximum of every 0.5 seconds.
50796	+	IPO PCPartner	UDP	From an system application (for example Phone Manager or SoftConsole). Used to initiate a session between the system and the application.
50797	+	ΙΡΟ ΤΑΡΙ	UDP	From an system TAPI user PC.
50798	→	(UDP)	UDP	BT Fusion variant. No longer used.
50799	→	IPO BLF	UDP	Broadcast to the system LAN and the first 10 IP addresses registered from other subnets.
50800	→	IPO License Dongle	UDP	To the License Server IP Address set in the system configuration.
50801	+	EConf	UDP	Conference Center Service to system.
50802	+	Discovery	ТСР	IP Office discovery from IP Office Manager.
50804 *	+	Service Access Protocol	ТСР	IP Office configuration settings access.
50805 *	+]	ТСР	" TLS Secure.

Port		Protocol		Function
50808 *	t		ТСР	system status access.
50812 *	+		ТСР	IP Office security settings access.
50813 *	+		ТСР	" TLS Secure.

• CDR/SMDR from the system is sent to the port number and IP address defined during configuration and using either TCP or UDP as selected.

Ports

System Monitor can be used to display IP packet details including the source and destination Port numbers. As well as displaying the port numbers (in decimal), System Monitor also displays the names of more commonly used ports including system specific ports.

For example "src = 23" is interpreted as "src = 23 (Telnet)".

The list below details the ports currently decoded by System Monitor. For a full list of assigned non-system ports see http://www.iana.org/assignments/port-numbers.

- 20 File Transfer [Default Data]
- 21 File Transfer [Control]
- 23 Telnet
- 25 Simple Mail Transfer
- 37 Time
- 43 Who Is
- 53 Domain Name Server
- 67 Bootstrap Protocol Server
- 68 Bootstrap Protocol Client
- 69 Trivial File Transfer
- 70 Gopher
- 79 Finger
- 80 World Wide Web-HTTP
- 115 Simple File Transfer Protocol
- 123 Network Time Protocol
- 137 NETBIOS Name Service
- 138 NETBIOS Datagram Service
- 139 NETBIOS Session Service
- 156 SQL Service

- 161 SNMP
- 162 SNMPTRAP
 - 179 Border Gateway Protocol
- 1719 H.323Ras
- 1720 H.323/H.245
- 50791 IPO Voicemail
- 50792 IPO Network DTE
- 50793 IPO Solo Voicemail (i.e. Wave driver for TAPI)
- 50794 IPO System Monitor
- 50795 IPO Voice Networking
- 50796 IPO PCPartner
- 50797 IPO TAPI
- 50798 IPO Who-Is response
- 50799 IPO BLF
- 50800 IPO License Dongle
- 50801 EConf

Protocols

System Monitor, as well as displaying the Protocol number (in decimal) of packets, also displays the names of the more common Protocols. For example "pcol = 1" is decoded as "pcol = 1 (ICMP)".

Protocol numbers currently decoded by System Monitor are:

- 1 Internet Control Message [ICMP]
- 2 Internet Group Management [IGMP]
- 6 Transmission Control [TCP]
- 8 Exterior Gateway Protocol [EGP]
- 9 Interior Gateway Protocol [IGP]
- 17 User Datagram [UDP]
- 41 Ipv6 [IPV6]
- 46 Reservation Protocol [RSVP]
- 47 General Routing Encapsulation [GRE]
- 58 ICMP for IPv6 [IPv6-ICMP]
- 111 IPX in IP[IPX-In-IP]
- 115 Layer Two Tunneling Protocol [L2TP]
- 121 Simple Message Protocol [SMP]

7.4 Cause Codes (ISDN)

When a call is ended, a cause code may be shown in the System Monitor trace. This cause code is not necessarily an error as cause codes are shown at the end of normal calls. Cause codes 0 to 102 are standard ISDN cause codes. Causes codes 103 upwards are system specific codes.

To display cause codes, ensure that the System Monitor | Call | Extension Send option is enabled. The cause code is then shown are part of **CMExtnTx:** events within the monitor trace. For example:

```
10185mS CMExtnTx: v=100, p1=1
CMReleaseComp
Line: type=DigitalExtn 3 Call: lid=0 id=-1 in=0
UUI type=Local [....] [0x03 0x00 0x00 ]
Cause=16, Normal call clearing
Timed: 12/07/05 11:00
```

The cause codes are listed below. Those marked with a * were added in release 3.0.1. Those marked with a + were added in 3.0.40. Note that the Disconnect codes marked with a * or + are not available in 2.1 or 3.0DT releases.

Cause Code	Definition
0	Unknown.
1	Unallocated (unassigned) number.
2	No route to specific transit network/(5ESS)Calling party off hold.
3	No route to destination / (5ESS) Calling party dropped while on hold.
4	Send special information tone / (NI-2) Vacant Code.
5	Misdialed trunk prefix.
6	Channel unacceptable.
7	Call awarded and being delivered.
8	Preemption/(NI-2)Prefix 0 dialed in error.
9	Preemption, cct reserved / (NI-2) Prefix 1 dialed in error.
10	(NI-2) Prefix 1 not dialed.
11	(NI-2) Excessive digits received call proceeding.
16	Normal call clearing.
17	User busy.
18	No user responding / No response from remote device.
19	No answer from user.
20	Subscriber absent (wireless networks).
21	Call rejected.
22	Number changed.
23	Redirection to new destination.
25	Exchange routing error.
20	Non-selected user clearing.
27	Invalid number format
20	Facility rejected
30	Response to STATUS ENOURY
31	
34	No cct / channel available.
38	Network out of order.
39	Permanent frame mode connection out of service.
40	Permanent frame mode connection is operational.
41	Temporary failure.
42	Switching equipment congestion.
43	Access information discarded.
44	Requested cct / channel not available.
45	Pre-empted.
46	Precedence blocked call.
47	Resources unavailable/(5ESS)New destination.
49	Quality of service unavailable.
50	Requested facility not subscribed.

Codo	
Coue	
52	Outgoing calls barred.
54	Incoming calls barred.
57	Bearer capability not authorised.
58	Bearer capability not presently available.
63	Service or option not available, unspecified.
65	Bearer capability not implemented.
66	Channel type not implemented.
69	Requested facility not implemented.
70	Only restricted digital bearer capability is available.
79	Service or option not implemented, unspecified.
81	Invalid call reference.
82	Identified channel does not exist.
83	A suspended call exists, but this id does not.
84	Call id in use.
85	No call suspended.
86	Call having the requested id has been cleared.
87	User not a member of Closed User Group.
88	Incompatible destination.
90	Non-existent Closed User Group.
91	Invalid transit network selection.
95	Invalid message, unspecified.
96	Mandatory information element missing.
97	Message type non-existent/not implemented.
98	Message not compatible with call state, non-existent or not implemented.
99	Information element non-existent or not implemented.
100	Invalid information element contents.
101	Message not compatible with call state / (NI-2) Protocol threshold exceeded.
102	Recovery on unner expiry.
TD Office	Specific Cause Codes
IP Office	Specific Cause Codes
IP Office 103	Specific Cause Codes Parameter not implemented.
19 Office 103 110	Specific Cause Codes Parameter not implemented. Message with unrecognised parameter.
103 110 111	Specific Cause Codes Parameter not implemented. Message with unrecognised parameter. Protocol error, unspecified.
103 110 111 111 117	Specific Cause Codes Parameter not implemented. Message with unrecognised parameter. Protocol error, unspecified. Parked (Internal system code).
103 110 111 117 118	Specific Cause Codes Parameter not implemented. Message with unrecognised parameter. Protocol error, unspecified. Parked (Internal system code). UnParked (Internal system code).
IP Office 103 110 111 117 118 119	Specific Cause Codes Parameter not implemented. Message with unrecognised parameter. Protocol error, unspecified. Parked (Internal system code). UnParked (Internal system code). Pickup (Internal system code). Pickup (Internal system code).
10 Office 103 110 111 117 118 119 120	Specific Cause Codes Parameter not implemented. Message with unrecognised parameter. Protocol error, unspecified. Parked (Internal system code). UnParked (Internal system code). Pickup (Internal system code). Reminder (Internal system code). Reminder (Internal system code).
IP Office 103 110 111 117 118 119 120 121 122	Specific Cause Codes Parameter not implemented. Message with unrecognised parameter. Protocol error, unspecified. Parked (Internal system code). UnParked (Internal system code). Pickup (Internal system code). Reminder (Internal system code). Redirect (Internal system code). Redirect (Internal system code).
IP Office 103 110 111 117 118 119 120 121 122 122	Specific Cause Codes Parameter not implemented. Message with unrecognised parameter. Protocol error, unspecified. Parked (Internal system code). UnParked (Internal system code). Pickup (Internal system code). Reminder (Internal system code). Redirect (Internal system code). Call Barred (Internal system code).
IP Office 103 110 111 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124	Specific Cause Codes Parameter not implemented. Message with unrecognised parameter. Protocol error, unspecified. Parked (Internal system code). UnParked (Internal system code). Pickup (Internal system code). Reminder (Internal system code). Redirect (Internal system code). Call Barred (Internal system code). Forward To Voicemail (Internal system code). Answerd By Other (Internal system code).
IP Office 103 110 111 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125	Specific Cause Codes Parameter not implemented. Message with unrecognised parameter. Protocol error, unspecified. Parked (Internal system code). UnParked (Internal system code). Pickup (Internal system code). Reminder (Internal system code). Redirect (Internal system code). Call Barred (Internal system code). Forward To Voicemail (Internal system code). Answered By Other (Internal system code). No Account Code (Internal system code).
IP Office 103 110 111 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126	Specific Cause CodesParameter not implemented.Message with unrecognised parameter.Protocol error, unspecified.Parked (Internal system code).UnParked (Internal system code).Pickup (Internal system code).Reminder (Internal system code).Redirect (Internal system code).Call Barred (Internal system code).Forward To Voicemail (Internal system code).Answered By Other (Internal system code).No Account Code (Internal system code).Transfer (Internal system code).
IP Office 103 110 111 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 129	Specific Cause Codes Parameter not implemented. Message with unrecognised parameter. Protocol error, unspecified. Parked (Internal system code). UnParked (Internal system code). Pickup (Internal system code). Reminder (Internal system code). Redirect (Internal system code). Call Barred (Internal system code). Forward To Voicemail (Internal system code). Answered By Other (Internal system code). No Account Code (Internal system code). Transfer (Internal system code). Held Call (Internal system code).
IP Office 103 110 111 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 129 130	Specific Cause Codes Parameter not implemented. Message with unrecognised parameter. Protocol error, unspecified. Parked (Internal system code). UnParked (Internal system code). Pickup (Internal system code). Reminder (Internal system code). Redirect (Internal system code). Call Barred (Internal system code). Forward To Voicemail (Internal system code). Answered By Other (Internal system code). No Account Code (Internal system code). Transfer (Internal system code). Held Call (Internal system code).* Ring Back Check (Internal system code) *
IP Office 103 110 111 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 129 130 131	Specific Cause Codes Parameter not implemented. Message with unrecognised parameter. Protocol error, unspecified. Parked (Internal system code). UnParked (Internal system code). Pickup (Internal system code). Reminder (Internal system code). Redirect (Internal system code). Call Barred (Internal system code). Forward To Voicemail (Internal system code). Answered By Other (Internal system code). No Account Code (Internal system code). Transfer (Internal system code). Held Call (Internal system code).* Ring Back Check (Internal system code).* Appearance Call Steal (Internal system code).*
IP Office 103 110 111 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 129 130 131 132	Specific Cause CodesParameter not implemented.Message with unrecognised parameter.Protocol error, unspecified.Parked (Internal system code).UnParked (Internal system code).Pickup (Internal system code).Reminder (Internal system code).Redirect (Internal system code).Call Barred (Internal system code).Forward To Voicemail (Internal system code).No Account Code (Internal system code).No Account Code (Internal system code).Held Call (Internal system code).*Ring Back Check (Internal system code).*Appearance Call Steal (Internal system code).*
IP Office 103 110 111 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 129 130 131 132 133	Specific Cause CodesParameter not implemented.Message with unrecognised parameter.Protocol error, unspecified.Parked (Internal system code).UnParked (Internal system code).Pickup (Internal system code).Reminder (Internal system code).Redirect (Internal system code).Call Barred (Internal system code).Forward To Voicemail (Internal system code).No Account Code (Internal system code).Transfer (Internal system code).Held Call (Internal system code).*Appearance Call Steal (Internal system code).*Appearance Bridge Into (Internal system code).*Bumped Call (Internal system code).*
IP Office 103 110 111 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 129 130 131 132 133 134	Specific Cause CodesParameter not implemented.Message with unrecognised parameter.Protocol error, unspecified.Parked (Internal system code).UnParked (Internal system code).Pickup (Internal system code).Reminder (Internal system code).Redirect (Internal system code).Call Barred (Internal system code).Forward To Voicemail (Internal system code).No Account Code (Internal system code).No Account Code (Internal system code).Transfer (Internal system code).Held Call (Internal system code).*Ring Back Check (Internal system code).*Appearance Call Steal (Internal system code).*Bumped Call (Internal system code).*Line Appearance Call (Internal system code).*
IP Office 103 110 111 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 129 130 131 132 133 134 135	Specific Cause CodesParameter not implemented.Message with unrecognised parameter.Protocol error, unspecified.Parked (Internal system code).UnParked (Internal system code).Pickup (Internal system code).Reminder (Internal system code).Redirect (Internal system code).Call Barred (Internal system code).Forward To Voicemail (Internal system code).Answered By Other (Internal system code).No Account Code (Internal system code).Transfer (Internal system code).Held Call (Internal system code).*Appearance Call Steal (Internal system code).*Appearance Bridge Into (Internal system code).*Bumped Call (Internal system code).*Line Appearance Call (Internal system code).+Unheld Call (Internal system code).+
IP Office 103 110 111 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136	Specific Cause CodesParameter not implemented.Message with unrecognised parameter.Protocol error, unspecified.Parked (Internal system code).UnParked (Internal system code).Pickup (Internal system code).Reminder (Internal system code).Redirect (Internal system code).Call Barred (Internal system code).Forward To Voicemail (Internal system code).No Account Code (Internal system code).Transfer (Internal system code).No Account Code (Internal system code).Held Call (Internal system code).*Appearance Call Steal (Internal system code).*Appearance Bridge Into (Internal system code).*Bumped Call (Internal system code).*Line Appearance Call (Internal system code).+Unheld Call (Internal system code).+Replace Current Call (Internal system code).+
1P Office 103 110 111 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137	Specific Cause Codes Parameter not implemented. Message with unrecognised parameter. Protocol error, unspecified. Parked (Internal system code). UnParked (Internal system code). Pickup (Internal system code). Reminder (Internal system code). Redirect (Internal system code). Call Barred (Internal system code). Forward To Voicemail (Internal system code). No Account Code (Internal system code). No Account Code (Internal system code). Transfer (Internal system code).* Ring Back Check (Internal system code).* Appearance Call Steal (Internal system code).* Appearance Call Steal (Internal system code).* Bumped Call (Internal system code).* Line Appearance Call (Internal system code).+ Unheld Call (Internal system code).+ Replace Current Call (Internal system code).+ Replace Current Call (Internal system code).+

Cause Code	Definition			
139	RingBack Answered (Internal system code).+			
140	Transfer Request Failed (Internal system code).+			
141	HuntGroup Drop (Internal system code).+			

7.5 Decoding FEC Errors

This section details how to decoding the FEC Receiver Error "PRN" statements that appear in the log. These "Fast Ethernet Controller" error messages are shown when the System/Print option is enabled.

An example error would be:

```
PRN: IP403_FEC::ReceiverError 844
```

The message format is:-

PRN: PLATFORM_FEC::ReceiverError ABCD

Where:-

- PRN: = Indicates that message was output as the result of having the **System | Print** option enabled.
- PLATFORM_ = Indicates the type of system control unit reporting the error. Possible values are IP401NG (Small Office Edition), IP403, IP406, IP406V2 (shows as IP405 in Version 2.1(27)) and IP412.
- ABCD = This is the actual error code. It is a decode of the "Ethernet Receive Buffer Descriptor" packet. Note that if the most significant byte (ie. A) is 0 (zero) it is not printed and the error code is only 3 characters long (ie. BCD).

FEC::ReceiverError Codes are derived from the "Ethernet Receive Buffer Descriptor (RxBD)". The table below shows the bits within the RxBD that are used to generate the error codes. Those labeled as "N/U" are NOT used in the FEC Error Decoding mechanism although they may be non zero.

Byte	Bit	Value	Option	Description
A	0	8	N/U	May be non-zero but not used for FEC decode.
	1	4	N/U	May be non-zero but not used for FEC decode.
	2	2	N/U	May be non-zero but not used for FEC decode.
	3	1	N/U	May be non-zero but not used for FEC decode.
В	4	8	L	Last in frame. $0 =$ The buffer is not the last in the frame. $1 =$ The buffer is the last in the frame.
	5	4	0	Always zero.
	6	2	0	Always zero.
	7	1	N/U	May be non-zero but not used for FEC decode.
С	8	8	N/U	May be non-zero but not used for FEC decode.
	9	4	N/U	May be non-zero but not used for FEC decode.
	10	2	LG	Length Error: Rx frame length violation. The frame length exceeds the value of MAX_FRAME_LENGTH in the bytes. The hardware truncates frames exceeding 2047 bytes so as not to overflow receive buffers This bit is valid only if the L bit is set to 1.
	11	1	NO	Non-Octet: A frame that contained a number of bits not divisible by 8 was received and the CRC check that occurred at the preceding byte boundary generated an error. NO is valid only if the L bit is set. If this bit is set, the CR bit is not set.
D	12	8	SH	Short Frame: A frame length that was less than the minimum defined for this channel was recognized.
	13	4	CR	CRC Error: This frame contains a CRC error and is an integral number of octets in length. This bit is valid only if the L bit is set.
	14	2	OV	Overrun Error: A receive FIFO overrun occurred during frame reception. If $OV = 1$, the other status bits, LG, NO, SH, CR, and CL lose their normal meaning and are cleared. This bit is valid only if the L bit is set.
	15	1	TR	Truncate Error: Set if the receive frame is truncated (= 2 Kbytes)

Example

Decode of typical message produced using above information :-

PRN: IP403_FEC::ReceiverError 844

- The Error code in the above example is 844.
 - Byte A = 0 and so was not shown.
 - Byte B = 8, which is 1000 in binary so bit 4 (L) is set
 - Byte C = 4, which is 0100 in binary so bit 9 (N/U) is set
 - Byte D = 4, which is 0100 in binary so bit 13 (CR) is set

This is a Receive CRC error (as bit 13 of the RxBD is set) – note that the first byte (A) is missing so it is equal to 0, resulting in a 3 byte error code.

7.6 Miscellaneous

What does the message "PRN: FEC::ReceiverError" mean?

FEC stands for Fast Ethernet Controller (100mb LAN). The "ReceiverError" line is followed by a number that denotes the exact problem.

Basically it is stating that the system received a packet that it considers wrong or corrupt in some way or perhaps there was a collision so it threw it away, the packet would then have been re-sent. This is does not normally indicate a problem and is nothing to worry about unless the error's are streaming in the trace. See <u>Decoding FEC Errors</u> [139].

What does the message "PRN: UDP::Sending from indeterminate address to 0a000003 3851" mean?

The port number 3851 at the end indicates that the system is looking for an IP Office Voicemail Server.

If your system is not using voicemail, remove the entry in the Voicemail IP Address field, found on the Voicemail tab of the System form in the system configuration.

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