



Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform as an Enterprise Branch with Avaya Aura® Session Manager

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Chapter 1: Introduction

Purpose

This document provides installation, configuration, initial administration, and basic maintenance checklists and procedures for deploying IP Office as an Enterprise branch with Avaya Aura[®] Session Manager.

Intended audience

This document is intended for people who install and configure IP Office as an Enterprise branch with Avaya Aura[®] Session Manager at a customer site.

Document changes since last issue

The following change have been made to this document for Release 9.1:

- Replaced the `SMGRB5800Admin` account information with the `BranchAdmin` account information.
 - Added information for security and certificate configuration.
 - Added information for managing Voicemail Pro from System Manager.
 - Restructured for consistency with Avaya standards.
-

Related resources

Documentation

The following table lists the related documents for the IP Office Branch solution. Download the documents from the Avaya Support website at <http://support.avaya.com/>.

Document number	Title	Use this document to	Audience
Overview			
15-604258	<i>Avaya IP Office™ Platform Solution Description</i>	Understand IP Office platforms, components, and features.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sales Engineers
Not numbered	<i>IP Office Release 9.0 deployed as a Branch Product Offer</i>	Provides a technical and commercial overview of the IP Office Branch solution.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sales Engineers • Reference Architects • Solution Architects
15-601041	<i>IP Office Product Description</i>	Understand IP Office systems and requirements.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sales Engineers • Reference Architects
Not numbered	<i>Avaya Aura® System Manager Overview and Specification</i>	Understand how System Manager works and the performance specifications for the product	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sales Engineers • Reference Architects
Not numbered	<i>Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Feature Description and Implementation</i>	Understand how to use and implement Communication Manager features.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sales Engineers • Reference Architects • Solution Architects
Reference Configuration			
15-604253	<i>Avaya IP Office™ Platform in a Branch Environment Reference Configuration</i>	Understand the architecture and network engineering requirements for the solution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reference Architects • Solution Architects • Sales Engineers
Implementation			
18-603853	<i>Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform as an Enterprise Branch with Avaya Aura® Session Manager</i>	Deploy an IP Office enterprise branch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementation Engineers • Solution Architects
03-604053	<i>Deploying IP Office as a Distributed Enterprise Branch in a Communication Server 1000 Environment with Avaya Aura® Session Manager</i>	Deploy an IP Office enterprise branch with CS 1000	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementation Engineers • Solution Architects
15-601042	<i>Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform IP500/IP500 V2</i>	Install an IP Office system using an IP500 or IP500 V2 control unit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementation Engineers • Solution Architects
Not numbered	<i>Implementing Avaya Aura® System Manager</i>	Implement System Manager and System Platform	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementation Engineers • Solution Architects

Document number	Title	Use this document to	Audience
555-245-600	<i>Avaya Application Solutions: IP Telephony Deployment Guide</i>	Understand deployment options and provide overview information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implementation Engineers Solution Architects Sales Engineers
15-601067	<i>Avaya IP Office Implementing Embedded Voicemail</i>	Implement Embedded Voicemail	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implementation Engineers
15-601064	<i>Avaya IP Office Implementing Voicemail Pro</i>	Implement Voicemail Pro	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implementation Engineers
Not numbered	<i>Avaya Port Matrix: IP Office 9.0</i> (available at https://support.avaya.com/security under the Avaya Product Port Matrix Documents link)	Determine the correct ports to use for the IP Office Branch solution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implementation Engineers Solution Architects
Not numbered	<i>IP Office: Avaya Radvision Installation Notes</i>	Deploy Radvision endpoints with IP Office	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implementation Engineers Solution Architects
Not numbered	<i>Avaya Aura[®] Communication Manager Release 6.2 and Radvision SCOPIA Release 7.7 and 8.0 Interoperability Day 180 Solution Quick Setup</i>	Deploy Radvision endpoints in the Avaya Aura [®] infrastructure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implementation Engineers Solution Architects
Administration			
15-604263	<i>Administering Centralized Users for an IP Office[™] Platform Enterprise Branch</i>	Add Centralized users to an enterprise branch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implementation Engineers
15-604268	<i>Migrating an IP Office or B5800 Branch Gateway to an IP Office Enterprise Branch</i>	Understand migration procedures for the IP Office Branch solution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implementation Engineers Solution Architects Administrators
Not numbered	<i>Administering Avaya Aura[®] System Manager</i>	Administer System Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implementation Engineers Solution Architects
03-603324	<i>Administering Avaya Aura[®] Session Manager</i>	Administer Session Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implementation Engineers Solution Architects
Not numbered	<i>Avaya IP Office Administering Embedded Voicemail</i>	Configure Embedded Voicemail	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implementation Engineers
15-601063	<i>Avaya IP Office Administering Voicemail Pro</i>	Configure Voicemail Pro	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implementation Engineers
Not numbered	<i>Avaya WebLM Administration Guide</i>	Administer a WebLM server	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implementation Engineers

Document number	Title	Use this document to	Audience
Not numbered	<i>Administering Avaya WebLM (standalone)</i>	Administer a standalone WebLM server	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementation Engineers
White Papers			
Not numbered	<i>Avaya IP Voice Quality Network Requirements</i>	Understand Avaya network requirements for good voice quality	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solution Architects • Reference Architects • Sales Engineers

Training

Obtain the following certifications before deploying or administering the IP Office Branch solution:

- ASPS — Avaya IP Office Deployed as a Branch
- ACSS — Avaya Aura® Session Manager and System Manager
- ACSS — Avaya Small and Medium Enterprise (SME) Communications

To obtain a certification, you must pass an exam. Each certification you obtain is valid for one year.

The following table lists the main IP Office Branch courses you must obtain. For a complete list of courses available for each certification assessment, visit the Avaya Learning web site at <http://www.avaya-learning.com/>.

Table 1: Courses for IP Office as a Branch Deployment

Course code	Course title
Knowledge Transfers (KTs)	
8U00010O	Knowledge Transfer: Avaya IP Office Deployed as a Branch Pre-GA KT
Knowledge Access License 5U00130E	
5U00130E_TH	Knowledge Access: IP Office Deployed as a Branch Theory
5U00130E_ATM	Knowledge Access: IP Office Deployed as a Branch Ask the Mentor
5U00130E_Lab	Knowledge Access: IP Office Deployed as a Branch Practise Lab Workshop

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 - Enter a key word or key words in the Search Channel to search for a specific product or topic.
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Web sites

Information to support IP Office can be found on a number of web sites.

- Avaya (<http://www.avaya.com>)

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- Avaya Enterprise Portal (<http://partner.avaya.com>)

This is the official web site for all Avaya Business Partners. The site requires registration for a user name and password. Once accessed, the site portal can be individually customized for what products and information types you wish to see and to be notified about by email.
- Avaya Support (<http://support.avaya.com>)

Contains documentation and other support materials for Avaya products.
- Avaya IP Office Knowledge Base (<http://marketingtools.avaya.com/knowledgebase>)

Provides access to an on-line regularly updated version of the IP Office Knowledge Base.
- Avaya University (<http://www.avaya-learning.com>)

This site provides access to the full range of Avaya training courses. That includes both on-line courses, course assessments and access to details of classroom based courses. The site requires users to register in order to provide the user with access to details of their training record.
- Avaya Community (<http://www.aucommunity.com>)

This is the official discussion forum for Avaya product users. However it does not include any separate area for discussion of IP Office issues.
- Other non-Avaya Web sites — There are several third-party web forums that discuss IP Office. These can be a useful source of information about how IP Office is used. Some of these

forums require you to be a member and to register. These are not official Avaya forums and their content is not monitored or sanctioned by Avaya.

- Tek-Tips (<http://www.tek-tips.com>)
- IP Office Info (<http://ipofficeinfo.com>)
- Yahoo Groups (<http://groups.yahoo.com/group/ipoffice>)
- PBX Tech (<http://www.pbxtech.info/forumdisplay.php?f=8>)

Support

Go to the Avaya Support website at <http://support.avaya.com> for the most up-to-date documentation, product notices, and knowledge articles. You can also search for release notes, downloads, and resolutions to issues. Use the online service request system to create a service request. Chat with live agents to get answers to questions, or request an agent to connect you to a support team if an issue requires additional expertise.

Chapter 2: IP Office as an enterprise branch overview

You can deploy IP Office as an enterprise branch to provide a communications solution that is adaptable to meet the growing needs of an enterprise branch network while providing investment protection of the installed hardware platform and phones. You can implement an IP Office enterprise branch on an IP Office Standard Mode, Essential, or Preferred system. The IP Office system can be installed as an independent, standalone branch, or be connected to the Avaya Aura® network and migrated to a Distributed, Centralized, or Mixed enterprise branch to provide specific features and applications to meet the needs of individual employees in each branch location.

In addition to centralized SIP endpoints or centralized analog devices configured as ATA, IP Office can concurrently support other IP and TDM endpoints for a community of Centralized users and IP Office users in the same branch. Ideal for enterprises wanting applications deployed in customer data centers or in the branch itself, an IP Office branch can effectively deliver a range of communication tools without complex infrastructure and administration. See *Administering Centralized Users for an IP Office™ Platform Enterprise Branch* for information on how to add Centralized users to an IP Office enterprise branch.

IP Office is also supported in an Avaya Communication Server 1000 (CS 1000) branch environment. Only the Distributed enterprise branch option is supported. IP Office can be deployed as a new branch in an existing CS 1000 configuration with the addition of Avaya Aura® Session Manager to which IP Office connects through the SM Line for branch connectivity. Providing phone investment protection, it can also be deployed as a replacement for Business Communications Manager (BCM) or Norstar in a branch office and connect to CS 1000 via Avaya Aura® Session Manager. IP Office cannot operate as a survivable gateway to CS 1000 endpoints the way that Survivable Remote Gateway (SRG) does.

Integration of IP Office with Communication Server 1000 is provided in a separate document. See *Deploying IP Office as a Distributed Enterprise Branch in a Communication Server 1000 Environment with Avaya Aura® Session Manager*, document number 03-604053.

Related Links

[Topology](#) on page 16

[Components](#) on page 19

Topology

The IP Office Branch solution provides the flexibility to support independent, stand-alone IP Office branches as well as IP Office branches connected to an Avaya Aura® system. The Branch solution also supports CS 1000 integration. The following deployment options are available for the solution architecture:

- **Stand-alone IP Office branch option:** Independent IP Office systems are deployed within the network. These IP Office systems are not connected to each other or to anything else in the network. With this option, the IP Office branches are not connected to an Avaya Aura® system and users cannot access any Avaya Aura® services.
- **Distributed enterprise branch deployment option:** All users in this deployment option are IP Office users. These IP Office users obtain telephony services from the local IP Office and not from Avaya Aura®. The IP Office systems in this deployment option can be connected to Avaya Aura® Session Manager and administrators can obtain Centralized management services through Avaya Aura® System Manager. The enterprise can choose to connect IP Office users in this deployment option to an IP Office voice mail system, Embedded Voicemail or VoiceMail Pro, or a Centralized voice mail system, such as Avaya Aura® Messaging or Avaya Modular Messaging. IP Office users in this deployment also have access to some Centralized Avaya Aura® applications and services.

With the Distributed branch deployment option, you can also connect CS 1000 to the IP Office in the branch through Avaya Aura® Session Manager. Users still obtain telephony services from the local IP Office, but can use Avaya CallPilot® as their voice mail system. When connected to CS 1000, the IP Office and CS 1000 interoperate as peers through Avaya Aura® Session Manager.

- **Centralized enterprise branch deployment option:** All users in the enterprise are Centralized users.

Centralized users register to Avaya Aura® Session Manager and obtain telephony services from the Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Feature Server or Evolution Server in the enterprise core. If WAN connectivity to the Avaya Aura® Session Manager is lost, the user automatically gets basic telephony services from the local IP Office. The telephony features provided by the IP Office in survivability mode is limited compared to the features that are normally provided to the Centralized phone.

Centralized users must be configured on the Avaya Aura® Session Manager, Communication Manager, and IP Office. A Centralized user must be configured on the Avaya Aura® Session Manager and Avaya Aura® Communication Manager as a SIP user. On the IP Office, the Centralized user must have either a SIP extension, an analog extension, or an analog fax device.

Table 2: Documentation terminology

This table shows the terminology used in the IP Office Branch documentation for Centralized users with SIP and analog extensions.

Terminology used	Definition
Centralized SIP user	Centralized user in the IP Office Branch with a SIP extension.
ATA user	Centralized user in the IP Office Branch with an analog extension or an analog fax device.

- **Mixed enterprise branch deployment option:** An enterprise branch with both Centralized users and IP Office users. Centralized users and IP Office users obtain the same telephony services described above. All users in this deployment option must use a Centralized voice mail system: Avaya Aura® Messaging or Avaya Modular Messaging.

The deployment options in the Branch solution allow you to start off with stand-alone IP Office systems and then slowly evolve the solution architecture into a Centralized environment as your enterprise grows.

The following image shows the topology of the solution architecture with the deployment options described above. This image does not show CS 1000 in the Distributed branch deployment.

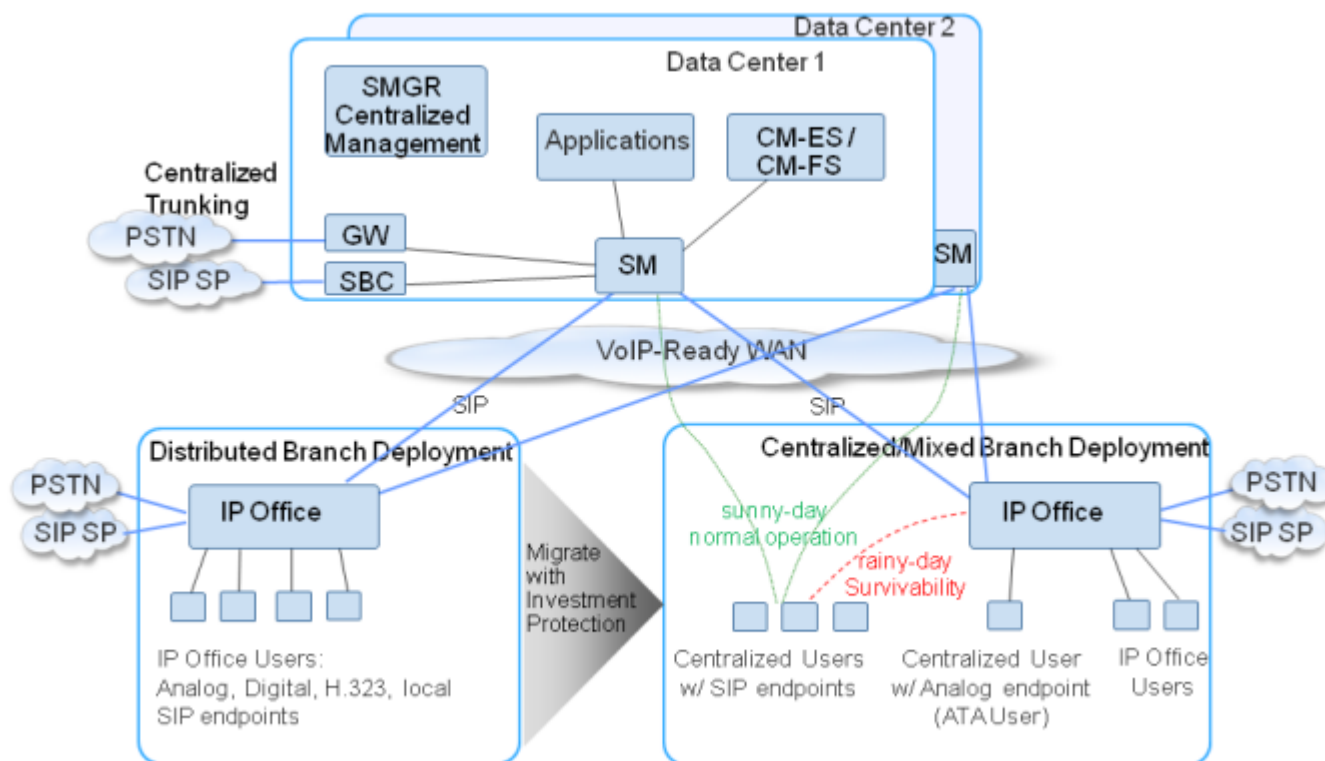


Figure 1: Topology of solution architecture

Related Links

[IP Office as an enterprise branch overview](#) on page 15

[Centralized management](#) on page 18

Centralized management

The primary method for configuring and managing the branches in an IP Office system that is deployed with one of the branch deployment options, is centrally using Avaya Aura® System Manager. Avaya Aura® System Manager is a central management system that delivers a set of shared management services and a common console for different components of the Avaya Aura® solution. System Manager provides a single access interface to administer multiple branch locations and multiple IP Office users and Centralized users. System Manager also launches IP Office Manager in the appropriate mode where you can remotely administer individual IP Office systems.

As an alternative to System Manager, you can use IP Office Manager that is directly connected to the IP Office to configure a branch locally when you need to administer an isolated branch or System Manager is not available. Using IP Office Manager, you are also able to add and manage users in the branch. IP Office Manager is an application for viewing and editing an IP Office system's configuration. It is included in the IP Office administration software suite. IP Office Manager is an off-line editor. It receives a copy of the system's current configuration settings. After changes are made to that copy and the file is saved, IP Office Manager automatically sends the file back to the system for those changes to become active.

Most of the tasks in this document to configure and manage the IP Office system are provided using Avaya Aura® System Manager. You are able to perform IP Office configuration directly from IP Office Manager as well. You can manage Voicemail Pro, UCM and Application Server using Avaya Aura® System Manager.

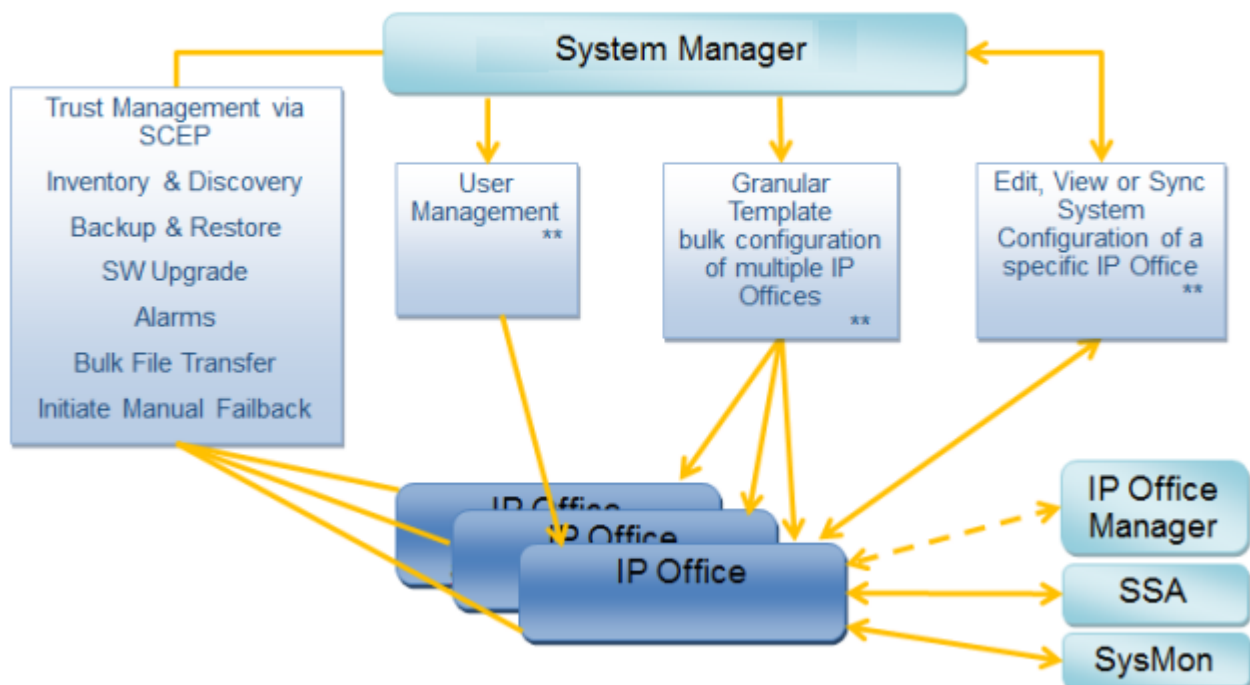
Avaya Aura® System Manager

Using Avaya Aura® System Manager R6.3.11, you are able to:

- Upgrade IP Office systems.
- Add IP Office devices from the network to System Manager.
- Create IP Office endpoint templates that are used to create IP Office users and Centralized users. These templates can be edited, duplicated, or deleted.
- Create IP Office system configuration templates that can be applied to selected IP Office systems. These templates are used for initial device provisioning. These templates can be edited, duplicated, or deleted.
- Upload and convert audio files to System Manager to be used in the IP Office System Configuration Auto Attendant feature.
- Manage IP Office system configurations. From System Manager, you are able to launch IP Office Manager to view or edit a system configuration. With this feature, you make changes directly to the IP Office device. You are able to apply the changes immediately or schedule the changes to run at a specified time.
- Manage IP Office security configuration. From System Manager, you are able to launch IP Office Manager to view or edit a system security configuration. With this feature, you make changes directly to the IP Office device.
- Create user templates. These templates can be edited or deleted. Templates can be created for Centralized users or IP Office users.
- Perform an IP Office backup with the option of storing the backup output in System Manager or creating a local backup where the system stores the backup output on the local storage attached to the IP Office device.

- Perform an IP Office restore. This feature allows you to restore:
 - a saved IP Office system configuration onto an IP Office from System Manager.
 - a backup of an IP Office system configuration onto an IP Office from the device SD card.
 - users from System Manager to the IP Office.
 - a saved IP Office system configuration and user from System Manager onto an IP Office.
- View events and alarms regarding various operations that occur on the IP Office.

IP Office Branch Deployments Management



** SMGR launches IP Office Manager in appropriate mode for different config actions

Note: SCEP is Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol

Related Links

[Topology](#) on page 16

Components

The IP Office system deployed as an enterprise branch is comprised of the following hardware components.

- **IP500v2 control unit** — The IP500v2 control unit stores the system configuration and performs the routing and switching for telephone calls and data traffic. It includes 4 slots for

optional base cards to support trunk and phone extension ports. The slots are numbered 1 to 4 from left to right. They can be used in any order; however, if the capacity for a particular type of card is exceeded, the card in the right-most slot will be disabled.

*** Note:**

IP Office in an enterprise branch deployment is supported only on the IP500v2 control unit.

- **System SD card** — The System SD card is a uniquely numbered dongle and has a serial number that must be used as the Host ID in the PLDS license file if the IP Office is operating with an individual license file and not with WebLM licensing. The System SD card also provides Embedded Voicemail support and storage for system software files. The card fits into a slot in the rear of the control unit.
- UCM and Application Server platforms.
- **Base cards** — The control unit has slots for up to 4 base cards. The base cards are used to add analog extension ports, digital extension ports, and voice compression channels. Each base card includes an integral front panel with ports for cable connections. The following base cards are supported:
 - **Digital station base card** — This card provides 8 digital station (DS) ports for the connection of Avaya digital phones other than IP phones. The card can be fitted with a trunk daughter card which uses the base card ports for trunk connection. A maximum of 3 digital station base cards are allowed per control unit.
 - **Analog phone base card** — This card is available in two variants, supporting either 2 or 8 analog phone ports. The card can be fitted with a trunk daughter card which uses the base card ports for trunk connection. A maximum of 4 analog phone base cards are allowed per control unit. The analog phone ports do not include a ringing capacitor. Where this is a requirement, connection should be via a Master socket containing ringing capacitors. If fitted with an analog trunk daughter card, during power failure phone port 8 is connected to analog trunk port 12.
 - **VCM base card** — This card is available in variants supporting either 32 or 64 Voice Compression Channels (VCM) for use with VoIP calls. A maximum of 2 VCM base cards are allowed per control unit. The card can be fitted with a trunk daughter card which uses the base card ports for trunk connection.
 - **4–port expansion base card** — This card adds an additional 4 expansion ports for external expansion modules. The card is supplied with four 2m yellow interconnect cables. This card does not accept any trunk daughter cards. A maximum of 1 4–port expansion base card is allowed per control unit (right-hand slot 4 only).
 - **BRI combination card** — This card provides 6 digital station ports (1-6), 2 analog extension ports (7-8) and 2 BRI trunk ports (9-10, 4 channels). The card also includes 10 VCM channels. This card has a pre-installed BRI trunk daughter card. A maximum of 2 BRI combination cards of any type are allowed per control unit.
 - **ATM combination card** — This card provides 6 digital station ports (1-6), 2 analog extension ports (7-8) and 4 analog trunk ports (9-12). The card also includes 10 VCM channels. This card has a pre-installed analog trunk daughter card. A maximum of 2 ATM combination cards of any type are allowed per control unit. The analog phone ports do not

- include a ringing capacitor. Where this is a requirement, connection should be via a Master socket containing ringing capacitors. If fitted with an analog trunk daughter card, during power failure phone port 8 is connected to analog trunk port 12.
- **TCM 8 card** — This card provides 8 digital station ports (1-8).
 - **Trunk daughter cards** — Most base cards can be fitted with a trunk daughter card to support the connection of trunks to the base card. The following trunk daughter cards are supported:
 - **Analog trunk card** — This card allows the base card to support 4 analog loop-start trunks. The analog phone ports do not include a ringing capacitor. Where this is a requirement, connection should be via a Master socket containing ringing capacitors. If fitted with an analog trunk daughter card, during power failure phone port 8 is connected to analog trunk port 12. A maximum of 4 analog trunk cards are allowed per control unit.
 - **BRI trunk card** — This card allows the base card to support up to 4 BRI trunk connections, each trunk providing 2B+D digital channels. The card is available in 2 port (4 channels) and 4 port (8 channels) variants. A maximum of 4 BRI trunk cards are allowed per control unit. For S-Bus connection, the card can be switched from To trunk mode to So mode. This mode requires additional terminating resistors and an ISDN crossover cable connection.
 - **PRI trunk card** — This card allows the base card to support up to 2 PRI trunk connections. The card is available in single and dual port variants. The card can be configured for E1 PRI, T1 robbed bit, T1 PRI or E1R2 PRI trunks. A maximum of 4 PRI trunk cards are allowed per control unit. The IP Office system supports 8 unlicensed B-channels on each IP500 PRI-U port fitted. Additional B-channels, up to the capacity of ports installed and PRI mode selected require Universal PRI (Additional Channels) licenses added to the configuration. These additional channels consume the licenses based on which additional channels are configured as in-service from port 9 of slot 1 upwards. D-channels are not affected by licensing.
 - **Combination cards** — Combination cards are pre-paired base and trunk daughter cards. They provide 6 digital station ports, 2 analog phone ports, 10 VCM channels and either 4 analog trunk ports or 4 BRI channels (2 ports). The trunk daughter card cannot be removed or replaced with another type of trunk daughter card.
 - **External expansion modules** — External expansion modules are used to add additional analog and digital ports. If the control unit is fitted with a 4-port expansion base card, then up to 12 external expansion modules are supported. The following external expansion modules are supported:
 - **Analog trunk module** — This module provides an additional 16 analog ports for connection of analog trunks. It supports both loop-start and ground-start trunks.
 - **BRI So8 module** — This module provides 8 ETSI BRI-So ports for the connection of ISDN devices. This module is not intended to support BRI trunks.
 - **Digital station module** — This module provides, depending on variant, an additional 16 or 30 DS ports for supported Avaya digital phones.
 - **Phone module** — This module provides, depending on variant, an additional 16 or 30 phone ports for analog phones.

- **Power supplies** — The control unit has an internal power supply unit. Each external expansion module is supplied with an external power supply unit. Additional power supply units may also be required for IP phones and some phone add-ons.
- **Power cords** — Depending on the locale, different power cords need to be ordered for each control unit, external expansion module, and any phones or devices using external power supply units.
- **Mounting kits** — The control unit can be used free-standing, with external expansion modules stacked above it. With optional rack mounting kits, the control unit and external expansion modules can also be rack mounted. Alternatively, with an optional wall mounting kit the control unit can be wall mounted. However, the control unit cannot support any external expansion modules when wall mounted.
- **Surge protectors and barrier boxes** — Where the installation includes extensions in other buildings, additional protective equipment is required. This equipment may also be required in areas where the lightning risk is high.
- **Phones** — IP Office systems support a variety of Avaya digital and IP phones plus analog phones.
- **Application DVDs** — The IP Office applications can be ordered on a number of DVDs. In addition they can be downloaded from the IP Office section of the Avaya support web site (<http://support.avaya.com>). The IP Office administration software applications are provided on the application DVDs.

For more information about the system components, see *Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform IP500/IP500 V2*, document number 15-601042.

Related Links

[IP Office as an enterprise branch overview](#) on page 15

[Supported telephones](#) on page 22

[IP Office branch interoperability](#) on page 23

Supported telephones

IP Office deployed in an Avaya Aura® branch environment supports all IP Office phones. IP Office phones are used by IP Office users. These users were earlier referred to as Distributed, Local, or Native users. For more information about IP Office phones, see *Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform IP500/IP500 V2*, document number 15-601042.

In addition to the IP Office phones, the following Centralized phones are supported in branches deployed as Centralized or Mixed enterprise branches:

- 9620 SIP 2.6
- 9630 SIP 2.6
- 9640 SIP 2.6
- 9650 SIP 2.6
- 9601 SIP 6.2.2

- 9608 SIP 6.2.2
- 9611G SIP 6.2.2
- 9621G SIP 6.2.2
- 9641G SIP 6.2.2
- Avaya one-X® Communicator SIP 6.2 (audio only)

*** Note:**

The 9600 series SIP phones and Avaya one-X® Communicator SIP are supported only as Centralized phones for use by Centralized users. They are not supported as IP Office phones for use by IP Office users.

- The 1100 and 1200 series phones are supported as IP Office users or as Centralized users.
- E.129 series phones are supported as IP Office users or as Centralized users.
- B.179 series phones are supported as IP Office users or as Centralized users.

For information about centralized phones and adding Centralized users to an enterprise branch, see *Administering Centralized Users for an IP Office™ Platform Enterprise Branch*.

Video endpoints in an IP Office branch can be connected over the WAN to the central Avaya Aura® infrastructure where they are used by Avaya Aura® users. In this deployment, the endpoints are physically located in a branch where Centralized users use Centralized phones. However, the endpoints are not considered as Centralized endpoints because they do not failover to IP Office in Rainy day like Centralized phones.

For more information about Radvision video endpoints in an enterprise branch deployment, see *Avaya IP Office™ Platform in a Branch Environment Reference Configuration*, document number 15-604253.

For information about installing Radvision video endpoints in an enterprise branch deployment, see *Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Release 6.2 and Radvision ScopiaRelease 7.7 Interoperability Day 90 Solution Quick Setup*.

Related Links

[Components](#) on page 19

IP Office branch interoperability

The IP Office in the branch can interoperate with other applications and services. For more information about IP Office branch interoperability, see <http://support.avaya.com/CompatibilityMatrix/Index.aspx>.

Centralized SIP users in the branch connect directly to Avaya Aura® Session Manager in sunny-day and have full access to all central applications and services that the Avaya Aura® solution provides to SIP users. IP Office users in the branch cannot access all the features provided through the Avaya Aura® solution. Users in a stand-alone IP Office branch deployment do not have access to any of the centralized applications and services.

Differences in service for IP Office users and Centralized users

IP Office users and Centralized users cannot access all of the services offered through the products listed above. The following table describes the services available to the different users.

Products	Description
Avaya Aura® Session Manager	Used by Centralized users and IP Office users, but plays an enhanced role for Centralized users. For Centralized users, Session Manager is the main interface that handles user registration and call routing.
Avaya Aura® Conferencing	Avaya Aura® Conferencing services can be accessed by IP Office users and Centralized users, but certain services are not available to IP Office users. IP Office users can dial in to an Avaya Aura® Conferencing bridge and be participants in an Avaya Aura® ad hoc conference. However, IP Office users cannot initiate ad-hoc Avaya Aura® conferences or perform conference control functions.
Avaya Aura® Call Center Elite	IP Office users cannot have agent roles. Only Centralized users can perform agent roles within the branch. In Sunny day, the Centralized user is registered to Session Manager and has full agent access. In Rainy day, the Centralized user in the branch is unavailable and no longer accessible to the Avaya Call Center. The Centralized user's phone registers to the IP Office in Rainy day and obtains access to the survivable telephony features supported by IP Office. When Sunny day returns, the Centralized user will reregister to Session Manager and again be available to the Avaya Call Center.
Avaya Aura® Presence Services	Centralized users can use Avaya Aura® Presence Services. IP Office users cannot use Avaya Aura® Presence Services. IP Office can only use IP Office Presence, which requires Avaya one-X® Portal to be deployed in each branch on Unified Communications Module or on an external server. No interaction is currently supported between IP Office and Avaya Aura® Presence Services.
Avaya Aura® Messaging	When the connection to the Avaya Aura® network is down, the Message Waiting Indicator button does not light up to indicate a new message. When the connection to the Avaya Aura® network is restored, the Message Waiting Indicator continues working as expected for Centralized users. However, for IP Office users, the Avaya Aura® Messaging server does not refresh immediately so even after the connection to the Avaya Aura® network is restored, the Message Waiting Indicator does not light up immediately to indicate a new message.
Lync Integration client plug-in	The IP Office Lync Integration client plug-in is available to IP Office users. It requires Avaya one-X® Portal to be installed in each branch on a Unified Communications Module or an external server. The IP Office Lync Integration client plug-in cannot be used by Centralized users. Centralized users in sunny-day can use ACA R6.3, which supports integration with the Avaya SIP phones using Session Manager. This

Products	Description
	sunny-day support does not involve IP Office. In rainy-day, when the branch loses connection to the center, the Lync integration of the Centralized users through ACA R6.3 will not be available.
CS 1000 and Avaya CallPilot®	Only available in a distributed branch deployment connected to CS 1000. With this option, IP Office users can use Avaya CallPilot® as their voice mail system.
Radvision Scopia	<p>Radvision Endpoints are video endpoints for IP Office. Using this option, IP Office devices can join or dial out from a meeting. NAT Firewall traversal is offered to enable outside to/from inside video calls. This enables Internet based endpoints to make calls to video endpoints or meeting rooms in a company network.</p> <p>The Elite MCU series supported with IP Office are Elite 5100 MCU Series and Elite 5200 MCU Series.</p>
AvayaSession Border Controller R6.3	<p>This is applicable to Distributed, Mixed, and Centralized branch deployments and includes the following types of calls:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Local SIP trunk - Session Border Controller - IP Office - IP Office user • Local SIP trunk - Session Border Controller - IP Office - Session Manager - Centralized users (in sunny-day) • Local SIP trunk - Session Border Controller - IP Office - Centralized users (in rainy-day) • Local SIP trunk - Session Border Controller - IP Office - Session Manager - users in headquarters or other enterprise sites • Central SIP trunk - Session Border Controller - Session Manager - IP Office - IP Office user • Central SIP trunk - Session Border Controller - Session Manager - Centralized users • IP Office remote worker - Session Border Controller - IP Office - Session Manager - users in headquarters or in other enterprise sites • IP Office remote worker - Session Border Controller - IP Office - Session Manager - Centralized users in a Mixed branch (in sunny-day) • IP Office remote worker - Session Border Controller - IP Office - Centralized users in a Mixed branch (in rainy-day) • IP Office remote worker - Session Border Controller - IP Office - Session Manager - voicemail services on Avaya Aura® Messaging/ Modular Messaging. • Avaya Aura® remote worker - Session Border Controller - Session Manager - IP Office - IP Office user
Avaya BCM R6.0	This enhancement positions IP Office as a SIP gateway between BCM and an Session Manager.



Products	Description
Avaya Aura® Experience Portal R7.0	IP Office is only supported within the Feature Pack 4 System Manager.
Voice Portal R5.1	Provides only basic connectivity support with IP Office.
Avaya Aura® Communication Manager R6.3.8	IP Office is only supported within the Feature Pack 4 System Manager.

Related Links


[Components](#) on page 19

Chapter 3: Deployment process

Following are the high-level tasks required to deploy an IP Office system as an enterprise branch connected to Avaya Aura® Session Manager.

No.	Task	See
1	Install the IP Office system hardware and software.	<i>Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform IP500/ IP500 V2</i>
	You need to complete planning before the initial setup.	
2	Perform initial configuration tasks, such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Set up System Manager to launch IP Office Manager • Install the shared PLDS license file on the System Manager WebLM server • Generate a certificate on System Manager • Run the Initial Configuration utility • Configure the SCEP and security settings for the IP Office system • Add the IP Office systems to System Manager • Administer an SM Line for each branch 	Initial setup and connectivity on page 37
3	Configure Session Manager to support calls to and from the IP Office systems.	Configuration on page 145
4	Configure the voicemail system that the IP Office system will use.	Configuring voicemail on page 115
5	Add IP Office users to System Manager.  Note: After you complete this step, you have deployed a Distributed enterprise branch.	User administration on page 154
6	Add Centralized users to System Manager.  Note: When you add Centralized users to System Manager, you are deploying a Mixed or Centralized enterprise branch. A Mixed enterprise branch has both IP Office users and Centralized users located in the same branch. A Centralized enterprise branch has only Centralized users located in the branch.	See Adding Centralized users in <i>Administering Centralized Users for an IP Office™ Platform Enterprise Branch</i>

Deployment process

No.	Task	See
7	Optionally, add a standalone SAL gateway for remote service.	Standalone SAL Gateway for remote service on page 162
8	<p>Deploy IP Office as a Distributed enterprise branch in a Communication Server 1000 (CS 1000) environment.</p> <p> Note: For CS 1000 environments, further configuration is required in addition to tasks 1 – 5 listed above. Task 6 above does not apply to this configuration because Centralized users are not supported in IP Office and CS 1000 deployments.</p>	See CS 1000 and IP Office Distributed deployment in <i>Deploying IP Office as a Distributed Enterprise Branch in a Communication Server 1000 Environment with Avaya Aura Session Manager</i>

Chapter 4: Planning

Before you begin the configuration required to deploy the IP Office system as an enterprise branch, you should already have determined the deployment issues listed in the table below.

#	Task	Description	Notes	✓
1	List the dial plan options.	Consider the dial plan you are configuring for the system and each branch.	IP Office supports dial plans comprising of branch prefix and local number length.	
2	Download the licenses required for the installation.	The licenses required for the installation.	A WebLM license is required by each IP Office branch in order to use the WebLM server licensing model.	
3	Select the Branch PSTN call route.	Consider the route for outgoing PSTN calls.		
4	Select the voicemail solution that you are going to deploy.	The supported voicemail solutions are: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Embedded Voicemail• Voicemail Pro• Avaya Aura® Messaging• Modular Messaging		
5	Select the network for VoIP	Use this option to route voice traffic across internal and external data links.		

Related Links

[Prerequisites](#) on page 30

[Network assessment for VoIP requirements](#) on page 30

[Planning considerations](#) on page 31

Prerequisites

Depending upon the deployment, the following applications and servers must be installed and configured before the IP Office is installed.

- If you are going to connect the IP Office to an enterprise over the WAN, Avaya Aura® Session Manager R6.3.3 must be installed and configured at the headquarters location.
- If you are going to centrally manage the IP Office systems, Avaya Aura® System Manager R6.3.3 must be installed and configured at the headquarters location.
- If you are going to use centralized licensing by WebLM, an Avaya Aura® System Manager WebLM server or a standalone WebLM server must be installed and configured. The WebLM server can be located at the headquarters location or anywhere in the network as long as the IP Office systems can access it on the network.
- If you are going to deploy IP Office systems with the Centralized enterprise branch deployment option, Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Feature Server or Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Evolution Server must be installed and configured as a feature server or evolution server at the headquarters location.

! **Important:**

In IP Office Centralized or Mixed enterprise branch deployments where there are Centralized users, you must enable the Initial IP-IP Direct Media parameter in Avaya Aura® Communication Manager. This is required to prevent media flow from unnecessarily crossing the WAN to a central Communication Manager media resource. Enabling this parameter is especially important for the following types of calls:

- Calls between Centralized users within the branch
- Calls between Centralized users and local IP Office trunks

For more information, see *Configuring direct media on Communication Manager in Administering Centralized Users for an IP Office™ Platform Enterprise Branch*.

- To report alarms and receive remote support, a stand-alone Secure Access Link (SAL) Gateway, R2.0 or higher must be deployed.

***** **Note:**

System Platform's virtual SAL gateway is not supported.

Related Links

[Planning](#) on page 29

Network assessment for VoIP requirements

IP Office is a converged telephony system, that is, it combines aspects of traditional PABX telephone systems and IP data and telephony systems. This works at various levels.

- Individual phone users can control the operation of their phone through applications running on their PC.

- Data traffic can be routed from the LAN interface to a telephony trunk interface, for example a dial-up ISP connection.
- Voice traffic can be routed across internal and external data links. This option is referred to as voice over IP (VoIP).

The VoIP mode of operation can include IP trunks between customer systems and/or SIP telephones for users. In either case the following factors must be considered:

- The IP Office control unit must be fitted with voice compression channels. These channels are used whenever an IP device (trunk or extension) needs to communicate with a non-IP device (trunk or extension) or a device that uses a different codec.
- A network assessment is a mandatory requirement for all systems using VoIP. For support issues with VoIP, Avaya may request access to the network assessment results and may refuse support if those are not available or satisfactory.

A network assessment includes a determination of the following:

- A network audit to review existing equipment and evaluate its capabilities, including its ability to meet both current and planned voice and data needs.
- A determination of network objectives, including the dominant traffic type, choice of technologies, and setting voice quality objectives.
- The assessment should leave you confident that the implemented network will have the capacity for the foreseen data and voice traffic, and can support SIP, DHCP, TFTP and jitter buffers in SIP applications.
- An outline of the expected network assessment targets is:

Test	Minimum Assessment Target
Latency	Less than 150ms
Packet Loss	Less than 3%
Duration	Monitor statistics once every minute for a full week

Related Links

[Planning](#) on page 29

Planning considerations

The following sections describe considerations and decisions you must make before deploying IP Office™ Platform as an Enterprise Branch.

Related Links

[Planning](#) on page 29

[Dial plan considerations](#) on page 32

[Voicemail considerations](#) on page 35

[Branch PSTN call routing considerations](#) on page 36

Dial plan considerations

A uniform dial plan greatly simplifies configuration, management and phone calls within the network branch sites. For example, if each branch has similar roles such as reception, manager and warehouse, using the same extension number for each role and a unique prefix for each branch allows calls between sites with little need for directory lookups. It also means a standard configuration can be used at branches which simplifies installation, user training and maintenance.

IP Office supports dial plans comprised of the branch prefix and local number length for IP Office users and enterprise-wide extensions for Centralized users.

Branch prefix and local number length for IP Office users

Dial plans comprised of the branch prefix and local number length for IP Office users should not exceed 15 digits. The **Branch Prefix** field and the **Local Number Length** field appear in IP Office Manager under **System > Telephony > SM** tab.

The branch prefix enables IP Office users to have short extension numbers within the local branch but appear to the rest of the enterprise to have unique full enterprise-wide numbers in enterprise canonical format. If a number is configured in the **Branch Prefix** field, it causes automatic conversion of the IP Office users' extension numbers in calls to and from the SM Line. The branch prefix is added as a prefix to the IP Office user's extension number when it appears as the calling number in calls sent to the SM Line. Similarly, it is added to the extension number when it appears in Diversion-Header or History-Info in calls sent over the SM Line to centralized voicemail.

In calls received from the SM Line, if the called number starts with the branch prefix, the prefix is removed and the IP Office will try to target the remaining number locally, to a non-centralized extension or hunt group. If there is no match, IP Office will target it to any matching system short code. If the called number does not start with the branch prefix, the whole number is checked for a match against system short codes.

Centralized users (SIP or ATA) can call local IP Office users in the same branch by dialing the full enterprise number composed of the branch prefix plus local extension number, and IP Office will remove the branch prefix and target the local extension. This may be needed if short-form dialing is not set up on the centralized Avaya Aura[®] Communication Manager for Sunny day and the Centralized users are accustomed to dialing the full number.

IP Office users cannot call other local IP Office users in the same branch by dialing the full enterprise number composed of the branch prefix plus local extension number.

Note:

This could be enabled in Sunny day if there is a short code in the IP Office configuration that matches the branch prefix and routes it to the SM Line. But it cannot be enabled in Rainy day. Users should not be instructed to dial differently in Sunny day and Rainy day. Therefore, enabling IP Office users to be able to call other local IP Office users in the same branch by dialing the full enterprise number should not be enabled for Sunny day.

When a call is made by any source on the IP Office system and short code matching targets the SM Line, if the target (the dialed number) starts with the branch prefix, the branch prefix is removed and the call is targeted locally. This does not apply if the target is the extension number of a Centralized user or Centralized group configured on the IP Office. In this case, the call is handled as specified below and in Sunny day it will be sent to Session Manager.

The branch prefix is expected to be used in Distributed enterprise branch deployments and it is expected to be left blank in Centralized enterprise branch deployments. In Mixed enterprise branch deployments, the branch prefix can be left blank or used. If left blank, the IP Office users' extension numbers will have to be the full enterprise number. If used, the IP Office users' extension numbers will be shorter than the Centralized users' extension numbers.

The **Local Number Length** field sets the default length for extension numbers. If an extension number of a different length is configured, a warning appears. The **Local Number Length** field can be left blank. In Mixed enterprise branch deployments, if the **Branch Prefix** field is not blank, and the Centralized users and IP Office users have extension numbers of different lengths, then it is recommended to leave the **Local Number Length** field blank.

Enterprise-wide extensions for Centralized users

The extension number configured on IP Office for the Centralized user is the user's enterprise-wide number. This is the same number that is configured for that user on Session Manager, which is the number that the centralized phone uses when registering to Session Manager in Sunny day and when registering to IP Office in Rainy day.

Centralized users' extension numbers can be up to 13 digits in length. (Note that IP Office users' extensions can be up to 9 digits in length.)

* Note:

Although IP Office deployed as a Centralized branch supports extension numbers up to 15 digits, the 13-digit length is determined by the maximum extension number length allowed for provisioning Centralized users in Communication Manager.

The IP Office **Branch Prefix** field, which causes number modifications for IP Office users' extension numbers, does not impact Centralized users' extension numbers when they appear as calling number or as called number.

Centralized users may have extension numbers that are not related to the local IP Office branch prefix or numbers that begin with the same digits as the IP Office branch prefix. If Centralized users have extension numbers that begin with the same digits as the IP Office branch prefix, the Centralized users' extension numbers look like the IP Office users' extension numbers to the rest of the enterprise. This enables users to keep their numbers when migrating from a Distributed enterprise branch to a Centralized enterprise branch.

Targeting/routing to Centralized users

Calls to centralized users, which can arrive from different sources, are sent to the SM Line in Sunny day and are targeted to the Centralized user's extension locally in Rainy day. Both Sunny day and Rainy day call handling are done automatically by matching the called number to the Centralized user's extension number.

IP Office can manage calls to Centralized users that are dialed to the Centralized user's full extension number, or calls that are dialed using short-form dialing. To support short-form dialing, the global parameter Short Form Dialing Length must be configured. The **Short Form Dialing Length** field appears in IP Office Manager under **System > Telephony** tab > **SM** tab. Configuration of this feature allows IP Office to treat the last *N* digits (where *N* is the number configured for the Short Form Dialing Length) as an alias to that user's extension number.

Short-form dialing from Centralized phones

The Sunny day conversion from the dialed short-form number (for example, 1111) to the enterprise canonical extension number (for example, 5381111) is done by the Communication Manager

Feature Server (CM-FS) or Communication Manager Evolution Server (Communication Manager-ES) based on the caller's location. When a Centralized user makes a call in Sunny day, the call goes directly from the Centralized phone to Session Manager, and IP Office is not involved at this stage. Session Manager first sends the call to the Communication Manager-FS or Communication Manager-ES responsible for calling the Centralized user for origination-side features. That Communication Manager performs the called-number conversion from the dialed short-form to the enterprise canonical number, and sends the call back to Session Manager with the called number modified to the enterprise-canonical number. Session Manager then sequences the call to other applications, if any, and then routes the call based on the enterprise-canonical number. This conversion in Communication Manager is based on Communication Manager configuration of a per-branch location via ip-network-map and ip-network-region forms, as well as Communication Manager per-location AAR analysis to identify the short-form dialed number and per-location route pattern which modifies the called number before sending to Session Manager.

For Rainy day calls made from one Centralized user to another Centralized user, the IP Office Short Form Dialing Length has to be set.

Related Links

[Planning considerations](#) on page 31

[Dial plan example](#) on page 34

Dial plan example

To describe a dial plan example, we have created Acme Travel, a travel agency with a growing number of branches. Each branch follows the same pattern, with extensions for a branch manager and a small team of travel consultants in a sales group.

Given the nature of the business, branch users need to make national and international calls. The company has taken advantage of a bulk call contracts from its headquarters site so wants such calls routed via the headquarters site wherever possible. In addition, the branch staff want to keep their branch phone numbers.

For our examples we have used the following dial plan for each branch site:

- **3-digit branch prefixes beginning with 8** — A 3-digit branch prefix in the range 800 to 899. This allows us up to 100 branches yet keeps call routing simple. Any dialing at a branch that begins with an 8 can be assumed to be a call to a branch number and can be routed to the Avaya Aura[®] Session Manager for routing to the correct branch.
- **3-digit extension numbers beginning with 2** — 3-digit extension numbers for all extensions and hunt groups starting from 200. This is the default numbering used by IP Office.

SIP extensions may have very different numbering. However, even here, adopting elements of the uniform dial plan will simplify management and usage. For the SIP extension in our examples we have used a dial plan that has 6-digit extension numbers of which the first 3 digits are equal to the branch prefix. This allows users that migrate from a Distributed enterprise branch to a Centralized enterprise branch to keep their same numbers. The numbers for the SIP extensions can also be different and don't necessarily have to share common first digits.

- 3-digit branch numbers beginning with 8, ie. 800 to 899.
- 3-digit IP Office user extension numbers beginning with 2, ie. 200 to 299.

- 6-digit Centralized user extension numbers of which the first 3 digits are equal to the branch prefix e.g. 811250.
- Dial 9 prefix for outgoing PSTN calls.
- National and international calls allowed but routed via the headquarters site's PSTN trunks.
- Where a national call matches a branch location, it should be routed to the PSTN via that branch.
- Local calls allowed from each branch using its own PSTN trunks.
- Modular Messaging at the headquarters site provides voicemail services to all employees.
- The LAN on each branch has a unique IP address, 192.168.42.1, 192.168.44.1 and so on.
- National calls are made via the branch's PSTN trunks when the branch data connection to the headquarters site is not available or at maximum capacity.
- Modular Messaging fallback via PSTN.

This example assumes that all the branches were initially set up with the default North American locale. For IP Office that means that a dial 9 prefix is used for external calls. For calls in other locales or between branches in different locales, the example will need to be adjusted to ensure that the resulting number received at the remote branch will be routed to an external PSTN trunk and is suitable for external dialing.

Related Links

[Dial plan considerations](#) on page 32

Voicemail considerations

The IP Office system uses its Embedded Voicemail by default. However, a number of other voicemail options are supported.

- **Embedded Voicemail** — Embedded Voicemail uses the system SD card in the IP Office system control unit for storage of prompts and messages. Embedded Voicemail supports mailboxes for all local extension numbers, announcements to waiting callers, and auto attendants (up to 40) for external calls. Its capacity is limited to 15 hours of recorded messages, prompts and announcements.
- **Voicemail Pro** — Voicemail Pro runs on a server PC connected to IP Office and provides a wide range of features. Voicemail Pro is the only option that supports manual call recording for IP Office users and automatic call recording for the IP Office system.
- **Avaya Aura Messaging** — The IP Office system can be configured to use Avaya Aura Messaging as its voicemail server when Session Manager is used as the core SIP router. When Avaya Aura Messaging is used as the central voicemail system, at each branch you have the option to still use the local Embedded Voicemail or Voicemail Pro for auto attendant operation and for announcements to waiting calls.
- **Modular Messaging** — The IP Office system can be configured to use Modular Messaging as its voicemail server when Session Manager is used as the core SIP router. When Modular Messaging is used as the central voicemail system, at each branch you have the option to use

Embedded Voicemail to provide auto-attendant operation and announcements for waiting calls or Voicemail Pro for customized call flow actions created for the mailbox.

The Park and Page feature is supported when the system voicemail type is configured as Embedded Voicemail or Voicemail Pro. Park and Page is also supported on systems where Avaya Aura Messaging or Modular Messaging is configured as the central voicemail system and the local Embedded Voicemail provides auto attendant operation, or Voicemail Pro provides customized call flow actions created for the mailbox.

The Park and Page feature allows a call to be parked while a page is made to a hunt group or extension.

Related Links

[Planning considerations](#) on page 31

[Voicemail options](#) on page 115

Branch PSTN call routing considerations

Each IP Office system can support its own external PSTN trunks. When deployed in an Avaya Aura® network, you have considerable flexibility over where outgoing PSTN calls should emerge from the network and similarly where incoming calls should be routed.

For examples of some of the options available, see [Branch PSTN call routing examples](#) on page 167. The examples demonstrate the following options:

- [Centralized call control](#) on page 167 — External calls at a branch site can be rerouted to be dialed out at another site. This can be done for reasons of call cost and call control. For example, the central site may have a bulk call tariff for national and international calls that would benefit all branches.
- [Branch PSTN Override](#) on page 170 — Having configured the branch to send outgoing external calls to the Avaya Aura® Session Manager for onward routing, there may be cases where a specific number should still be routed via the branches own PSTN trunks.
- [PSTN Fallback](#) on page 172 — The IP Office can be configured to allow some calls that would normally use the SM Line to be routed via the PSTN when the SM Line is not available.

The various methods used in the these examples can be combined to match the customer's needs. However the main aim should be as follows:

- To keep the branch configuration as generic as possible, i.e. to use the same PSTN call control in all branch configurations. This simplifies maintenance of multiple branches.
- To centralize as much of the PSTN call control in the Avaya Aura® Session Manager as possible. Again this simplifies maintenance and control.

Related Links

[Planning considerations](#) on page 31

Chapter 5: Initial setup and connectivity


This chapter provides the initial setup tasks required to deploy an IP Office system as an enterprise branch. This chapter is for new IP Office installations. To migrate an existing IP Office or B5800 Branch Gateway to IP Office, see *Migrating an IP Office or B5800 Branch Gateway to an IP Office Enterprise Branch*, document number 15-604268.

Initial setup and connectivity checklist

Use this checklist to set up and connect an IP Office system in a Distributed or Centralized enterprise branch deployment.

#	Description	Section	✓
1	Confirm that the version of Avaya Aura® System Manager is 6.2 FP4 SP2 (6.3.10.7.2683).		
2	Download IP Office Manager onto the System Manager server.	Setting up System Manager to launch IP Office on page 40 * Note: This task is not required if you have downloaded the AdminLite.exe file using the Upgrade Management link in System Manager.	
3	Install the shared PLDS license file on the System Manager WebLM server.	Installing the shared PLDS license file on the System Manager WebLM server on page 47 * Note: If you are using individual license files, and not centralized licensing by WebLM, see Support for individual license files in <i>Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform as an Enterprise Branch with Avaya Aura® Session Manager</i> for information about installing individual license files.	
	* Note: Steps 1 through 3 only need to be performed one time. They do not need to be performed for each new IP Office.		

4	Configure IP Office to request required licenses from WebLM.	Configuring IP Office to request required licenses from WebLM on page 47	
5	Prepare Avaya Aura® System Manager to issue an identity certificate for the IP Office system.	Preparing System Manager to issue an identity certificate for IP Office on page 57	
6	Run the Initial Configuration utility. The Initial Configuration utility provides configuration and security settings that minimize initial installation activities and maximize security.	Running the Initial Configuration utility on page 60 <p>* Note:</p> <p>When you run the Initial Configuration utility, the Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol (SCEP) and security settings are automatically configured for the IP Office system and a security certificate is automatically installed on the IP Office.</p> <p>If you do not run the Initial Configuration utility, you must manually configure the SCEP and security settings on the IP Office. This is not the preferred method, but can be used as an alternative. For more information, see <i>Manually configuring the IP Office for SCEP in Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform as an Enterprise Branch with Avaya Aura® Session Manager</i>.</p>	
7	Add each IP Office to System Manager.	Discovering IP Offices on page 65 <p>In this task, you add the branch to System Manager by identifying the subnet IP address in which the branch is located. This task must be performed for each IP Office that you want to manage from System Manager.</p> <p>As an alternative, you can also use one of the following methods to add the IP Office systems to System Manager:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bulk importing of devices on page 67. This method requires that you first add each IP Office to an xml file. The xml file is then used to import the devices to System Manager. • Adding the IP Offices to System Manager on page 68. In this task, you manually add each branch to System Manager by identifying the IP address of the IP Office. This task must be performed for each IP Office that you want to manage from System Manager. 	
8	Confirm that WebLM licensing for the branch is enabled.	Enabling WebLM licensing for the branch on page 69	
9	Create a system template. (Optional)	Creating a system template on page 70	
10	Upload an auto attendant audio file. (Optional)	Uploading an auto attendant audio file on page 70	

11	Apply the system template to one or more branches. (Optional)	Applying the system template on page 75	
12	Create an endpoint template.	Creating an endpoint template on page 75  Note: You must create an IP Office endpoint template. You cannot add a user in System Manager unless an endpoint template has been created.	
13	Disable unused trunks.	Disabling unused trunks on page 76	
14	Set a trunk clock quality setting.	Setting a trunk clock quality setting on page 78	
15	Set trunk prefixes.	Setting the trunk prefixes on page 79	
16	Enable SIP trunk support.	Enabling SIP trunk support on page 81	
17	Set the branch prefix and local number length for the extension numbering.	Setting the branch prefix and local number length for extension numbering on page 82	
18	Configure system-wide security for the SM Line(s) and Centralized phones	Configuring system-wide security for the SM Line and Centralized phones on page 83	
19	Change the default codec selection.	Changing the default codec selection on page 86	
20	Add an SM Line.	Adding an SM Line on page 87 This procedure includes the steps to configure TLS transport for the SM Line.	
21	Add a second SM Line for redundancy.	SM Line redundancy on page 94	
22	Set up outgoing call routing.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Setting up outgoing call routing on page 97 • For information on routing back to the branch for fallback alternate routes, see Branch PSTN call routing examples in <i>Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform as an Enterprise Branch with Avaya Aura® Session Manager</i>. 	
23	Configure the type of voicemail system the branch will use.	Voicemail options on page 115	
24	Enable branch SIP extension support.	Enabling branch SIP extension support on page 99	

Setting up Avaya Aura[®] System Manager to start IP Office

About this task

From the administration personal computer, you can use the full version of IP Office Manager available on the IP Office Administrator Applications DVD or IP Office Manager Lite that is available in the `IPOAdminLite.exe` file to view and edit an IP Office system configuration or security configuration from System Manager. System Manager starts either version of IP Office Manager in the appropriate mode for the configuration task that was initiated, such as endpoint or template configuration.

If you use IP Office that was installed from the IP Office Administrator Applications DVD, you must ensure the version installed on the administration computer is the same version of IP Office Manager that is downloaded to System Manager. If the products are not the same version, you must either upgrade the version of IP Office Manager on the administration computer or you must update the version of IP Office Manager in System Manager. To update the version in System Manager, update the parameter **abg_b5800_mgr_version** in the file `/opt/Avaya/ABG/<version>/tools/ManagerSFXVersion.properties` with the version of IP Office Manager that is installed on the administration computer.

To use IP Office Manager Lite to manage the IP Office systems, download the `AdminLite.exe` file to the System Manager server as follows:

* Note:

You do not have to perform this task if you have downloaded the `AdminLite.exe` file using Software Management in System Manager.

Procedure

1. Download the `AdminLite-xxx.exe` file, where `xxx` is the version string.

For example, you can download `AdminLite-9.0(38).exe` from <http://plds.avaya.com>.

2. Transfer the `AdminLite-xxx.exe` file to the System Manager server to the directory `/opt/Avaya/ABG/<version>/tools`, where `<version>` refers to the System Manager version. .

For example, you might transfer to `/opt/Avaya/ABG/6.3.8/tools`.

Use any SCP or SFTP protocol to connect to the server and transfer the file. You might use any client to perform this step.

3. Change this file into an executable file by using the command `chmod +x <file name>`.
4. Create a soft link using the name `ManagerSFX.exe` for the uploaded file, as follows:

- a. Go to `$ABG_HOME/tools` by entering `cd $ABG_HOME/tools`.

- b. Use the command `ln -sf <target> <linkname>` to create the soft link.

For example, if the file name uploaded to `$ABG_HOME/tools` is `AdminLite.exe`, then enter `ln -sf AdminLite.exe ManagerSFX.exe`.

+ Tip:

Use `ls -l ManagerSFX.exe` to verify that the sym link exists.

5. Using any Linux editor, update the parameter `abg_b5800_mgr_version` in the `/opt/Avaya/ABG/<version>/tools/ManagerSFXVersion.properties` file with the version of IP Office Manager you downloaded from PLDS.

! Important:

You must update the parameter `abg_b5800_mgr_version` each time you download a new version of IP Office Manager from PLDS and transfer to System Manager. If you fail to do so, then when you try to start IP Office Manager from System Manager, the start fails and the system displays an error message prompting you to update the parameter.

The following is an example of the content in the `ManagerSFX.exe` file:

```
[root@smgr tools]# cat ManagerSFXVersion.properties
#The following property should be updated correctly with every version change of
ManagerSFX.exe
# Example
# abg_b5800_mgr_version= 8.1 (4138
# 8.1 (4138) is the version of Avaya B5800 Branch Gateway Manager (ManagerSFX.exe
installer)

#abg_b5800_mgr_version=6.2(38)
abg_b5800_mgr_version=9.0.0.829
```

6. On the administration computer that is used to start IP Office Manager Lite, set the environment variable to match the version of the `IPOAdminLite-xxx.exe` file.


Depending on the version of Windows running on the computer, perform one of the following:

- If the computer is running on Windows 7, continue with step 7.
 - If the computer is running on Windows XP, continue with step 8.
7. If the computer is running on Windows 7, perform the following:
 - a. Click **Start** and then right-click **Computer**.
 - b. Click **Properties**.
 - c. In the left navigation pane, click **Advanced system settings**.
 - d. In the System Properties dialog box, click **Environment Variables**.
 - e. In the Environment Variable dialog box, in the **User variables for <name>** area, select **IPOFFICEADMIN_VER**.

*** Note:**

This variable is applicable if you have added IP Office as a device. You must select **AVAYAB5800_VER** as the variable if you have not added any IP Office devices.

- f. Click **Edit**.
- g. In the Edit User Variables dialog box, in the **Variable value** field, change the value to match the version of IPOAdminLite, for example, `9.0`.

- h. Click **OK**.
 - i. Click **OK** for each subsequent dialog box, and then click **Apply**.
 8. If the computer is running on Windows XP, perform the following:
 - a. Click **Start** and then right-click **My Computer**.
 - b. Click **Properties**.
 - c. In the System Properties dialog box, click the **Advanced** tab.
 - d. Click **Environment Variables**.
 - e. In the Environment Variable dialog box, in the **User variables for <name>** area, select **IPOFFICEADMIN_VER**.
 -  **Note:**

This variable is applicable if you have added IP Office or later as a device. You must select **AVAYAB5800_VER** as the variable if you have not added any IP Office devices.
 - f. Click **Edit**.
 - g. In the Edit User Variable dialog box, in the **Variable value** field, change the value to match the version of AdminLite, for example, 9.0.
 - h. Click **OK**.
 - i. Click **OK** for each subsequent dialog box, and then click **Apply**.
 9. Install IP Office Manager Lite on the administration computer.

For more information, see [Installing IP Office Manager from the System Manager server to a PC](#) on page 42.

Installing IP Office Manager from the System Manager server to a PC

Before you begin

The IPOAdminLite.exe file has been downloaded to the System Manager server.

About this task

Perform this task to install IP Office Manager from the System Manager server to a PC. Once you perform this task, the next time you attempt to view or edit an IP Office device from System Manager on this PC, IP Office Manager will automatically launch.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, under **Elements**, select **IP Office**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **System Configuration**.
3. On the IP Office System Configuration page, select the IP Office device whose system configuration you want to edit.

4. Click **Edit**.
5. At the prompt **Do you want to download IP Office Manager from the server now?**, click **Yes**.
6. In the **File Download** dialog box, click **Save**.
7. Save the file to an appropriate directory, for example **C:\Program Files\Avaya\IP Office**.
8. After the download completes, in the **Download complete** dialog box, click **Run**.
9. In the **Internet Explorer - Security Warning** dialog box where you are prompted **Are you sure you want to run this software?** click **Run**.
10. In the **WinZip Self-Extractor** dialog box where you are prompted **Do you want to install IP Office Manager?** click **Setup**.
11. In the **IP Office Manager Lite – InstallShield Wizard** dialog box, do the following:
 - a. In the **Welcome** dialog box, click **Next**.
 - b. In the **Customer Information** dialog box, click **Next**.
 - c. In the **Destination Folder** dialog box, click **Next**.
 - d. In the **Custom Setup** dialog box, click **Next**.
 - e. Click **Install**.
 - f. In the **InstallShield Wizard Completed** dialog box, click **Finish**.
12. Restart your PC.
13. To verify your PC is configured correctly, select **My Computer > System Properties > Advanced tab > Environment Variables**.

Licensing

IP Office deployed as an enterprise branch supports centralized licensing by WebLM where a single license file is generated in Avaya Product Licensing and Delivery System (PLDS) for multiple branches. Support for individual PLDS license files for each branch and support for ADI licenses are also supported. B5800 Branch Gateway R6.2 systems use PLDS licenses. IP Office systems use ADI licenses. IP Office supports all three licensing methods—that is, the remote PLDS license on WebLM, individual PLDS licenses, and individual ADI licenses. The remote PLDS license on WebLM is the recommended method for an IP Office deployed as an enterprise branch.

Note:

A WebLM license is required by each IP Office branch in order to use the WebLM server licensing model. This license is available in PLDS.

Branch System and SM Trunk Channels are added to the IP Office reserve license configuration for WebLM in IP Office Manager.

WebLM license management

IP Office deployed as an enterprise branch supports WebLM licensing in which a single license file is generated in PLDS for multiple branches. This license file contains the host ID of the WebLM server and is managed by the WebLM server. Each IP Office communicates with the WebLM server to request the required license entitlements. IP Office deployed as an enterprise branch uses the Avaya Aura® System Manager WebLM server.

Two configuration models are supported:

- WebLM standard licensing model — in this model, one WebLM server is used. This model is used for enterprises where the System Manager WebLM server is able to manage all IP Office licenses required for the enterprise.
- WebLM enterprise licensing model — in this model, multiple WebLM servers are used. This model is used for enterprises where the licenses required for all branches in the enterprise exceed the System Manager WebLM server capacity. One WebLM server acts as a master WebLM server and hosts the license file from PLDS. The other WebLM servers(s) act as a local WebLM server and host allocation license files from the master WebLM server. Each IP Office must be configured with the IP address of one of the WebLM servers.

For information about WebLM server capacities, see *Avaya IP Office™ Platform in a Branch Environment Reference Configuration*, document number 15–604253.

* Note:

The correct expiration time of licenses for an IP Office that uses a local WebLM server is provided on the corresponding master WebLM server. The local WebLM server shows the licenses as having an expiration time of 30 days or less. However, periodically the license expiration time on the local WebLM server is automatically refreshed and extended when the master WebLM server pushes a refreshed Allocation License File to the local WebLM.

For more information about WebLM licensing, see *Administering Avaya WebLM (standalone)* and *Avaya WebLM Administration Guide*.

Separate PLDS license for each branch

A separate PLDS license file can be generated in PLDS and installed on each branch. This licensing method does not require a WebLM server. The WebLM licensing method is the recommended method for enterprise branch deployments. However, the separate PLDS licensing method is supported for branches that cannot be connected via an enterprise WAN to a central WebLM server or for upgrading installed B5800 Branch Gateway systems to IP Office.

Support for PLDS and ADI licenses (hybrid model)

Individual license keys (ADI keys), individual PLDS licenses, and the remote PLDS license on WebLM are supported on systems that are upgrading to IP Office. These licenses can coexist on the system. ADI keys are processed first, followed by the individual PLDS licenses, then the PLDS remote license on WebLM. It is intended that systems ultimately migrate to PLDS licenses and WebLM license management. License management through WebLM provides greater flexibility, ease, and management of the enterprise licenses.

About the System SD card

The System SD card provides a 10-digit serial number that is used to generate licenses. For ADI licenses, the 10-digit serial number is used to generate the ADI licenses. For the separate PLDS licensing method, a 12-digit serial number is required. For the 12-digit serial number, the digits **11** are pre-pended to the 10-digit serial number printed on the System SD card. In the IP Office

Manager application, this number appears in the **PLDS Host ID** field on the System page when you select **System > System**.

*** Note:**

The PLDS Host ID is not relevant to a PLDS WebLM license file because that file is not specific to an individual IP Office system. The PLDS WebLM license file uses the WebLM server's ID (MAC address) as the file Host ID.

About the PLDS Host ID

The IP Office PLDS Host ID is used as the Host ID in PLDS license files when generating an individual PLDS license file for the IP Office. The PLDS Host ID is displayed as part of the IP Office configuration, as well as in SSA. It is a 12-digit number comprised of the digits **11** following by the 10-digit Feature Key serial number printed on the System SD card.

For IP Office systems that are upgrading and using the individual PLDS licenses, the serial number format on the System SD card will be different than what appears for the PLDS Host ID configured for the system. The pre-pended digits **11** do not appear on these System SD cards.

B5800 Branch Gateway R6.2 systems upgrading to IP Office can continue to use the same System SD card. For these SD cards, the 12-digit serial number printed on the System SD card already includes the additional two digits **11** and will be identical to the IP Host ID displayed in the IP Office configuration.

If the IP Office is using a System SD card from a B5800 Branch Gateway system that has been upgraded to IP Office, then the serial number printed on the SD card will be 12-digits long starting with the digits **11**. These first two digits are ignored in the 10-digit serial number that is displayed in Manager and that is used by ADI licenses.

License modes

The IP Office system can be in one of two license modes — License mode or WebLM mode. Within each license mode, the system can be in one of three states as described below. The license mode is displayed in IP Office Manager when you select **License > License** tab.

License mode

The IP Office system is in License mode when individual licenses are provided for each system and WebLM licensing has not been configured. In License mode, the IP Office system can be in one of three states:

- **License normal** — No license errors are present. Over configuration of licensed features is allowed. There is no 30-day grace period or virtual licenses.
- **License server error** — WebLM has been configured but the server is not available. This state is only possible during the transition period from License mode to WebLM mode. Over configuration of licensed features is allowed. There is no 30-day grace period or virtual licenses.
- **License configuration error** — WebLM has been configured and the server is available, but there are not enough licenses available to license all of the configured features. This state is only possible during the transition period from License mode to WebLM mode. Only individual licenses and the licenses that were able to be obtained from the server are valid. Over

configuration of licensed features is allowed. There is no 30-day grace period or virtual licenses.

WebLM mode

The IP Office system is in WebLM mode when the WebLM server has been configured for WebLM licensing. In WebLM mode, the IP Office system can be in one of three states:

- **License normal** — No license errors are present. WebLM has been configured, the server is available, and there are enough licenses available to license all of the configured features. Over configuration of licensed features is not allowed. There is no 30-day grace period or virtual licenses. From this mode, the system can only transition to WebLM error mode.
- **WebLM error** — WebLM has been configured but either the server is not available or licenses for previously configured features are no longer available from the server. Over configuration of licensed features is not allowed. There is a 30-day grace period and virtual licenses for all configured features. This provides time for the required licenses to be acquired.
- **WebLM restricted** — The 30-day grace period for the WebLM error state has expired and the underlying issues causing the error state have not been resolved. Over configuration of licensed features is not allowed. Only configuration changes that reduce the licensing errors are permitted. The configuration change can incrementally reduce the licensing errors and does not need to eliminate all licensing errors. For example, if several different licenses are showing alarms, you can resolve them one at a time. You can resolve one alarm and confirm it is resolved and then continue resolving the remaining alarms in the same way. The system will remain in WebLM restricted mode until all the alarms are resolved. All virtual licenses for the previously configured features during the 30-day grace period are deleted and those features are no longer available.

About returning to License mode from WebLM mode

When the WebLM licensing feature for a branch is disabled (**License > Remote Server** tab, then click **Enable Remote Server** check box to deselect), the IP Office system reverts back to License mode where individual licenses are provided for each branch. The following occurs when a branch reverts back to License mode:

- All WebLM licenses are removed and the features they license will not work.
- Over configuration of licensed features is allowed.
- The 30-day grace period is reset.
- The only path back to WebLM mode is license normal mode where the server is available and there are enough licenses available to license all configured features.

Mode	State	WebLM configured	Over configuration* allowed	Virtual license and grace period
License	Normal	No	Yes	No
	Server error	Yes	Yes	No
	Configuration error	Yes	Yes	No
WebLM	Normal	Yes	No	No
	Error	Yes	No	Yes
	Restricted	Yes	No	No

* The phrase *over configuration* refers to accepting configuration of features that require a license to activate regardless of the availability of the license. When the system is in WebLM Normal or WebLM Error mode, it expects to obtain the license from the server and will reject the configuration of features if the license is not available. When the system is in WebLM Restricted mode, only configuration changes that reduce the licensing errors are permitted. The configuration change can incrementally reduce the licensing errors and does not need to eliminate all licensing errors.

Installing the shared PLDS license file on the System Manager WebLM server

Before you begin

A shared IP Office license file has been activated with the Host ID of the WebLM server. See [Activating license entitlements](#) on page 51.

About this task

IP Office uses the Avaya Product Licensing and Delivery System (PLDS) and integration with Web License Manager (WebLM) for license management. If you are using centralized licensing by WebLM, use this task to install the license file on the WebLM server.

Procedure

1. On the System Manager console, under **Services**, click **Licenses**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Install License**.
3. Click the **Browse** button and navigate to the appropriate license file.
4. Click the **Install** button.

Configuring IP Office to request required licenses from WebLM

About this task

This task is relevant only if you are using centralized WebLM licensing. Use this task to configure IP Office to request reserved licenses from the remote WebLM server. These licenses are those that IP Office does not automatically include based on the system configuration and need to be specifically configured. You are able to request the following licenses:

- Advanced Edition
- SIP Trunk Channels
- Incremental Voicemail Ports
- Essential Edition Additional Voicemail Ports
- VMPro Recordings Administrators
- VMPro TTS Professional
- Customer Service Supervisor

- Third Party API
- Wave User

For more information about IP Office PLDS licenses, see Packaging and order codes in *Avaya IP Office™ Platform in a Branch Environment Reference Configuration*.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **License**.
3. Click the **Remote Server** tab.
4. In the **Reserved Licenses** section, use the up and down arrows to select the number of licenses for each license as appropriate.

 **Note:**

One of the two local voicemail fields – **Embedded Voicemail Ports** and **Voicemail Pro Ports** – are enabled depending on which local voicemail system is configured.

Support for individual license files

Centralized licensing by WebLM where a shared PLDS license file is installed on the WebLM server is the recommended method for installing license files on IP Office systems that are centrally managed by System Manager. However, IP Office also supports the following licensing methods where individual license files are installed on the IP Office systems:

- Embedded File Management — see [Using Embedded File Management to install a PLDS license file](#) on page 48.
- IP Office Manager license file upload — see [Using Manager to deliver license files to the branches](#) on page 49.

Using Embedded File Management to install a PLDS license file

Before you begin

License files have been activated. See [Activating license entitlements](#) on page 51.

About this task

Use this procedure to install an individual PLDS license on an IP Office that is centrally managed by System Manager.

If the IP Office is centrally managed by System Manager, you must first disable the System Manager administration feature for the branch. After you upload the license file, you must then enable the System Manager administration feature for the branch. See [Disabling the System Manager administration feature for the branch from System Manager](#) on page 134.

*** Note:**

To install an individual PLDS license on an IP Office system that is centrally managed by System Manager, you must rename the PLDS license file to **PLDStemp.xml**. The IP Office system will validate the **PLDStemp.xml** file, and if the validation succeeds, IP Office will automatically rename the file to **PLDSkeys.xml** and save it (overriding the previous valid license file, if any was installed).

Procedure

1. Start Manager.
2. Select **File > Advanced > Embedded File Management**.
3. In the Select IP Office window, click the check box next to the IP Office system.
4. Click **OK**.
5. In the IP Office Embedded File Management dialog box, enter the **Service User Name** and **Service User Password**.
6. Click **OK**.
7. In the Folders pane on the left, select **System SD > System > Primary**.
8. Select **File > Upload file**.
9. Select the **PLDStemp.xml** file and click **Open**.
10. Click **OK**.

The Upload System Files window appears and shows the upload progress.

11. When the upload is complete, click **Close**.
12. From the Primary folder, perform a refresh.

The error mode will change to License Normal Mode. The **PLDStemp.xml** filename is automatically renamed to **PLDSkeys.xml**.

*** Note:**

If the PLDS file is not accepted by IP Office, the IP Office will remain in License Error Mode and the **PLDStemp.xml** file is not renamed.

Using Manager to deliver license files to the branches

Before you begin

License files have been activated with the Host ID (that is, the Feature Key Serial Number) printed on the IP Office System SD card. See [Activating license entitlements](#) on page 51.

About this task

You can use Manager to distribute activated license files to IP Office sites. This procedure explains how to distribute the license files to a single branch at a time.

If the IP Office is centrally managed by System Manager, you must first disable the System Manager administration feature for the branch. After you download the license file, you must then

enable the System Manager administration feature for the branch. See [Disabling the System Manager administration feature for the branch from System Manager](#) on page 134.

Procedure

1. Start Manager and connect to the IP Office system.
2. In the left navigation pane, select **License**.
3. Right-click **License** and select **Send license file to Avaya Branch Gateway**.
4. In the Upload Files window, select the PLDS license xml file.
Manager copies the license file to the IP Office SD card where it is validated and stored for persistent use.
5. Select **File > Close Configuration**.
6. To view the license, select **File > Open Configuration**.

Managing license files with PLDS

PLDS Overview

The Avaya Product Licensing and Delivery System (PLDS) provides customers, Avaya Partners, distributors, and Avaya Associates with tools for managing license entitlements and electronic delivery of software and related license files. Using PLDS, you can perform operations such as license activations, license upgrades, license moves, and software downloads.

Installation software packages for Avaya products are available as OVA and ISO files on PLDS. Users can download the OVA files or the ISO images to a computer, and choose to either burn a DVD for installation or transfer the file to the target server for installation.

You can check PLDS to determine if a later service pack or software release is available. If updates do exist, see the appropriate upgrade procedures, contact Avaya, or contact the Avaya Partner Service representative.

When you place an order for a PLDS-licensed software product, the license entitlements on the order are automatically created in PLDS. Once these license entitlements are created, you receive an email notification from PLDS. This email notification includes a license activation code (LAC). Using the LAC, you can quickly find and activate the newly purchased license entitlements in PLDS. You can then download the license file.

Important:

You must provide the WebLM host ID to activate the license file in PLDS. You can view the WebLM host ID in the WebLM Server Properties page.

Examples of license management tasks that you can perform in PLDS include:

- Adding more license entitlements to an existing activation
- Upgrading a license file to a new major release
- Moving license entitlement activations between license files
- Regenerating a license file with an new host ID

Registering for PLDS

Procedure

1. Go to the Avaya Product Licensing and Delivery System (PLDS) website at <https://plds.avaya.com>.

The PLDS website redirects you to the Avaya single sign-on (SSO) webpage.

2. Log in to SSO with your SSO ID and password.

The PLDS registration page is displayed.

3. If you are registering:

- as an Avaya Partner, enter the Partner Link ID. If you do not know your Partner Link ID, send an email to prmadmin@avaya.com.
- as a customer, enter one of the following:
 - Company Sold-To
 - Ship-To number
 - License authorization code (LAC)

4. Click **Submit**.

Avaya will send you the PLDS access confirmation within one business day.

About license activation

What is license activation?

License activation is a process of activating license entitlements by specifying a license host and host ID of the WebLM server. The process includes generating the license file.

When license entitlements are activated, PLDS generates Activation Records containing the activation information and License/Key.

Types of license activation

Types of activation include:

- Regular activation: where license entitlements are activated to generate Activation Records.
- Upgrade activation, which involves either:
 - Activating license entitlements that have been marked as upgradeable. When you activate these license entitlements, you can generate License/Key for either the current version or the old version.
 - Activating upgrade license entitlements, which are purchased to upgrade other existing license entitlements. When users activate these license entitlements, they select the license entitlements to upgrade.

Activating license entitlements

Before you begin

Obtain the Host ID of WebLM if you are activating license entitlements on a new License Host.

About this task

Use License Activation Code (LAC) to activate one or more license entitlements. You can activate all of the licenses, or you can specify a number of licenses to activate from the quantity available. Upon successful activation of the license entitlements, PLDS creates an Activation Record and sends an Activation Notification email message to the customer who is registered with the entitlements. The Activation Record and Activation Notification provide details on the number of activated licenses and the License Host. The license file can be accessed on the License/Keys tab of the Activation Record in PLDS and is also an attachment to the Activation Notification email message. You must install the license file on WebLM to use the licenses.

Procedure

1. Type <http://plds.avaya.com> in your Web browser to go to the Avaya PLDS website.
2. Enter your Login ID and password to log on to the PLDS website.
3. In the **LAC(s)** field of the Quick Activation section, enter the LAC that you received in an email message.

*** Note:**

If you do not have an email message with your LAC, follow the steps in the Searching for Entitlements section and make a note of the appropriate LAC from the LAC column.

*** Note:**

The Quick Activation automatically activates all license entitlements on the LAC. However, you can remove line items or specify a number of licenses to activate from the quantity available.

4. Enter the License Host information.
You can either create a new license host or use an existing license host.
5. Click **Next** to validate the registration detail.
6. Enter the License Host Information.
 - The Host ID of the WebLM server. The Host ID is obtained from the Server Properties page of the WebLM server where the license file is installed.
 - If you are using Centralized Licensing, enter the Centralized Licensing ID of the WebLM server where the license file is installed. Obtain the Centralized Licensing ID from the Server Properties page of the System Manager WebLM server.
7. Enter the number of licenses to activate.
8. Review the Avaya License Agreement and accept the agreement if you agree.
9. Perform the following steps to send an activation notification email message:
 - a. In the **E-mail to** field, enter the email addresses of the additional activation notification recipients.
 - b. Enter the comments or special instructions in the **Comments** field.
 - c. Click **Finish**.

10. Click **View Activation Record**.

- The **Overview** tab displays a summary of the license activation information.
- The **Ownership** tab displays the registration information.
- The **License/Key** tab displays the license files resulting from the license activation. In general, a single license file will be generated for each application. From the **License/Key** tab, you can view and download the license file. Install each license file on the WebLM server associated with the License Host.

Searching for license entitlements

About this task

Use this functionality to search for an entitlement by using any one or all of the following search criteria:

- Company name
- Group name
- Group ID
- License activation code

In addition to these search criteria, PLDS also provides other additional advanced search criteria for searching license entitlements.

* Note:

Avaya associate or Avaya Partners can only search license entitlements by company name.

Procedure

1. Type <http://plds.avaya.com> in your Web browser to go to the Avaya PLDS website.
2. Enter your Login ID and password to log on to the PLDS website.
3. Click **Assets > View Entitlements**.

The system displays Search Entitlements page.

4. To search license entitlements by *company name*, enter the company name in the **%Company: field**. To see a complete list of companies before searching for their corresponding entitlements, do the following:
 - a. Click the **magnifying glass** icon.
 - b. Enter the name or several characters of the name and a wildcard (%) character.
 - c. Click **Search Companies**.
 - d. Select the desired company name from the list of options.

+ Tip:

You can use a wildcard (%) character if you do not know the exact name of the company you are searching for. For example, if you enter `Av%`, the system searches for all the

company names starting with the letter Av. You can enter a wildcard character at any position in the search criteria.

5. To search license entitlements by *group name*, enter the appropriate information in the **%Group name:** or **%Group ID:** fields.

Group Names or IDs are specific to Functional Locations and Sold-To's that define the actual location of equipment and software.

+ Tip:

You can use a wildcard character if you do not know the exact name of the group you are searching for. For example, if you enter `Gr%`, the system searches for all the groups starting with the characters Gr. You can enter a wildcard character at any position in the search criteria.

6. To search license entitlements by *LAC*, enter the specific LAC in the **%LAC:** field.

+ Tip:

You can use a wildcard character if you do not know the exact LAC you are searching for. For example, if you enter `AS0%`, the system searches for all the LACs starting with AS0. You can enter a wildcard character at any position in the search criteria.

You will receive LACs in an e-mail if you have supplied the e-mail address to your sales order. If you do not have this code, search by using one of the other search criteria.

7. To search license entitlements by *application, product or license status*, select the appropriate application, product, and/or status from the field.
8. Click **Search Entitlements**.

Result

All corresponding entitlement records appear at the bottom of the page.

Moving activated license entitlements

Before you begin

Host ID or License Host name of the move from/to License Host.

About this task

Use this functionality to move activated license entitlements from one License Host to another. You can chose to move all or a specified quantity of license entitlements.

*** Note:**

If you move a specified number of activated license entitlements from one host to another by using the Rehost/Move transaction in PLDS, two new license files are generated:

- One license file reduces the number of license entitlements on the License Host from which you are moving license entitlements.
- One license file increases the number of license entitlements on the License Host to which you are moving license entitlements.

Install each of these license files on the appropriate server.

If you move all activated license entitlements, only one license file is generated. Install this new license file on the License Host to which you are moving license entitlements. Remove the license file from the License Host from which you are moving all license entitlements.

Procedure

1. Type <http://plds.avaya.com> in your Web browser to go to the Avaya PLDS website.
2. Enter your Login ID and password to log on to the PLDS website.
3. Click **Activation > Rehost/Move** from the Home page.
4. Click **View Activation Record information** to find and select licenses to rehost or move.

You can search the activation records by the Company name, license host, Group name or ID using the Search Activation Records functionality.

Note:

If you are an Avaya associate or Avaya Partner, enter the search criteria and click **Search Activation Records**.

5. Select **Rehost/Move** for the License Host from which you are moving license entitlements.
6. In the **Search License Hosts** field, enter the License Host to which you are moving license entitlements.

Alternatively, you can click **Add a License Host** to select an existing License Host.

7. Validate the Registration Detail, and click **Next**.
8. Enter the License Host Information.
 - The Host ID of the WebLM server. The Host ID is obtained from the Server Properties page of the WebLM server where the license file is installed.
 - If you are using Centralized Licensing, enter the Centralized Licensing ID of the WebLM server where the license file is installed. Obtain the Centralized Licensing ID from the Server Properties page of the System Manager WebLM server.
9. Enter the number of Licenses to move in the **QTY column** field and click **Next**.
10. Accept the Avaya Legal Agreement.

You can search the activation records by the Company name, license host, Group name or ID using the Search Activation Records functionality.

11. Perform the following steps to send an activation notification email message:
 - a. In the **E-mail to** field, enter the email addresses of the additional activation notification recipients.
 - b. Enter the comments or special instructions in the **Comments** field.
 - c. Click **Finish**.

12. Click **View Activation Record**.

- The **Overview** tab displays a summary of the license activation information.
- The **Ownership** tab displays the registration information.
- The **License/Key** tab displays the license files resulting from the license activation. In general, a single license file will be generated for each application. From the **License/Key** tab, you can view and download the license file. Install each license file on the WebLM server associated with the License Host.

Regenerate License files

Use this functionality to regenerate the license file on a selected License Host. During the regeneration process, you can only modify host ID information.

Regenerating a license file

Procedure

1. Type <http://plds.avaya.com> in your Web browser to go to the Avaya PLDS website.
2. Enter your Login ID and password to log on to the PLDS website.
3. Click **Activation > Regeneration** from the Home page.
4. Search License Activations to Regenerate.

You can search the activation records by the Company name, license host, Group name or ID using the Search Activation Records functionality.

5. Click **Regenerate** from the appropriate record.
6. Validate the Registration Detail, and click **Next**.
7. Validate the items that will regenerate and click **Next**.
8. Accept the Avaya Legal Agreement.

You can search the activation records by the Company name, license host, Group name or ID using the Search Activation Records functionality.

9. Perform the following steps to send an activation notification email message:
 - a. In the **E-mail to** field, enter the email addresses of the additional activation notification recipients.
 - b. Enter the comments or special instructions in the **Comments** field.
 - c. Click **Finish**.
10. Click **View Activation Record**.
 - The **Overview** tab displays a summary of the license activation information.
 - The **Ownership** tab displays the registration information.
 - The **License/Key** tab displays the license files resulting from the license activation. In general, a single license file will be generated for each application. From the **License/Key** tab, you can view and download the license file. Install each license file on the WebLM server associated with the License Host.

Installing certificates

Preparing System Manager to issue an identity certificate for IP Office

About this task

Use this procedure to add an IP Office End Entity to System Manager. This procedure adds the IP Office to the System Manager trust domain and is required to establish a trust relationship between the IP Office and System Manager.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, under **Services**, select **Security**.
2. On the **Security** page, in the left navigation pane, select **Certificates > Authority**.
3. In the left navigation pane, click **Add End Entity**.
4. On the **Add End Entity** page, do the following:
 - a. In the **End Entity Profile** drop-down box, select **INBOUND_OUTBOUND_TLS**.
 - b. In the **Username** field, enter the name of the IP Office system.
 - c. In the **Password** field, enter a certificate password.

*** Note:**

This password will be used as the Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol (SCEP) password. You will need to enter this password again when you perform the task [Running the Initial Configuration utility](#) on page 60.

- d. In the **Confirm Password** field, enter the password again.
- e. In the **CN, Common Name** field, enter the appropriate name. This name should match the name of the IP Office system you entered in the **Username** field. You will need to enter this name again when you perform the task [Running the Initial Configuration utility](#) on page 60.

*** Note:**

The certificate name cannot contain spaces.

- f. In the **Certificate Profile** drop-down box, accept the default setting, **ID_CLIENT_SERVER**.
- g. In the **CA** drop-down box, accept the default setting, **tmdefaultca**.

*** Note:**

In Release 6.3.8 and higher, there is a change in the System Manager Certificate Authority (CA) behavior with regards to cryptographic algorithms used for hashing while signing Identity (ID) certificates. IP Office also has a change in behavior while

generating new identity certificates. In the CA settings, under **Home > Services > Configurations > Settings > SMGR > Trust Management**, by default, the preference settings for the signing algorithm is 1. This means **tmdefaultca**, uses **SHA-256** while signing ID certificates that have a key length that is greater than 1024. Therefore, when the System Manager upgrades from any release prior to 6.3.8 to either 6.3.8 or higher, the **tmdefaultca** will operate with the new behavior. The recommended release with IP Office is System Manager 6.3.11.

The IP Office device also generates new certificates with **SHA-256** and 2048 as the defaults for cryptographic hashing and key lengths, respectively. However, an IP Office upgraded from a prior release, retains its identity certificate from prior releases. Therefore, the certificate will have **SHA-1/1024** as the hashing algorithm and key length. Also deleting the certificate preserves the choice for **SHA-1/1024**. However, if the security settings are reset, then IP Office chooses **SHA-256/2048** as the hashing algorithm and key length. Therefore, you should match the signing algorithms in the System Manager settings and IP Office.

Also, the **Received Certificate Check** for the **Management** interface should be set to **Secure, Medium** because the System Manager root CA certificate is always generated using keysize 1024. For a setting that is higher, IP Office requires a minimum key size of 2048.

- h. In the **Token** drop-down box, accept the default setting, **User Generated**.
- i. Click the **Add End Entity** button.

The page refreshes and a message appears at the top of the page stating the End Entity was added successfully.

5. In the left navigation pane, click **List/Edit End Entities**.
6. On the **List/Edit End Entities** page, in the **Or with status** drop-down box, select **All**.
7. Click the **List** button.
8. Confirm the IP Office End Entity that you just added is listed.

Note that **New** appears in the **Status** column for this End Entity. This indicates System Manager has prepared the certificate for exchange with an End Entity.

9. Run the Initial Configuration utility. See [Running the Initial Configuration utility](#) on page 60.

*** Note:**

If you are not going to run the Initial Configuration utility, you must manually configure the IP Office for an identity certificate. For more information, see [About configuring the SCEP and security settings for the IP Office](#) on page 59.

Adding certificates

Before you begin

Prepare the end entity in Avaya Aura® System Manager for a request from IP Office.

 **Note:**

You need to ensure that the latest System Manager certificates exist in the Trusted Certificate Store. To ensure that the SCEP process runs and updates the Trusted Certificate Store with the correct System Manager Root CA certificate, do the following:

Procedure

1. Open security settings in IP Office Manager.
2. From **System**, click **Certificates**.
3. Delete the Avaya Aura® System Manager root CA from **Trusted Certificate Store**.
4. Enter the DNS and IP address entries as: DNS: Enter the FQDN of IP Office, DNS: Enter the IP address of IP Office, IP: Enter the IP address of IP office
5. Click **Delete**.
6. Click **OK** and then save the security settings.

Result

IP Office contacts Avaya Aura® System Manager to sign the identity certificate and stores the root CA in the trusted store.

Configuring the SCEP and security settings for IP Office

The preferred method to configure Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol (SCEP) and security settings for the IP Office system is to run the Initial Configuration utility. The Initial Configuration utility automatically configures the SCEP and security settings for the IP Office system. However, if you do not run this utility, as an alternative you can manually configure the SCEP and security settings for the IP Office system.

The IP Office system uses SCEP to acquire its certificate from System Manager. The SCEP request triggers System Manager to generate the identity certificate for the IP Office based on the configuration performed in [Preparing System Manager to issue an identity certificate for IP Office](#) on page 57. IP Office then receives its certificate from System Manager through the SCEP exchange, and installs it as its identity certificate. IP Office also receives the System Manager CA root certificate from System Manager through the SCEP exchange, and installs it in its Trusted Certificate Store (with the name **default**). This configuration process occurs automatically when you run the Initial Configuration utility. If you do not run the Initial Configuration utility, you must manually perform this configuration as described in [Manually configuring the IP Office for SCEP](#) on page 63.

Configuring identity certificates for IP Office Branch solution

About this task

The identity certificate of IP Office must contain a URI that matches with the phone. If you are using SCEP to sign the identity certificate, then you must prepare the Avaya Aura® Session Manager.

Procedure

1. Launch IP Office.
2. In **Manager Security Settings > Access the System** click **Certificates**.
3. In **Subject Alternative Name**, select **URI**.
4. In **SIP**, type the IP address of the IP Office.
5. Press **Delete** and click **OK**.
6. Click **Save**.

Next steps

Register the phone with IP Office.

Running the Initial Configuration utility

Before you begin

Perform the task [Preparing System Manager to issue an identity certificate for IP Office](#) on page 57.

About this task

The IP Office Initial Configuration utility provides a default configuration and security settings that minimize initial installation activities and maximize security. The system must be configured with the default settings before the system can be administered by Avaya Aura® System Manager. This utility is used for new installations and after an IP Office upgrade to enable System Manager administration of the IP Office.

Note:

For new installations, use the Initial Configuration utility before the control unit is connected to the network. The Initial Configuration utility can be used to administer the control unit on site or while the IP Office control unit is being staged off site.

This procedure includes the steps to manually launch the Initial Configuration utility. When a new IP Office is detected, the Initial Configuration utility is launched automatically, so you would begin with Step 3.

Procedure

1. Start Manager and connect to the IP Office system.
2. Select **File > Advanced > Initial Configuration**.

3. Click the radio button for **IP Office Standard Mode**.
4. In the **System Name** field, enter the appropriate system name.
5. For the **LAN Interface**, select **LAN1** to connect to the enterprise network.

 **Warning:**

You are also able to select LAN2 to connect to the enterprise network. However, LAN2 is primarily intended to connect to the Internet or to public SIP trunks from carriers.

The LAN2 firewall is normally disabled. If you select LAN2 and choose to enable the firewall, be sure to open the necessary ports for communicating with the enterprise network. For more information, see the following documents:

- *Avaya IP Office™ Platform in a Branch Environment Reference Configuration*, document number 15-604253
- *Avaya Port Matrix: IP Office 9.0* available at <https://support.avaya.com/security> under the **Avaya Product Port Matrix Documents** link.

6. In the **IP Address** field, enter the appropriate IP address.
7. In the **IP Mask** field, enter the appropriate IP mask.
8. In the **Gateway** field, enter the IP address of the router that is deployed in the branch. This field is equivalent to what is often referred to as *default gateway* in many IP host implementations.

IP Office Manager will create an IP route in the IP Office configuration using this gateway IP address with the selected IP Office LAN interface as the destination.
9. In the **DHCP Mode** section, click the radio button for **Disabled**.
10. If you want the IP Office to be managed by System Manager, check the **Under Centralized Management?** check box. Then complete the following fields.
 - a. In the **New Administrator Password** field, enter a new administrator password.
 - b. In the **New Security Password** field, enter a new security password.

 **Note:**

The **New Administrator Password** and **New Security Password** fields appear only when these passwords are set to the default. Once you change the default passwords, the next time you run the Initial Configuration utility, these fields will not appear.

- c. In the **SMGR Address** field, enter the IP address of the System Manager server.
- d. In the **SNMP Community** field, enter the appropriate SNMP community. This is the SNMP community for System Manager.

 **Note:**

This field must be configured correctly in order for the centralized management functionality to work.

- e. In the **SNMP Device ID** field, enter the alarm ID you receive from a registration.

- f. In the **Trap Community** field, enter the appropriate trap community. This is the SNMP community for the Secure Access Link (SAL) gateway.

*** Note:**

This field must be configured correctly in order for the centralized management functionality to work.

The SNMPv1 trap community string can be set from the System Manager console in under **Services > Configurations > Settings > SMGR > TrapListener**. The trap community string in System Manager should match the trap community string set on the device so that System Manager receives the device alarms properly.

- g. In the **Device Certificate Name** field, enter the certificate name for the IP Office. This name must match the name entered in the **CN, Common Name** field when you added the IP Office End Entity to System Manager. See [Preparing System Manager to issue an identity certificate to IP Office](#) on page 57 for more information.

*** Note:**

The device certificate name cannot contain spaces.

- h. In the **Certificate Enrollment (SCEP) Password** field, enter the certificate password. This password must match the password entered in the **Password** field when you added the IP Office End Entity to System Manager. See [Preparing System Manager to issue an identity certificate to IP Office](#) on page 57 for more information.

11. Click **Save**.

The IP Office reboots.

Result

When the IP Office is administered by System Manager, the following is automatically configured:

- SNMP enabled
- SNMP trap destination 1 from System Manager IP address
- All SNMP traps active
- WebLM client active
- WebLM service address from System Manager IP address
- Removes all default extension users, leaving “NoUser” and “RemoteManager”

Additional features configured by the Initial Configuration utility

After you run the Initial Configuration utility, the following features are also configured:

- System Status Interface (SSA) service security level – Unsecure only (if administered by System Manager); Disabled (if locally administered)
- Configuration service security level – Secure, Medium
- Security Administration service security level – Secure, Medium

- OAMP Web Services service security level – Secure, Low (if locally administered)
- OAMP Web Services service security level – Secure, High (if administered by System Manager)
- Admin Client Certificate checks – High (if administered by System Manager)
- SCEP client active (if administered by System Manager)
- SCEP server IP address from SMGR IP address (if administered by System Manager)
- Legacy Program Code – Active (if locally administered)

Manually configuring the IP Office for SCEP

Before you begin

Perform the task [Preparing System Manager to issue an identity certificate for IP Office](#) on page 57.

About this task

This task provides an alternate method to configure the SCEP and security settings for an IP Office. Perform this task only if you did *not* run the Initial Configuration utility. When you run the Initial Configuration utility, the SCEP and security settings for the IP Office are automatically configured. For more information, see [About configuring the SCEP and security settings for the IP Office](#) on page 59.

Procedure

1. Start Manager and connect to the IP Office system.
2. Select **File > Advanced > Security Settings**.
3. In the **Select IP Office** window, click the check box for the appropriate system.
4. Click **OK**.
5. In the **Security Service User Login** window, enter a user name and password of an account that has security configuration access to the IP Office system.

The defaults are **security** and **securitypwd**.

6. In the **Security Settings** pane, click **System**.
7. Click the **Certificates** tab.

The certificate settings are set to the default values. The **Issued to** field shows the default certificate that resides on the IP Office. The default value is the MAC address of the IP Office system.

8. In the **Identity Certificate** section, click **Delete** to delete the default certificate.
9. In the **Warning** dialog box, click **OK**.
10. In the **Default Certificate Name** box, enter the appropriate name. This is the same name you used when you created the certificate for the End Entity in System Manager. See

[Preparing System Manager to issue an identity certificate to IP Office](#) on page 57 for more information.

11. In the **Received Certificate Checks (Management Interfaces)** drop-down box, accept the default setting, **None**.
12. In the **Received Certificate Checks (Telephony Endpoints)** drop-down box, accept the default setting, **None**.
13. In the **SCEP Settings** section, do the following:
 - a. Click the **Active** check box to select that option.
 - b. In the **Request Interval (Seconds)** field, accept the default setting, **120**.
 - c. In the **SCEP Server IP/Name** field, enter the IP address of the System Manager server. Include `https://` at the beginning of the IP address, for example `https://123.4.567.89`.
 - d. In the **SCEP Server Port** field, accept the default setting, **443**.
 - e. In the **SCEP URI** field, accept the default setting.
 - f. In the **SCEP Password** field, enter the appropriate password. This is the same password you used when you created the certificate for the End Entity in System Manager. See [Preparing System Manager to issue an identity certificate to IP Office](#) on page 57 for more information.
 - g. Click **OK**.
14. Click **File > Save** to save the security configuration.
15. From the System Manager console, do the following:
 - a. Go to the **List End Entities** page. (See Steps 1 to 2 in [Preparing System Manager to issue an identity certificate to IP Office](#) on page 57.
 - b. In the left navigation pane, click **List End Entities**.
 - c. Click the **Reload** button to reload the End Entity.

After the page refreshes, the status of the End Entity changes from **New** to **Generated**. This indicates the End Entity certificate exchange has occurred.
16. In Manager, return to the **Certificates** tab. See Steps 1 to 7 above.
17. In the **Received Certificate Checks (Management Interfaces)** drop-down box, select **Medium**.

This ensures the IP Office will enforce the use of certificates.
18. Click **OK**.
19. Click **File > Save** to save the security configuration.

About adding IP Offices to System Manager

There are three different methods available that can be used to add IP Offices to System Manager. See one of the following topics:

- [Discovering IP Offices](#) on page 65. This method requires you to identify the subnet IP address in which each branch is located. This method does not automatically discover all IP Offices in a network.
- [Bulk importing of devices](#) on page 67. This method requires you to manually add each IP Office to an xml file that is then used for bulk import to System Manager.
- [Adding the IP Offices to System Manager](#) on page 68. This method requires you to manually add each branch to System Manager by identifying the IP address of the IP Office.

After the IP Office systems are added to System Manager, perform a synchronization. See [Synchronizing IP Office with System Manager](#) on page 136.

Discovering IP Offices

About this task

Use this task to discover the IP Offices in the network and add them to System Manager. This task requires that you identify the subnet IP address in which the branch is located. There is always one IP Office per branch and each branch is in a different subnet. This procedure must be performed for each branch.

Before you begin

Enable SNMP on the IP Office to be updated. See [Enabling SNMP and polling support](#) on page 66.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, under **Services**, click **Inventory**.
2. On the Inventory page, select **Manage Elements > Discovery**.
3. On the Subnet Configurations page, click **New**.
4. On the New SNMP Access Profile page, in the **Type** drop-down box, select **V1**.
5. In the **Description** field, enter a description to help identify this SNMP access configuration.
6. Set the **Read Community** field as configured on the device.
7. Set the **Write Community** field as configured on the device.
8. Accept the default settings in the **Timeout (ms)** and **Retries** fields.
9. Click **Commit**.
10. On the Discovery Profiles page, click **New**.
11. On the Create Discovery profile page, in the `DiscoveryProfileName` field, enter a name to identify the new discovery profile.

12. From **Subnet Configurations**, select the appropriate subnet.
13. From **Element Type Access Profiles**, select **IP Office** or **IP Office UCM** or **IP Office Application Server**.
14. From **Profile List**, select the appropriate SNMP profile.
15. Click **Commit**.
16. To schedule a discovery, select the appropriate Discovery Profile and choose one of the following options: .
 - Click **Discover Now** to run the discovery job now.
 - Click **Schedule Discovery** to run the discovery job at a scheduled date and time.
17. Repeat steps 10 to 16 for each branch that is to be managed from System Manager

Result

When the job is completed, the IP Office device(s) appear on the Collected Inventory page (**Services > Inventory > Collected Inventory**) and on the IP Office page (**Services > Software Management > Manage Software > IP Office**).

Enabling SNMP and polling support

About this task

In order for the IP Office control unit to be discovered and polled by an SNMP manager, its SNMP agent must be enabled and placed in the same read community as the SNMP manager.

Procedure

1. Start Manager and connect to the IP Office system.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **System**.
3. Click the **System Events** tab.
4. Select **SNMP Enabled**.
5. In the **SNMP Port** field, enter the UDP port number used by the SNMP agent to listen for and respond to SNMP traffic.

The default is 161.

6. In the **Community (Read-only)** field, enter the community to which the device belongs for read access.

This community name must match that used by the SNMP manager application when sending requests to the device. The community public is frequently used to establish communication and then changed (at both the SNMP agent and manager ends) for security.

7. Click **OK**.
8. Select **File > Save Configuration** to send the configuration back to the IP Office and then select **reboot**.

After the reboot, the SNMP manager will be able to discover the control unit. The discovery includes the control unit type and the current level of core software.

Bulk importing of devices

Before you begin

Each IP Office device has been added to an xml file. For information about the xml file containing the devices, see [About the xml file containing the devices](#) on page 67.

About this task

Use this task to import the IP Office devices from an xml file to System Manager.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, under **Services**, select **Inventory**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Manage Elements**.
3. On the Manage Elements page, click **More Actions > Import**.
4. On the Import Elements page, in the **Select File** field, enter the complete path of the xml file. Or, click **Browse** to locate the xml file.
5. Select one of the following error configuration options:
 - **Abort on first error**
 - **Continue processing other records**
6. Select one of the following import options:
 - To skip a matching record that already exists in the system during an import operation, click **Skip**.
 - To replace all data for an application, click **Replace**.
 - To merge application data so that you simultaneously perform an add and update operation of the application data, click **Merge**.
 - To delete the application data from the database that match the records in the xml file, click **Delete**.
7. Select one of the following schedule job options:
 - Click **Run immediately** to run the job now.
 - Click **Schedule later** and then select the date and time to run the job at a scheduled date and time.
8. Click **Import**.

XML file containing the IP Office devices

To use the bulk import method to add IP Office systems to System Manager, you must first manually add each IP Office device to an XML file.

The following sample shows the contents of an XML file for one IP Office device.

```
<?xml version="1.0" ?>
<RTSElements xmlns="http://www.avaya.com/rts"
```

```
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
<ApplicationSystems>
<ApplicationSystem name="IPOffice_2" isTrusted="false">
<Host ipaddress="192.168.42.2"></Host>
<ApplicationSystemType name="IP Office Branch"
version="0"></ApplicationSystemType>
  <Attributes>
    <Attribute name="Is IPOffice for Linux"
value="false"></Attribute>
    <Attribute name="Service Login"
value="BranchAdmin"></Attribute>
    <Attribute name="Service Password"
value="BranchAdmin"></Attribute>
    <Attribute name="Device version"
value="9.0"></Attribute></Attributes>
</ApplicationSystem>
</ApplicationSystems>
</RTSElements>
```

The fields for each IP Office device that you add to the XML file will be the same except for the following two fields. These fields contain unique information for each device:

- **<ApplicationSystem name="IPOffice device" isTrusted="false">** where *IPOffice device* is a unique name for this system.
- **<Host ipaddress="IP address"></Host>** where *IP address* is a unique IP address for this system.

Adding IP Office to System Manager

About this task

Use this procedure to manually add each IP Office system to System Manager.

Procedure

1. On the System Manager console, in **Services**, click **Inventory**.
2. On the Inventory page, click **Manage Elements**.
3. On the Manage Elements page, click **New**.
4. On the New Elements page, in the **Type** field, click **IP Office**.
5. On the Add IP Office page, do the following:
 - a. In the **Name** field, type a name for this IP Office.
 - b. In the **Description** field, type a description to identify the IP Office.
 - c. In the **Node** field, type the IP address of the IP Office.
 - d. In the **Device Type** field, click **IP Office**.
 - e. In the **Device Version** field, accept the default release number.
 - f. In the **Service Login** field, enter the appropriate login. The default login is `BranchAdmin`.

If you are using IP Office with System Manager, continue to use the `SMGRB5800Admin` account login. When you upgrade your account, the status and settings of the old

account apply to the new `BranchAdmin` account. For example, if your old account was active, your new account is also active. The system does not maintain your old account status if you reset security settings or when you are deploying IP Office Branch for the first time. With new deployments, your account is disabled by default, and you must activate the account manually.

- g. In the **Service Password** field, type the appropriate password. The default service password is the same as the Service Login.
 - h. In the **Confirm Service Password** field, type the password again.
6. Click the **SNMP** tab.
 7. For the SNMP Version, click **V1**.
 8. In the **Read Community** field, type the community to which the device belongs for read access.
 9. In the **Write Community** field, type the community to which the device belongs for write access.
 10. In the **Retries** field, select the appropriate number.
 11. In the **Timeout (ms)** field, select the appropriate number.
 12. Click **Commit**.
 13. Repeat steps [3](#) on page 68 to [12](#) on page 69 for each branch that you plan to manage from System Manager.

Enabling WebLM licensing for the branch

About this task

If you are going to use WebLM licensing, you must enable the WebLM licensing feature for the branch. See [Licensing](#) on page 43 for more information.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **License**.
3. Click the **Remote Server** tab.
4. Click the check box for **Enable Remote Server** to select this option.
5. In the **Domain Name (URL)** field, enter the IP address or fully qualified domain name of the System Manager WebLM server or other WebLM server that is being used.
6. In the **URN** field, enter the name of the WebLM server. The default is **WebLM/LicenseServer**.

7. In the **Port Number** field, use the up and down arrows to select the port number of the WebLM server. The default is **52233**.
8. Click **File > Save Configuration**.

Creating a system template

About this task

Use this task to create a system template and distribute it to multiple IP Office systems.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, under **Services**, select **Templates**.
2. On the **Templates** page, in the left navigation pane, click **IP Office System Configuration**.
3. On the **IP Office System Configuration Templates** page, do the following:
 - a. Under **Supported IP Office Types**, click the check box for **IP Office**.
 - b. Under **Templates List**, click **New**.
4. In the **Name** field, enter a name for this template.
5. In the **System Type** drop-down box, select **IP Office**.
6. In the **Version** drop-down box, select the appropriate release.
7. To add more details to this system template, click **Details**.

IP Office Manager is launched.
8. Complete the fields as appropriate.
9. When finished, select **File > Save Template and Exit**.
10. Apply the system template to the IP Office systems. See [Applying the system template](#) on page 75.

Uploading an auto attendant audio file

About this task

You are able to upload and convert audio files to System Manager that can be used in the IP Office system configuration auto attendant feature. Once uploaded, from IP Office Manager you are able to select the audio files from the Auto Attendant page.

Note:

If you are using a system template, you can add the audio file to the template to push the audio file down to multiple IP Office systems.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, under **Services**, select **Templates**.
2. On the **Templates** page, click **IP Office System Configuration**.
3. On the **IP Office System Configuration Templates** page, under **Templates List**, select **More Options > Manage Audio**.
4. On the **Manage Audio** page, click the **Browse** button to locate the .wav file you want to upload.
5. Click the **Upload** button.

The voice file is uploaded to System Manager in the .c11 format that is required for Embedded Voicemail on IP Office systems. The file is automatically converted from the .wav format to the .c11 format.

6. When finished, click the **Done** button.

Modifying a system template

About this task

The system template provides the capability to modify the system configuration on a granular level. This is referred to as a partial system template. An existing system template can be modified and pushed to specific devices to merge the updated and/or new configuration information without overriding the existing configuration in other areas. Not all fields in the system template can be updated in this way. This feature is available for specific blocks of fields. See [Editable system template fields](#) on page 72 for the block of fields that can be modified.

Typical ways that a partial system template can be used are to:

- provision a new auto attendant only on multiple IP Office systems
- modify the greeting file name for an auto attendant on multiple IP Office systems
- delete an auto attendant which is not being used on multiple IP Office systems

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, under **Services**, select **Templates**.
2. On the **Templates** page, in the left navigation pane, click **IP Office System Configuration**.
3. On the **IP Office System Configuration Templates** page, do the following:
 - a. Under **Supported IP Office Types**, click the check box for the IP Office systems you want to modify.
 - b. Click **Show List**.
All templates are listed in the Templates List.
 - c. Under **Templates List**, click the check box for the template you want to modify.
 - d. Click **Edit**.

IP Office Manager is launched.

- e. To edit the system template on a granular level, do the following:
 - a. Click the main check box in the upper left-hand corner of the screen.
All screens become read-only and you are in partial edit mode.
 - b. In the left pane, click the check box for the node you want to modify.
 - c. On the details pane, click the check box for the current active tab. The fields in the active tab become editable.
 - d. Modify the fields as appropriate. The tab turns red to indicate changes have been made to the fields in that tab.
- * Note:**
- When in partial edit mode, if you uncheck the main check box in the upper left-hand corner of the screen, all changes you have made to the template will get cleared. You must click that check box again to return to partial edit mode.
- e. Click **OK**.
 - f. Repeat Steps ii through v for each node you want to modify.
 - f. When finished, select **File > Save Template and Exit**.
 - g. Apply the modified system template to the IP Office systems. See [Applying the system template](#) on page 75.

Editable system template fields

Node Level	Group/Sub Group
System	LAN1/LAN Settings
	LAN1/VoIP
	LAN1/SIP Registrar
	LAN1/Network Topology
	LAN2/LAN Settings
	LAN2/VoIP
	LAN2/Network Topology
	LAN2/SIP Registrar
	Directory Services
	Telephony/Telephony
	Telephony/Park & page
	Telephony/ Tones & Music
	Telephony/ Ringtones
	Telephony/ SM

Node Level	Group/Sub Group
	Telephony/ Call Log
	Telephony/ TUI
	System Events/Configuration
	DNS/ Network Services
	VoiceMail
	CDR/SMDR
	SMTP
	Codecs
	Twinning
	CCR
Hunt Group	Hunt Group
	Queuing
	Overflow
	FallBack
	VoiceMail
	Voice Recording
	Announcements
	SIP
Analog Line	Line Settings
	Analog Options
Dect Line	Dect Line
SIP Dect Line	SIP Dect Base
	VOIP
SIP Line	SIP Line
	Transport
	SIP URI
	T38 Fax
	SIP Credentials
	VOIP
H323 Line	VoIP Line
	Short Codes
	VOIP Settings
SM Line	Session Manager
	VOIP
	T38 Fax
License	Remote Server

Node Level	Group/Sub Group
ARS	ARS
Directory	Directory
IP Routes	IP Route
Account Code	Account Code
	Voice Recording
Auto Attendants	Auto Attendant
	AA Actions
Firewall Profile	Standard
	Custom List
	Static NAT (IP Address List)
Time Profile	Time Profile
ICR	Standard
	Voice Recording
	Destinations
Short Code	Short Code
RAS	RAS PPP
Tunnel	Tunnel L2TP PPP
Location	Location
Services	Service
	Session
	NAPT
	FALLBack
	Bandwidth
	IP
	Auto Connect
	Quota
WAN Port	WAN Port
	Frame Relay
	DLCIs
	Advanced

Applying the system template

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, under **Services**, select **Templates**.
2. On the **Templates** page, in the left navigation pane, click **IP Office System Configuration**.
3. Under **Supported IP Office Types**, click the check box for **IP Office**.
4. Click **Show List**.

All templates appear in the **Templates List**.

5. Select the template you want to apply, and then click **Apply**.
6. On the **Apply IP Office System Configuration** page, select the IP Office(s) to which you want to apply the template.
7. Do one of the following:
 - Click **Now** to run the job now.
 - Click **Schedule** to run the job at a scheduled date and time.

Creating an endpoint template

About this task

Use this task to create endpoint templates that can be used for user administration.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, under **Services**, select **Templates**.
2. On the **Templates** page, in the left navigation pane, click **IP Office Endpoint**.
3. On the **IP Office Endpoint Templates** page, do the following:
 - a. Under **Supported IP Office Types**, click the check box for **IP Office**.
 - b. Under **Templates List**, click **New**.
4. In the **Name** field, enter a name for this endpoint.
5. In the **System Type** drop-down box, select **IP Office**.
6. In the **Set Type** drop-down box, do one of the following:
 - Select **ANALOG** to create a template for Analog Terminal Adapters (ATAs). This template can be applied when adding ATA users to System Manager. An ATA user is a user configured as a Centralized user whose associated extension is an analog extension.

 **Note:**

Standard analog phones or analog fax devices are supported for use by ATA users.

- Select **SIP** to create a template for SIP Phones. This template can be applied with adding Centralized SIP users to System Manager.
7. In the **Version** drop-down box, select the appropriate version.
 8. To configure more details for this endpoint, click the **Details** button.
The IP Office Web Manager is launched.
 9. On the Request Authentication page, click the **OK** button.
 - * **Note:**
You do not need to provide a certificate on this page. This page will always appear when you launch IP Office Manager.
 10. Complete the appropriate fields.
The fields you can edit in the user template are those that are applicable to multiple users. Fields that are non-editable are not applicable to multiple users.
 - * **Note:**
Specific user configuration is available with the Endpoint Editor. See [Adding IP Office users to System Manager](#) on page 68 for more information.
 11. When finished, select **File > Save Template and Exit**.
The template is saved in System Manager and listed in the Template List table.

Disabling unused trunks

About this task

Each IP Office trunk card provides a fixed number of trunk ports with digital trunk ports supporting a fixed number of digital channels. By default the IP Office configuration will have settings for all the possible trunks and channels.

In cases where the number of trunks or trunk channels in use is lower than the number supported by the trunk card, the unused trunks and channel must be disabled.

! Important:

Failure to do this will cause problems with outgoing calls. For example, on a system with an ATM4 trunk card fitted but only two analog trunks actually connected, failure to disable the other two trunks within the IP Office configuration will cause 50% of outgoing call attempts to fail.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Line**.

- For each line, set those lines or channels that are not connected or not being used as **Out of Service**.

The location of the relevant setting varies for each trunk type.

- For **Analog Trunks**, set the **Trunk Type** to **Out of Service**.
- For **BRI, E1 PRI, S0 and QSIG Trunks**, set the channels quantities to match the actual subscribed channels.
- For **T1, T1 PRI and E1R2 Trunks**, select the Channels tab. Then do the following:
 - Select those channels that are not used and click **Edit**.
 - For T1 set the **Type** to **Out of Service**
 - For T1 PRI set the **Admin** field to **Out of Service**.
 - For E1R2 trunks set the **Line Signalling Type** to **Out of Service**.
- Select **File > Save Configuration**.

Digital trunk clock source

About this task

Digital trunks require the telephone system at each end of the trunk to share a clock signal to ensure synchronization of call signalling. The IP Office can obtain and use the clock signal from any of its digital trunks. Typically the clock signal provided by a digital trunk from the central office exchange is used as this will be the most accurate and reliable clock source.

To do this, the **Clock Quality** setting on each line in the IP Office configuration is set to one of the following:

- **Network**

If available, the clock signal from this trunk should be used as the IP Office clock source for call synchronization. If several trunk sources are set as Network, the IP Office will default to using one as detailed below.

- **Fallback**

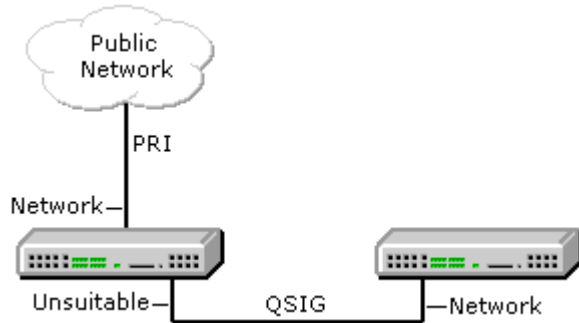
If available, the clock signal from this trunk can be used as the clock source if none of the trunks set as Network are providing a clock source.

- **Unsuitable**

The clock source from this trunk will never be used as the IP Office clock source.

If no clock source is available the IP Office can use its own internal clock if necessary.

In the example below the first IP Office is set to use the public network trunk as its clock source and ignoring the possible clock source from the QSIG trunk. The other IP Office system is using the clock signal received from the first IP Office on its QSIG trunk as its clock source. Thus both systems are using the same clock source and that clock source is the public network exchange.



When multiple trunks with the same setting are providing clock signals, trunks are used in the order of slots 1 to 4 and then by port on each slot.

The current clock source being used by an IP Office system is shown on the Resources page within the IP Office System Status Application.

Setting a trunk clock quality setting

About this task

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Line**.
3. For each digital line, do the following:
 - a. Select the line.
 - b. On the **Line** tab, select whether that trunk should provide the clock source for the network or whether the trunk is unsuitable.

*** Note:**

For E1R2 trunks the **Clock Quality** setting is on the **Advanced** tab

4. Ensure that only one trunk is set to **Network**. This should preferably be a direct digital trunk to the central office exchange.
5. Set one other trunk to **Fallback** in case the selected network trunk connection is lost.

*** Note:**

If possible this should be a trunk from a different provider since that reduces the chances of both sources failing at the same time.

6. Ensure that all other digital trunks are set as **Unsuitable**.
7. Select **File > Save Configuration**.

Setting the trunk prefixes

About this task

Where a prefix has been implemented for outgoing calls, that same prefix needs to be added to trunk settings. The prefix is then used as follows:

- On incoming calls the prefix is added to any incoming ICLID received with the call. That allows the ICLID to be used by IP Office phones and applications to make return calls.
- On outgoing calls, the short codes used to route the call to a trunk must remove the dialing prefix.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Line**.
3. For each line enter the prefix. The location of the relevant setting varies for each trunk type.
 - For analog trunks, select the **Line Settings** tab and enter the prefix in the **Prefix** field.
 - For T1 and T1 PRI trunks, select the **PRI 24 Line** tab and enter the prefix in the **Prefix** field.
 - For BRI, E1 PRI, and QSIG trunks, select the **PRI Line** tab and enter the appropriate prefix in the following fields:
 - Prefix
 - National Prefix
 - International Prefix
4. Select **File > Save Configuration**.

SIP trunk prefixes

The prefix fields Prefix, National Prefix, Country Code and International Prefix are available with the SIP line settings. These fields are used in the following order:

1. If an incoming number (called or calling) starts with the + symbol, the + is replaced with the International Prefix.
2. If the Country Code has been set and an incoming number begins with that Country Code or with the International Prefix and Country Code, they are replaced with the National Prefix.
3. If the Country Code has been set and the incoming number does not start with the National Prefix or International Prefix, the International Prefix is added.
4. If the incoming number does not begin with either the National Prefix or International Prefix, then the Line Prefix is added.

For example, if the SIP line is configured with the following prefixes, the numbers are processed as described in the table below.

- Line Prefix: 9
- National Prefix: 90
- International Prefix: 900
- Country Code: 44

Number Received	Processing	Resulting Number
+441707362200	Following rule 1 above, the + is replaced with the International Prefix (900), resulting in 900441707362200. The number now matches the International Prefix (900) and Country Code (44). Following rule 2 above they are replaced with the National Prefix (90).	901707362200
00441707362200	Following rule 2 above the International Prefix (900) and the Country Code (44) are replaced with the National Prefix (90).	90107362200
441707362200	Following rule 2 above, the Country Code (44) is replaced with the National Prefix (90).	901707362200
6494770557	Following rule 3 above the International Prefix (900) is added.	9006494770557

Administering an SM Line for each branch

This section provides the procedures required to configure an SM Line between each branch site and the headquarters site. SIP Trunk Channel licenses are required in order to make and receive calls through the SM Line. For more information, see [Configuring IP Office to request required licenses from WebLM](#) on page 47.

Also provided in this section is information about how the IP Office uses a configured SM Line to handle incoming and outgoing calls to and from the branch and how a second SM Line can be configured for SM Line redundancy.

- See [Enabling SIP trunk support](#) on page 81. Use this procedure to configure the IP Office LAN interface which will be used for the SM Line connection to the Avaya Aura® Session Manager.
- See [Setting the branch prefix and local number length for extension numbering](#) on page 82. Use this procedure to set the prefix number for the IP Office and the required extension length.

- See [Configuring system-wide security for the SM Line and Centralized phones](#) on page 83. Use this procedure to apply system-wide security settings to the SM Line(s) and Centralized phones.
- See [Changing the default codec selection](#) on page 86. Use this procedure to set the preferred order for codec negotiation. This can be done as a system default and also for each individual SIP and SM Line.
- See [Adding an SM Line](#) on page 87. Use this procedure to create an SM Line for calls to the Avaya Aura® Session Manager.
- See [Setting up outgoing call routing](#) on page 97. Use this procedure to create short codes for routing calls to the SM Line when the required destination or resource is on another branch of the Avaya Aura® network.
- See [How the IP Office uses a configured SM Line](#) on page 94. Read this topic to understand how the SM Line is used once it is configured and in operation.
- See [SM Line redundancy](#) on page 94. Read this topic to understand how in an Avaya Aura® network that includes multiple SM Lines for redundancy, the IP Office can be configured with a secondary SM Line. If for any reason the IP Office system's primary SM Line goes out of service, the system will automatically attempt to use the secondary SM Line.

Enabling SIP trunk support

About this task

Before adding any SIP trunks, including SM Lines, the IP Office system must be configured for SIP trunk operation. The system has 2 LAN interfaces, LAN1 and LAN2 (the physical ports are labeled LAN and WAN respectively). It is recommended that LAN1 be used for the data connection to the Avaya Aura® network for the SM Line operation.

Important:

The configuration changes in the following procedure will require the IP Office system to be rebooted.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **System**.
3. Click the **LAN1** tab.
4. Confirm that the IP address and IP Mask fields are set correctly for the site.
5. Click the **VoIP** tab.
6. Select the **SIP Trunks Enable** option. This is required for Avaya Aura® Session Manager trunk support.

*** Note:**

The **SIP Registrar Enable** setting and settings in the **SIP Registrar** tab relate to SIP extension support and therefore do not affect SM Lines. The settings in the **Network Topology** tab relate to external SIP trunks. Those settings are not used by the SM Lines, which use a connection across the customer WAN that does not go through Network Address Translation (NAT).

7. Click **OK**.
8. Select **File > Save Configuration**.

Setting the branch prefix and local number length for extension numbering

About this task

Each IP Office in the network should have a unique branch number. That number is added as a prefix to the caller's extension number for calls routed from IP Office user extensions to the Avaya Aura[®] Session Manager. This means that IP Office user extensions are defined on the IP Office without the branch prefix, so that when the branch prefix is added, the number is the correct length and format expected by Avaya Aura[®] Session Manager.

The prefix is also used in the Avaya Aura[®] Session Manager configuration to create unique dial patterns for routing calls to the appropriate IP Office .

You have the option to leave the **Branch Prefix** field blank. If you do not configure the branch prefix, the IP Office user extensions must be defined with the full enterprise number. You are also able to leave the **Local Number Length** field blank.

By default IP Office systems use 3-digit extension numbering starting from 200. The existing allocated numbers can be changed in bulk using the **Tools > Extension Renumber** option. This will add or remove a set value from all existing extension numbers in the configuration.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **System**.
3. Click the **Telephony** tab.
4. Click the **SM** tab.
5. Set the fields as appropriate. See [SM tab field descriptions](#) on page 84 for more information.
6. Click **OK**.
7. Select **File > Save Configuration**.

Configuring media security

About this task

In IP Office, the system-wide security settings apply to the SM Lines, SIP extensions of Centralized users, and the trunks and extensions of IP Office users. The system-level settings can be overridden for individual trunks or extensions in special cases. It is recommended to use the *Same as System* configuration for the trunks and extensions. The SM Lines and the extensions of all Centralized users must have a consistent media security configuration.

* Note:

For more information about Centralized users and Centralized phones, see *Administering Centralized Users for an IP Office™ Platform Enterprise Branch*.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **System**.
3. Click the **VoIP Security** tab.

The following fields are relative to setting the system-wide security:

- Media Security
 - Media Security Options
 - Encryptions
 - Authentication
 - Replay Protection SRTP Window Size
 - Crypto Suites
4. Set the fields as appropriate. See [VoIP tab field descriptions](#) on page 90 for more information.

* Note:

In IP Office R9.0, SRTP was supported only for traffic across the SM Line or with Centralized users. If an IP Office R9.0, on which SRTP is enabled, is upgraded to IP Office R9.1, the existing IP Office R9.0 SRTP configuration is copied automatically to the individual configuration of each SM Line and Centralized SIP extension. This keeps the existing behavior unchanged during upgrades. Therefore, to take advantage of the broader support for SRTP, you should enable SRTP at the IP Office R9.1 system-level configuration. You should also set the configuration of the SM Lines and individual Centralized SIP extensions to *Same as System*, which is the default setting for new installations.

5. Click **OK**.
6. Select **File > Save Configuration**.

SM tab field descriptions

Name	Range or Default	Description
Short Form Dialing Length	Default = 0 (feature is disabled) Range = 0 to 14	<p>This number specifies the short-form dialing length for all Centralized users and Groups. This feature does not apply to IP Office users.</p> <p>Configuration of this field allows IP Office to treat the last <i>N</i> digits (where <i>N</i> is the number entered in this field) of each Centralized user's extension number as an alias to that user's extension number. For example, if a Centralized user's extension number is 5381111 and the Short Form Dialing Length is 4, the system will match calls to 1111 with this extension.</p> <p>When 1111 is dialed by another user on the system, entered from the auto-attendant, or comes from the ICR, then in Sunny day that call will be sent to Session Manager with the number converted to 5381111 and in Rainy day it will target the extension 5381111 locally.</p>
Branch Prefix	Range = 0 to 999999999	<p>This number is used to identify the IP Office system within the Avaya Aura® network. The branch prefix of each IP Office system must be unique and must not overlap. For example 85, 861 and 862 are okay, but 86 and 861 overlap. On calls routed via an SM Line, the branch prefix is added to the caller's extension number.</p> <p>You have the option to leave the Branch Prefix field blank. If you do not configure the branch prefix, the IP Office user extensions must be defined with the full enterprise number.</p>
Local Number Length	Range = Blank (Off) or 3 to 9 for IP Office user extensions	This field sets the default length for extension numbers for extensions, users, and hunt

Name	Range or Default	Description
		<p>groups added to the IP Office configuration. Entry of an extension number of a different length will cause an error warning by Manager.</p> <p>The number of digits entered in the Branch Prefix field plus the number entered in the Local Number Length field must not exceed 15 digits.</p> <p>You have the option to leave the Local Number Length field blank.</p>
Proactive Monitoring	Default = 60 seconds, Range = 60 to 100000 seconds	The IP Office sends regular SIP OPTIONS messages to the SM Line in order to check the status of the line. This setting controls the frequency of the messages when the SM Line is currently in service.
Monitoring Retries	Default = 1 Range = 0 to 5	This field sets the number of times the IP Office system attempts to send a SIP OPTIONS request to Session Manager before the SM Line is marked out-of-service.
Reactive Monitoring	Default = 60 seconds, Range = 10 to 3600 seconds	The IP Office sends regular SIP OPTION messages to the SM Line in order to check the status of the line. This setting controls the frequency of the messages when the SM Line is currently out-of-service.
Failback Policy	Default = Auto	<p>This field allows the administrator to choose between an automatic or manual failback policy on the IP Office. In deployments with Centralized phones, this field must be set consistently with the failback policy of the phones which is configured via the Session Manager global settings in System Manager. Choices are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto — IP Office automatically brings the SM Line to “In Service” status as soon as it detects via the Reactive Monitoring setting that the Session Manager is reachable.

Name	Range or Default	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manual — when an SM Line is in the “Out of Service” state, the IP Office does not bring it back to “In Service” status based on automatic detection. IP Office keeps the SM Line in the “Out of Service” state until the administrator manually initiates the IP Office failback from System Manager.

Changing the default codec selection

About this task

By default, all IP Office IP trunks and extensions use automatic codec negotiation. The default negotiation order depends on the type of SD card used.

- With an IPO MU_LAW SD card, the default negotiation order is:
 - G711.MU_LAW
 - G711 A_LAW
 - G729a
 - G723.1
- With an IPO A_LAW SD card, the default negotiation order is:
 - G711.A_LAW
 - G711.MU_LAW
 - G729a
 - G723.1

For more information about codecs, see *Avaya IP Office™ Platform in a Branch Environment Reference Configuration*, document number 15-604253.

* Note:

The specific setting for individual branch trunks and extensions can be set to override the system setting if necessary.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **System**.
3. Click the **Codecs** tab.
4. In the **Available Codecs** section, check the appropriate codecs and move them to the **Selected** section.

The order of the codecs listed in the **Selected** section indicates the preferred codec order for trunks and extensions that are using automatic codec negotiation. See [Automatic codec preference settings](#) on page 87 for more information.

5. Click **OK**.
6. Select **File > Save Configuration**.

Automatic codec preference settings

Setting	Selected Preference	2nd Preference	3rd Preference	4th Preference
G.729	G729(a) 8K CS-ACELP	G711 U-Law 64K	G711 A-Law 64K	G723.1 6K3 MP-MLQ
G.723	G723.1 6K3 MP-MLQ	G729(a) 8K CS-ACELP	G711 U-Law 64K	G711 A-Law 64K
G.711 U-Law	G711 U-Law 64K	G711 A-Law 64K	G729(a) 8K CS-ACELP	G723.1 6K3 MP-MLQ
G.711 A-Law	G711 A-Law 64K	G711 U-Law 64K	G729(a) 8K CS-ACELP	G723.1 6K3 MP-MLQ

Adding an SM Line

About this task

Use this procedure to add an SM Line to the IP Office system configuration. If multiple Avaya Aura® Session Managers are available at the headquarters site, an additional SM Line can be added for SM Line redundancy. The two SM Lines are prioritized based on the line number. The lower line number is considered the primary SM Line. Based on the priority of the SM Lines designated by the line number, the active line to which the IP Office sends all calls will always be the highest priority SM Line in service. See the IP Office Manager online help and [SM Line redundancy](#) on page 94 for more information.

Important:


The configuration changes in the following procedure will require the IP Office system to be rebooted.

Procedure



1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.
2. In the left navigation pane, right-click **Line**.
3. Select **New > SM Line**.
4. Configure the line settings as appropriate. See [Session Manager tab field descriptions](#) on page 88 for more information.
5. Click **OK**.

6. Click the **VoIP** tab.
7. Confirm the **Re-Invite Supported** check box is selected (selected by default).
8. Confirm the **Allow Direct Media Path** check box is selected. This option is selected by default when **Re-Invite Supported** is selected.
9. Configure the remaining fields as appropriate. See [VoIP tab field descriptions](#) on page 90 for more information.
10. Click **OK**.
11. Select **File > Save Configuration**.

Session Manager tab field descriptions

Name	Range or Default	Description
Line Number		This value is automatically assigned by IP Office and should be unique for each line added to the configuration.
In Service	Default = Enabled	This option can be used to administratively disable the SM Line. It does not reflect the dynamic state of the line. If an SM Line is administratively disabled, it is not equivalent to being in the dynamic out of service state.
SM Domain Name	Default = Blank	This name should match a SIP domain defined in the Session Manager system's SIP Domains table. Unless there are reasons to do otherwise, all the IP Office systems in the Avaya Aura [®] network can share the same domain.  Note: See Viewing the SIP domains on page 147 for a list of SIP domains defined in Session Manager.
SM Address	Default = 0000	Enter the IP address of the Session Manager that the line should use in the Avaya Aura [®] network. The same Session Manager should be used for the matching Entity Link entry in the Avaya Aura [®] configuration.
Outgoing Group ID	Default = 98888	This value is not changeable. However note the value as it is

Name	Range or Default	Description
		used in IP Office short codes used to route calls to the Session Manager.
Prefix	Default = Blank	This prefix will be added to any source number received with incoming calls.
Max Calls	Default = 10	This value sets the number of simultaneous calls allowed between IP Office and Session Manager using this connection. Each call uses one of the available licenses that are shared by all SIP trunks configured in the system.
URI Type	Default = SIP	When SIP or SIPS is selected in the drop-down box, the SIP URI format is used (for example, name@example.com). This affects the From field of outgoing calls. The To field for outgoing calls will always use the format specified by the short codes used for outgoing call routing. Recommendation: When SIP Secured URI is required, the URI Type should be set to SIPS. SIPS can be used only when Layer 4 Protocol is set to TLS.
Media Connection Preservation	Default for new installations and upgrades = Enabled. Choices are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • System • Enabled • Disabled 	This feature allows you to choose the media connection preservation capability of established calls for instances when the call signaling over the SM Line is lost due to network failures. When set to Enabled , users are able to continue talking even though call features, such as transfer, can no longer be applied on the call due to the loss of the SIP dialog. When set to System , the system-wide setting defined in System > Telephony > Telephony tab is used.
Layer 4 Protocol	Default = TLS	This can be set to TLS or TCP. Set to TLS to choose SIPS as the URI Type when SIP Secured URI is required.

Name	Range or Default	Description
Send Port	Default = 5061	When Layer 4 Protocol is set to TLS, the default setting is 5061. When Layer 4 Protocol is set to TCP, the default setting is 5060.
Listen Port	Default = 5061	When Layer 4 Protocol is set to TLS, the default setting is 5061. When Layer 4 Protocol is set to TCP, the default setting is 5060.
Session Timer (seconds)	<p>Default = 1200 seconds</p> <p>Value can be changed in 30-second intervals.</p> <p> Note:</p> <p>To avoid extra SIP messages, this value should be <i>double</i> the value configured in the Preferred Minimum Session Refresh Interval (sec) field in the add trunkgroup administration screen for the Communication Manager that the IP Office communicates with via the SM Line.</p>	<p>This value sets the Session expiry time. At the half-way point of the expiry time, a session refresh message is sent.</p> <p>This value can also be changed to On Demand. When set to On Demand, IP Office does not initiate the session timer and only supports it if it is initiated by the other end.</p> <p> Note:</p> <p>Communication Manager R6.2 SP1 and later supports SIP session refresh via UPDATE. This is compatible with the session timer enhancement on the IP Office, which makes IP Office initiate session refreshes. However, if the Communication Manager that the IP Office communicates with via the SM Line is an earlier release, then this field should be set to On Demand and not to a numeric value.</p>

VoIP tab field descriptions

Name	Range or Default	Description
Codec Selection	Default = System Default	This field defines the codec or codecs offered during call setup. When System Default is selected, the codec list shown matches the codecs set in the system-wide Default Codec Selection (System > Codecs).

Name	Range or Default	Description
Fax Transport Support	Default = None	This option is only selectable if the option Re-Invite Supported is also selected. If enabled, the IP Office is able to support the sending and receiving of faxes via the SM Line using the T38 protocol. The settings for T38 are set on the T38 Fax tab.
Location	Default = Cloud	This field is not relevant to IP Office enterprise branch deployments.
Call Initiation Timeout(s)	Default = 4 seconds	This option sets how long the system would wait for a response to its attempt to initiate a call over the SM Line.
DTMF Support	Default = RFC2833	This setting is used to select the method by which DTMF key presses are signaled to the remote end. The supported options are In Band, RFC2833 or Info .
VoIP Silence Suppression	Default = Off	When selected, this option will detect periods of silence on any call over the line and will not send any data during those silent periods.
Allow Direct Media Path	Default = On	<p>This setting controls whether connected calls must remain routed via IP Office or can be routed alternately if possible within the network structure.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If enabled, connected calls can take routes other than through IP Office. This removes the need for a voice compression channel. • If disabled or not supported at one end of the call, the call is routed through IP Office. However RTP relay support allows calls between devices using the same audio codec to not require a voice compression channel.
Re-Invite Supported	Default = On	When enabled, Re-Invite can be used during a session to change the characteristics of the session,

Name	Range or Default	Description
		for example when the target of an incoming call or a transfer does not support the codec originally negotiated on the trunk.
Codec Lockdown	Default = Off	Supports RFC 3264 Section 10.2 when Re-Invite Supported and Codec Lockdown are enabled. In response to a SIP offer with a list of codecs supported, some SIP user agents supply a SDP answer that also lists multiple codecs. This means that the user agent may switch to any of those codecs during the session without further negotiation. The system does not support multiple concurrent codecs for a session, so loss of speech path will occur if the codec is changed during the session. If codec lockdown is enabled, when the system receives an SDP answer with more than one codec from the list of offered codecs, it sends an extra re-INVITE using just a single codec from the list and resubmits a new SDP offer with just the single chosen codec.
Force direct media with phones	Default = Off	This setting is enabled when Allow Direct Media Path and Re-Invite Supported check boxes are checked. This feature allows digit presses on the extension to be detected and the call changed to an indirect media call so the RFC2833 DTMF can be sent. The call remains as a direct media call for 15 seconds after the last digit before reverting back to being an indirect media call.
Media Security	Default = Same as System	Secure RTP (SRTP) can be used between IP devices to add additional security. These settings control whether SRTP is used for the SM Line. Choices are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Same as System — Calls on the SM Line use the Media Security settings configured at

Name	Range or Default	Description
		<p>the System level on the IP Office.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disable — Media security is not required. All media sessions (audio, video, and data) will be enforced to use RTP only. • Best Effort — Attempt to use secure media first and if unsuccessful, fall back to non-secure media. • Enforce — Media security is required. All media sessions (audio, video, and data) will be enforced to use SRTP only.
Media Security Options		<p>This section appears when Media Security is set to Best Effort or Enforce. The following options appear in this section:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Encryptions • Authentication • Replay Protection SRTP Window Size • Crypto Suites
Encryptions	Default = RTP	<p>This setting allows selection of which parts of a media session should be protected using encryption. The default is to encrypt just the RTP stream (the speech).</p>
Authentication	Default = RTP and RTCP	<p>This setting allows selection of which parts of a media session should be protected using authentication. The default is to authenticate both the RTP stream (the speech) and the RTCP stream (call control signals).</p>
Replay Protection SRTP Window Size	Default = 64	<p>Displays the options for the SRTP window size. Currently not adjustable.</p>
Crypto Suites	Default = SRTP_AES_CM_128_SHA1_80	<p>AES_CM_128_SHA1_80 is enabled by default. SRTP_AES_CM_128_SHA1_32 is supported but not enabled by default.</p>

SM Line redundancy

In an Avaya Aura® network that includes multiple SM Lines for redundancy, the IP Office can be configured with a secondary SM Line. If for any reason the IP Office system's primary SM Line goes out of service, the system will automatically attempt to use the secondary SM Line. Prioritization of the SM Lines is determined by the line number configured for a particular SM Line. For example, if the first SM Line is configured with line number 17 and the second SM Line is configured with line number 18, then line number 17 has the higher priority and is considered the primary SM Line. If for some reason you want to designate the secondary SM Line as the primary line, you must change one or both of the line numbers associated with the SM Lines so that the secondary SM Line number is lower than that of the primary line.

The redundancy operation of the SM lines is based on line prioritization. The active line to which IP Office sends all calls is always the highest priority SM Line in service. If the primary SM Line is in service, it is the active line for sending calls. If the connection to the primary SM Line is lost, causing IP Office to switch to the secondary SM Line, when the primary line comes back up, IP Office will switch back to the primary line.

The secondary SM Line is configured in the same way as the primary SM Line. The only difference required is to set the **SM Address** field to the address of the alternate Avaya Aura® Session Manager from the one being used by the primary SM Line.

*** Note:**

Depending on how the IP Office failback policy is configured, failback from the secondary Session Manager to the primary Session Manager may need to be performed manually when the primary Session Manager comes back into service. For more information, see About the failback policy in *Administering Centralized Users for an IP Office™ Platform Enterprise Branch*.

If all available channels of the current SM Line are in use, the IP Office will not overflow calls to the other SM Line. However, if PSTN trunk fallback has been configured, the other SM Line will be used. See [PSTN trunk fallback](#) on page 172 for more information.

How the IP Office uses a configured SM Line

Once configured and in operation, the SM Line is used as follows.

Outgoing calls from a branch

In a Distributed enterprise branch, if the outgoing call begins with the branch's own prefix, the prefix is removed and the call is targeted locally to the matching native user or hunt group extension number. If there is no matching extension number, the call is targeted to any matching system short code.

Incoming calls to a branch

Incoming calls on an SM Line are treated as being internal calls and do not go through the IP Office system's Incoming Call Route settings.

- If the destination of the incoming call on the SM Line starts with the system's branch prefix, the prefix is removed. The call is then targeted to the matching IP Office user or hunt group extension number. If there is no matching extension number, the call is targeted to any matching system short code.
- If the destination of the incoming call on the SM Line does not start with the system's branch prefix, the whole number is checked for a match against system short codes.

Line status detection

The IP Office system sends regular OPTION messages to any SM Lines in its configuration. The Proactive Monitoring and Reactive Monitoring settings on the IP Office system's **Telephony > SM** tab set how often the OPTION messages are sent in seconds. The Proactive Monitoring setting is used for an SM Line currently thought to be in service. The Reactive Monitoring setting is used for an SM Line currently thought to be out of service. The Monitoring Retries option sets the number of times the IP Office system attempts to send an OPTION request to Session Manager before the SM Line is marked out-of-service. IP Office will set an SM Line out-of-service only after successive (as configured in the Monitoring Retries field) OPTIONS requests, each at regular (Proactive Monitoring) intervals, to the Session Manager have failed. An OPTIONS monitoring request is considered to have failed if no response is received with 32 seconds (SIP Timer F), or if a response is received with SIP response code 408, 500, 503 or 504. If a response is received from Session Manager with any other response code, then the OPTIONS monitoring is considered to have succeeded and the SM Line is treated as in service. An SM Line remains in service while the connection test mechanism is in progress.

Different ways to set up outgoing call routing

You are able to use IP Office short codes to configure outgoing call routing to enterprise extension numbers in other sites within the enterprise network. The short codes are used to route the calls to the SM Line. The Avaya Aura® Session Manager then performs the routing to determine where the call should go. The best way to configure the short codes for outgoing call routing for a deployment depends on the enterprise numbering, dial plan, and call routing requirements.

Ideally the number of system short codes should be kept to a minimum and the same short codes used on all branches in order to ease maintenance. This is where using a uniform dial plan for all branches helps, as explained in [Dial plan considerations](#) on page 32. A uniform dial plan allows the same single short code to be used at all branches.

Examples

The following examples show different approaches for configuring outgoing call routing.

- **Configuration based on common first digit** — If the enterprise numbers start with a common first digit, then a short code can be configured based on that common first digit. For example, 8XXXXXX | Dial | 8N | 98888
- **Configuration based on common first digit with different length numbers** — If the enterprise numbers start with a common first digit but are different lengths, then a short code

could be based on that common first digit and numbers of different lengths. For example, 8N;
| Dial | 8N | 98888 (with Dial Delay Count = 0 and Dial Delay Time = 4 seconds).

- **Configuration based on explicit match for calls to local trunks and sending everything else to the SM Line** — Configure a default short code, for example ? | Dial | . | 50:Main, that sends the calls to ARS, and then in ARS use a default entry, such as ? | Dial | . | 98888 to send to the SM Line anything that does not match other entries in the ARS. In this example, explicit entries are required in the ARS for calls that must be routed to the PSTN through local trunks.
 - If the end users dial an access digit for outside line to PSTN, then the ARS can contain an entry that will match that access digit and route to the local trunks.
 - Alternatively, the ARS can contain entries that will match the numbers that have to be routed to the local trunks, for example, the local area code.

 **Warning:**

The configuration of routing to the SM Line via ARS should not be used when IP Office is deployed within a particular contact center scenario. That scenario is one where IP Office sends calls to Avaya Aura® Experience Portal, which then blind transfers the call to CC-Elite agents, requiring IP Office to copy information known as UUI to a new SIP message. IP Office does not function correctly in this call flow when routing to the SM Line is configured via ARS.

Hence, in deployments that include this contact center scenario, configure routing to the SM Line directly from short codes. The variation on the example above would be as follows: .

- Configure the default short code ? | Dial | . | 98888 to send anything that does not match other short codes to the SM Line.
 - Configure explicit short codes to match all calls that must be routed to local trunks and send those calls to ARS.
- **Configuration based on explicit match for calls to the SM Line and sending everything else to local trunks** — Configure explicit short codes to match calls to other sites within the enterprise and send them to the SM Line. Configure a default short code that sends to ARS anything that does not match other short codes. This approach is the opposite of the previous approach. Which of these two approaches to use depends on the enterprise numbering and dial plan. The enterprise numbering and dial plan will determine which list of explicit match entries is easier to identify and configure.
 - **Configuration in ARS to send calls to other enterprise sites via the PSTN when the SM Line is down** — In some cases, ARS with alternate routing can be configured to automatically route calls to other enterprise sites to the PSTN during Rainy day. This configuration is simple if the enterprise extension numbers are the same as their corresponding DID numbers as dialed on the PSTN. In this case alternate routing can send the dialed number as is to the PSTN trunk. In other cases, if the enterprise extension numbers have corresponding DID number but in a different format, it may be possible to adapt the dialed numbers to corresponding PSTN numbers by specifying number manipulation in the alternate route ARS short code.

To configure routing calls to other enterprise sites via the SM Line with alternate routing via the PSTN:

- Short codes must send the calls to the main ARS.

- Within the main ARS, short codes as described above must route the calls to the SM Line.
- The alternate route in the main ARS must specify another ARS form for PSTN trunk fallback.
- Within the PSTN trunk fallback ARS, the short codes must route the calls to local PSTN trunks on the IP Office, possibly with some number manipulation.

 **Warning:**

The configuration of routing to the SM Line via ARS should not be used when IP Office is deployed within a particular contact center scenario, as described in the previous **Warning** above.

 **Note:**

IP Office also allows for the flexibility of optionally configuring a domain name in the **Telephone Number** field of a short code that routes to the SM Line. In this case, the domain name specified in the short code is used in the SIP message sent to the SM Line, instead of the domain name that is specified in the SM Line configuration. This optional capability is not expected to be used for the regular case of routing to the SM Line.

Setting up outgoing call routing

About this task

Use this task to create a short code for outgoing call routing. For information about the different short codes that can be created to route outgoing calls in different ways, see [Different ways to set up outgoing call routing](#) on page 95.


Note the following:

- If using Avaya Aura[®] Conferencing 7.0, the IP Office short code should include routing to Session Manager any call that is made to the Avaya Aura[®] Conferencing 7.0 number.
- In a Distributed enterprise branch, when a short code match occurs and the telephone number to be sent to the SM Line begins with the IP Office system's own branch prefix, the prefix is removed and the call is re-targeted locally on the IP Office system.
- For information on routing back to the branch for fallback alternate routes, see [Branch PSTN call routing examples](#) on page 167.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Short Code**.
3. Click the **New** icon and select **Short Code**.
4. Configure the settings as appropriate. See [Short Code tab field descriptions](#) on page 98 for more information.
5. Click **OK**.
6. Select **File > Save Configuration**.

Short Code tab field descriptions

Name	Description
Code	Enter the number dialed by users that should be matched to this short code. Use X wildcards for any single digit.
Feature	Leave this field set as Dial .
Telephone Number	Set this field to match a number that should be passed to the Avaya Aura® Session Manager for routing against its dialing pattern matches. The N wildcard can be used to match any wildcards in the Code .  Note: Add SS to the entry in this field to have the caller ID passed to the SM Line. For example, if you are entering 8N in the Telephone Number field, enter 8NSS .
Line Group Id	Set the Line Group ID to match the Outgoing Group settings used in the SM lines URI setting.
Local	Features that transfer the caller to Voicemail Pro can indicate the language locale required for prompts. This is subject to the language being supported and installed on the voicemail server. The default is blank.
Force Account Code	When selected, for short codes that result in the dialing of a number, the user is prompted to enter a valid account code before the call is allowed to continue. The default is Off .

Defining the media connection preservation system default setting

About this task

This setting defines the media connection preservation setting for SM Lines and SIP trunks whose **Media Connection Preservation** field is set to **System**. This feature allows for preservation of the media connection of established calls for instances when the call signaling over the SM Line is lost due to network failures. When set to **Enabled**, users are able to continue talking even though call features can no longer be applied on the call due to the loss of the SIP dialog.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.

2. In the left navigation pane, click **System**.
3. Click the **Telephony > Telephony** tab.
4. In the **Media Connection Preservation** drop-down box, select one of the following:
 - **Enabled** — media connection of established calls is preserved if call signaling over the SM Line is lost due to network failures.
 - **Disabled** — media connection of established calls is not preserved if call signaling over the SM Line is lost due to network failures.
5. Click **OK**.

Enabling branch SIP extension support

About this task

Before adding any SIP extensions, the IP Office system must be enabled for SIP extension support. Use this procedure to configure the IP Office to support the addition of SIP extensions.

Important:

The configuration changes in the following procedure will require the IP Office system to be rebooted.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **System**.
3. Click the **LAN1** tab.
4. In the **LAN Settings** tab, make a note of the IP Address and IP Mask details as these will be required during the SIP extension configuration.
5. Click the **VoIP** tab.
6. Ensure the check box for **SIP Registrar Enable** is checked (it is checked by default). This is necessary for support of SIP extensions directly by the branch or when providing survivability support for Avaya Aura® SIP extensions.
7. Configure the remaining fields on the **VoIP** tab as appropriate. See [VoIP tab field descriptions](#) on page 100 for more information.
8. Click **OK**.
9. Select **File > Save Configuration**.

VoIP tab field descriptions

Name	Default	Description
H.323 Gatekeeper Enable	Default = On	This setting enables gatekeeper operation.
Auto-create Extn	Default = Off	<p>This feature is disabled for IP Office enterprise branch systems that are configured for System Manager administration or WebLM centralized licensing.</p> <p>For IP Office systems under System Manager administration, all users and extensions for VoIP users are created by System Manager. The feature is disabled to avoid creation of extensions that System Manager is not aware of.</p> <p>For IP Office systems that are administered for WebLM centralized licensing, this feature is disabled because of potential conflict with acquiring the licenses required for new extensions from the WebLM server.</p>
Auto-create User	Default = Off	<p>This feature is disabled for IP Office enterprise branch systems that are configured for System Manager administration or WebLM centralized licensing.</p> <p>For IP Office systems under System Manager administration, all users and extensions for VoIP users are created by System Manager. The feature is disabled to avoid creation of extensions that System Manager is not aware of.</p> <p>For IP Office systems that are administered for WebLM centralized licensing, this feature is disabled because of potential conflict with acquiring the licenses required for new extensions from the WebLM server.</p>

Name	Default	Description
Remote Extn Enable	Default = Off	When H.323 Gatekeeper Enabled is selected, this option is available. The system can be configured to support remote H.323 extensions in the case where NAT is used in the connection path. See the IP Office Manager Help page for more information.
SIP Trunks Enable	Default = On	This setting enables support of SIP trunks.
SIP Registrar Enable	Default = On	This setting enables support of SIP extensions.
Auto-create Extn/User	Default = Off	<p>This feature is disabled for IP Office enterprise branch systems that are configured for System Manager administration or WebLM centralized licensing.</p> <p>For IP Office systems under System Manager administration, all users and extensions for VoIP users are created by System Manager. The feature is disabled to avoid creation of extensions that System Manager is not aware of.</p> <p>For IP Office systems that are administered for WebLM centralized licensing, this feature is disabled because of potential conflict with acquiring the licenses required for new extensions from the WebLM server.</p>
SIP Remote Extn Enable	Default = Off	
Domain Name	Default = Blank	This is the local SIP registrar domain name that will be needed by SIP devices in order to register with the IP Office. If this field is left blank, registration is against the LAN IP address. For our examples we have been using a domain, example.com .
Layer 4 Protocol	Default = UDP, TCP <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UDP, SIP port = 5060 • TCP, SIP port = 5060 • TLS, SIP port = 5061 	This is the transport protocol for SIP traffic between the IP Office and SIP extension devices. TLS is disabled by default.

Name	Default	Description
Challenge Expiry Time (sec)	Default = 10	The challenge expiry time is used during SIP extension registration. When a device registers, the SIP Registrar will send a challenge back to the device and waits for an appropriate response. If the response is not received within this timeout the registration is failed.
Port Number Range, Minimum	Default = 49152 Range = 1024 to 65280	This sets the lower limit for the RTP port numbers used by the system. See the IP Office Manager Help for more information about this feature.
Port Number Range, Maximum	Default = 53246 Range = 1278 to 65534	This sets the upper limit for the RTP port numbers used by the system. See the IP Office Manager Help for more information about this feature.
Port Number Range (NAT), Minimum		
Port Number Range (NAT), Maximum		
Enable RTCP Monitoring on Port 5005	Default = On	For 9600 Series H.323 phones, the system can collect VoIP QoS data from the phones. For other phones, including non-IP phones, it can collect QoS data for calls if they use a VCM channel. The QoS data collected by the system is displayed by the System Status application.
Keepalives, Scope	Default = Disabled	
DiffServ Settings		When transporting voice over low speed links, it is possible for normal data packets to prevent or delay voice packets from getting across the link. This can cause unacceptable speech quality. It is therefore important that all traffic routers and switches in a network have some form of Quality of Service (QoS) mechanism. QoS routers are essential to ensure low speech latency and to maintain sufficient audible quality. See the

Name	Default	Description
		IP Office Manager Help for more information about this feature.
Primary Site Specific Option Number (SSON)	Default = 176 Range = 128 to 254	An SSON is used as part of DHCP to request additional information. See the IP Office Manager Help for more information about this feature.
Secondary Site Specific Option Number (SSON)	Default = 242 Range = 128 to 254	An SSON is used as part of DHCP to request additional information. See the IP Office Manager Help for more information about this feature.
VLAN	Default = Not Present	This option is applied to H.323 phones using the system for DHCP support. If set to Disabled , the L2Q value indicated to phones in the DHCP response is 2 (disabled). If set to Not Present , no L2Q value is included in the DHCP response.
1100 Voice VLAN Site Specific Option Number (SSON)	Default = Blank	This is the SSON used for responses to 1100/1200 Series phones using the system for DHCP
1100 Voice VLAN IDs	Default = Blank	For 1100/1200 Series phones being supported by DHCP, this option sets the VLAN ID that should be provided if necessary. Multiple IDs (up to 10) can be added, each separated by a + sign.

Managing VMPro system configuration templates

Adding a VMPro System Configuration template

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPro System Configuration Template**.
3. Click **New**.

4. Complete the **Name** and **Version** fields.

5. Click **Details**.

The system launches the **VMPPro** application.

6. In the right pane, complete the system configuration template by filling the required fields, and click **Update**.

7. Click **Save and Exit** to save the template specifications and exit the **VMPPro** application.

The system displays the VMPPro System Configuration page where you can view the newly created system configuration template.

Viewing a VMPPro System Configuration template

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.

2. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPPro System Configuration Template**.

3. On the VMPPro Template page, from the **VMPPro** supported templates list, select an **VMPPro** system type.

4. Click **Show List**.

5. Select the system configuration template you want to view from the **VMPPro** System Configuration list.

6. Click **View**.

The system launches the **VMPPro** application.

7. On the VMPPro window, in the right pane, you can view the system configuration template details. All the fields are read-only.

Editing a VMPPro System Configuration template

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.

2. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPPro System Configuration Template**.

3. On the VMPPro System Configuration Templates page, select a VoicemailPro system type.

4. Click **Show List**.

5. Select the system configuration template you want to edit from the VMPPro System Configuration list.

6. Click **Edit**.

The system launches the VMPPro application.

7. To edit the configuration parameters on the Voicemail Pro-System Preferences window, click **Update** .
8. Click **OK**.
9. Click **File > Save and Exit** to save the modifications to the system configuration template and exit the VMPro application.

The system displays the VMPro System Configuration Template page.

Deleting a VMPro System Configuration template

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPro System Configuration Template**.
3. On the VMPro System Configuration Templates page, select a **VMPro** system type.
4. Click **Show List**.
5. Select the system configuration template you want to delete from the VMPro System Configuration Template list.
6. Click **Delete**.

The system displays the system template instance you selected for deletion.

7. Do one of the following:
 - Click **Delete** to delete the template.
 - Click **Cancel** to cancel the delete operation, and return to the VMPro System Configuration Template landing page.

Applying a VMPro System Configuration template on a device

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPro System Configuration Templates**.
3. On the VMPro System Configuration Template page, select a Voicemail Pro system type.
4. Click **Show List**.
5. From the VMPro System Configuration Templates List, select the system template you want to apply to a VMPro device.
6. Click **Apply**.

The system displays the VMPro System Configuration page where you can select a device to apply the template.

7. From the list of VMPro devices, select the VMPro device on which you want to apply the VMPro system configuration template.

! **Important:**

When you apply a template on a device, the data of the template that you apply might override the existing system configuration data on the device.

8. Do one of the following:
 - Click **Now** to perform apply the template immediately.
 - Click **Schedule** to apply the template at a specified time in **Scheduler**.
 - Click **Cancel** to cancel this task and return to the VMPro System Configuration Template landing page.

Duplicating a VMPro System Configuration template

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.
 2. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPro System Configuration Template**.
 3. On the VMPro System Configuration Templates page, select a VoicemailPro system type.
 4. Click **Show List**.
 5. From the VMPro System Configuration list, select the system configuration template that you want to duplicate .
 6. Click **Duplicate**.
- The system launches the VMPro application.
7. In the **New Template Name** field, type the name of the new template.
 8. Click **Commit**.

The system displays the new template on the VMPro System Configuration Templates page.

VMPro System Configuration Templates field descriptions

Name	Description
Name	The name of the Voicemail Pro template.
Version	The version number of the template.
Last Modified Time	The date and time when the IP Office Voicemail Pro template was last modified.

Button	Description
Details	Displays the IP Office Voicemail Pro application where you can add or edit the template details.

Managing VMPPro call flow template

Adding a VMPPro Call Flow template

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPPro Call Flow Template**.
3. Click **New**.
4. Complete the **Name** and **Version** fields.
5. Click **Details**.
The system launches the **VMPPro** application.
6. In the right pane, complete the call flow template by filling the required fields, and click **Update**.
7. Click **Save and Exit** to save the template specifications and exit the **VMPPro** application.

Result

The system displays the VMPPro Call Flow page where you can view the newly created call flow template.

Viewing a VMPPro Call Flow template

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPPro Call Flow Template**.
3. On the VMPPro Template page, from the **VMPPro** supported templates list, select the **VMPPro** system type.
4. Click **Show List**.
5. Select the system configuration template you want to view from the **VMPPro** call flow list.
6. Click **View**.

Result

The system launches the **VMPPro** application. On the VMPPro window, in the right pane, you can view the call flow template details. All the fields are read-only.

Editing a VMPPro Call Flow template

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPPro Call Flow Template**.
3. On the VMPPro Call Flow Templates page, select a VoicemailPro system type.
4. Click **Show List**.
5. Select the call flow template you want to edit from the VMPPro Call Flow list.
6. Click **Edit**.

The system launches the VMPPro application.

7. To edit the call flow parameters on the Voicemail Pro-System Preferences window, click **Update**.
8. Click **OK**.
9. Click **File > Save and Exit** to save the modifications to the call flow template and exit the VMPPro application.

Result

The system displays the VMPPro Call Flow Templates page.

Deleting a VMPPro Call Flow template

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPPro Call Flow Template**.
3. On the VMPPro Call Flow Templates page, select a **VMPPro** system type.
4. Click **Show List**.
5. Select the call flow template you want to delete from the VMPPro Call Flow Templates list.
6. Click **Delete**.

The system displays the VMPPro call flow template that you selected for deletion.

7. Do one of the following:
 - Click **Delete** to delete the template.

- Click **Cancel** to cancel the delete operation, and return to the VMPRO Call Flow Templates landing page.

Applying a VMPRO Call Flow template on a device

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPRO Call Flow Templates**.
3. On the VMPRO Call Flow Templates page, select the Voicemail Pro system type.
4. Click **Show List**.
5. From the VMPRO Call Flow Templates List, select the system template you want to apply to a VMPRO device.
6. Click **Apply**.

The system displays the VMPRO Call Flow page where you can select a device to apply the template.

7. From the list of VMPRO devices, select the VMPRO device on which you want to apply the VMPRO call flow template.

Important:

When you apply a template on a device, the data of the template that you apply might override the existing call flow data on the device.

8. Do one of the following:
 - Click **Now** to apply the template immediately.
 - Click **Schedule** to apply the template at a specified time in **Scheduler**.
 - Click **Cancel** to cancel the task and return to the VMPRO Call Flow Templates landing page.

Duplicating a VMPRO Call Flow template

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPRO Call Flow Template**.
3. On the VMPRO Call Flow Templates page, select a VoicemailPro system type.
4. Click **Show List**.
5. From the VMPRO Call Flow list, select the call flow template that you want to duplicate.
6. Click **Duplicate**.

The system launches the VMPro application.

7. In the **New Template Name** field, type the name of the new template.
8. Click **Commit**.

Result

The system displays the new template on the VMPro Call Flow Templates page.

VMPro Call Flow Templates field descriptions

Name	Description
Name	The name of the Voicemail Pro template.
Version	The version number of the template.
Last modified time	The last time that the IP Office Voicemail Pro template was modified.

Button	Description
Details	Displays the template details of the IP Office Voicemail Pro application.

Adding Unified Communications Module or Application Server manually

About this task

You can integrate the Unified Communications Module (UCM) or Application Server with System Manager manually through **Inventory**.

Before you begin

The administrator must provide details of the device, such as the IP Address, device type, device version, and SNMP Profile.

Procedure

1. To add a new Application Server, from **Home > Services > Inventory > Manage Elements > New Elements**, set the **Type** to **IP Office UCM** or **IP Office Application Server**.
2. Click **Commit**.
3. In the Add Unified Communication Module/ Application Server window, from the **SNMP** tab, type the name of the Application Server in the **Name** field.
4. In the **Description** field, type the description of the Application Server.

5. In the **Node** field, type the node address.
6. From the **Device Type** drop-down field, select one of the following devices:
 - Unified Communications Module
 - **IP Office Application Server**
7. From the **Device Version** drop-down field, select the latest release number.
8. In the **Service Login** field, type **BranchAdmin**.
9. In the **Service Password**, type the password.
10. In the **Confirm Service Password** field, confirm the password.
11. Click **Commit**.

Adding a UCM and Application Server Configuration template

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **UCM and Application Server Configuration**.
3. On the UCM and Application Server Templates page, in the **Templates List** section, click **New**.
4. Complete the **Name**, **System Type**, and **Version** fields.
5. Click **Details**.

The system launches the IP Office Manager application.
6. On the Offline Configuration Creation window, click **OK**.
7. In the right pane, complete the system configuration template by filling the required fields, and click **OK**.
8. Click **File > Save Template and Exit** to save the template specifications and exit the IP Office Manager application.

The system directs you to the UCM and Application Server Templates landing page where you can view the newly created system template in the **UCM and Application Server Templates** list.

Viewing a UCM and Application Server Configuration template

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **UCM and Application Server Configuration**.

3. On the UCM and Application Server Templates page, in the **Supported System Types** section, select one of the following system types:
 - IP Office Application Server
 - Unified Communications Module
4. Click **Show List**.
5. Select the system configuration template you want to view from the **UCM and Application Server Templates** list.
6. Click **View**.

On the IP Office Manager window, in the right pane, you can view the system configuration template details. All the fields are read-only.

The system starts the IP Office Manager application.

7. Click **File > Exit** to exit IP Office Manager.

The system displays the UCM and Application Server Templates page where you can select a device to apply the template.

Editing a UCM and Application Server Configuration template

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.
2. In the left navigation page, click **UCM and Application Server Configuration**.
3. On the UCM and Application Server Templates page, In the **Supported System Types** section, select an one of the following system types:
 - IP Office Application Server
 - Unified Communications Module

4. Click **Show List**.
5. Select the system configuration template you want to edit from the UCM and Application Server Templates list.
6. Click **Edit**.

The system launches the IP Office Manager application.

7. On the IP Office Manager window, edit the required configuration parameters, and click **OK**.
8. Click **File > Save Template and Exit** to save the modifications to the system configuration template and exit the IP Office Manager application.

The system displays the UCM and Application Server Templates landing page.

Deleting a UCM and Application Server Configuration template

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **UCM and Application Server Configuration**.
3. On the UCM and Application Server Templates page, In the **Supported System Types** section, select one of the following system types:
 - IP Office Application Server
 - Unified Communications Module
4. Click **Show List**.
5. Select the system configuration template you want to delete from the UCM and Application Server Templates list.
6. Click **Delete**.

The system displays the system template instance you selected for deletion.
7. Do one of the following:
 - Click **Delete** to delete the template.
 - Click **Cancel** to cancel the delete operation, and return to the UCM and Application Server Templates landing page.

Applying a UCM and Application Server Configuration template

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **UCM and Application Server Configuration**.
3. On the UCM and Application Server Templates page, In the **Supported System Types** section, select one of the following system types:
 - IP Office Application Server
 - Unified Communications Module
4. Click **Show List**.
5. From the UCM and Application Server Configuration List, select the system template you want to apply to a device.
6. Click **Apply**.

You will be directed to a new page where you can select a device to apply the template.
7. From the list of IP Office devices, select the IP Office device on which you want to apply the selected UCM and Application Server Configuration template.

! **Important:**

When you apply a template on a device, the data of the template that you wish to apply may override the existing system configuration data on the device.

8. Do one of the following:

- Click **Now** to perform apply the template immediately.
- Click **Schedule** to apply the template at a specified time in **Scheduler**.
- Click **Cancel** to cancel this task and return to the UCM and Application Server Templates landing page.

UCM and Application Server Templates field descriptions

Name	Description
Name	The name of the system configuration template of UCM and Application Server.
System Type	The type of system associated with the template. The options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unified Communications Module: For UCM core unit • Application Server: For Application Server core unit
Version	The version number of the template.
Last Modified Time	The date and time when the UCM and Application Server System Configuration template was last modified.

Button	Description
Details	Displays the application where you can add or edit the template details.

Chapter 6: Configuration

Voicemail configuration

This section provides the procedures to configure the voicemail system that the IP Office system will use. If Embedded Voicemail or Voicemail Pro are configured, see one of the following documents for information on how to configure user mailboxes, hunt group mailboxes, and auto attendants:

- *Avaya IP Office Implementing Embedded Voicemail*, document number 15-601067
- *Avaya IP Office Implementing Voicemail Pro*, document number 15-601064

Voicemail options

The following IP Office voicemail options are supported:

Local voicemail options

IP Office systems deployed as Distributed or stand-alone enterprise branches can be configured to use the following local voice mail options:

- **Embedded Voicemail** — Embedded Voicemail is the IP Office default voicemail option. It uses the system SD card in the IP Office system control unit for storage of prompts and messages. Embedded Voicemail supports mailboxes for all local extension numbers, announcements to waiting callers, and auto attendants (up to 40) for external calls. The capacity is limited to 15 hours of recorded messages, prompts and announcements.
- **Voicemail Pro** — Voicemail Pro runs on an external server PC connected to IP Office or on Unified Communications Module and provides a wide range of features. VoicemailPro supports 40 voice channels, which includes:
 - Message/greeting recording
 - Message playing
 - System/custom IVR prompt playing
 - Call recording and prompt playing to outcalls made from VoicemailPro

Mailbox messages, greetings, recordings, and announcements are stored locally on Unified Communications Module or on a standalone computer where Voicemail Pro is running. Management of the Voicemail Pro call flows in the branches can be done from a remote central Voicemail Pro client. Use of the Voicemail Pro client to remotely manage the calls flows is available only when Voicemail Pro is running on an external server, not when it is deployed on Unified Communications Module. The Voicemail Pro client can also connect to VoicemailPro that runs the Unified Communications Module server and can therefore, be used in the management. For

enterprise branch deployments with multiple Voicemail Pro servers, the Voicemail Pro client provides an export or import feature that allows the same Voicemail Pro configuration including call flows to be deployed on multiple Voicemail Pro servers.

*** Note:**

If the IP Office 500v2 systems are present in the enterprise deployment with System Manager, you can manage Voicemail Pro callflow. For more information, see Configuring Voicemail Pro from System Manager in *Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform as an Enterprise Branch with Avaya Aura® Session Manager*.

Voicemail Pro is the only option that supports manual call recording for IP Office users and automatic call recording for the IP Office system.

*** Note:**

If security of signaling links is a concern, the Voicemail Pro application should run on a co-resident Unified Communications Module blade. Security enhancements such as TLS are not applicable to links with external servers running Voicemail Pro. You can now manage Voicemail Pro from Avaya Aura® System Manager.

The local voicemail options can be configured only in Distributed enterprise branch deployments where there are only IP Office users. They cannot be configured in Centralized or Mixed enterprise branch deployments with Centralized users. Only one type of voicemail system can be configured for an IP Office branch. This does not preclude the use of local auto-attendant in Centralized or Mixed enterprise branch deployments.

Centralized voicemail options

IP Office systems deployed in Distributed, Mixed, or Centralized enterprise branch environments can be configured to use the following Centralized voicemail options. Stand-alone branches cannot use Centralized voicemail systems.

- **Avaya Aura Messaging** — An IP Office system can be configured to use Avaya Aura® Messaging as its voicemail server when Session Manager is used as the core SIP router.
- **Modular Messaging** — An IP Office system can be configured to use Modular Messaging as its voicemail server when Session Manager is used as the core SIP router.

When a central voicemail system is configured for the branch, the mailboxes of the branch users are on the central voicemail system. However, you still have the option to use the automated attendant of the IP Office local Embedded Voicemail or the call flows of a local Voicemail Pro, even though the embedded voicemail or Voicemail Pro are not used for the voicemail messages of the branch users. Note that this configuration requires the use of Embedded Voicemail or Voicemail Pro port licenses. If the configuration requires more ports than the number of ports that are licensed and come with the IP Office system, additional port licenses are required.

When Messaging or Modular Messaging is used as the central voicemail system, IP Office users and Centralized users in Rainy day can leave and retrieve voicemail over the PSTN when the SM Lines are unavailable. DTMF digits are used to indicate a specific mailbox. Message Waiting Indication is not provided.

Related Links

[Voicemail considerations](#) on page 35

About the Park and Page feature

The Park and Page feature is supported when the system voicemail type is configured as Embedded Voicemail or Voicemail Pro. Park and Page is also supported on systems where Avaya Aura Messaging or Modular Messaging is configured as the central voicemail system and the local Embedded Voicemail provides auto attendant operation, or Voicemail Pro provides customized call flow actions created for the mailbox.

The Park and Page feature allows a call to be parked while a page is made to a hunt group or extension. A caller can press a digit and the call is parked while an announcement is made to a paging zone, overhead paging system, or both. The page is repeated based on how the feature is configured until the parked call is picked up or the park timeout occurs. If the park timeout occurs, the caller hears the Park and Page error prompt and is then returned to the call flow that initiated the Park and Page and hears either the subscriber's personal greeting or the auto attendant main menu prompt.

The Park and Page feature can also be configured to automatically send an unanswered call to an auto attendant. When configured in this way, the caller is provided with a message, then the call is automatically parked, and a page is issued to notify that the call needs to be picked up. When the automatic Park and Page feature is configured, there is no action required by the caller or an operator.

The called party can use a short code or a programmed button on their phone to park and unpark incoming calls. For more information about short codes and button programming, see the Manager on-line help. The called party can also use the **Conference** button or the **Answer** soft key on their phone while the Page is occurring.

The procedure to configure Park and Page is provided in the following documents:

- *Avaya IP Office 9.0, Administering Voicemail Pro*, document number 15-601063
- *Avaya IP Office Administering Embedded Voicemail*

Configuring IP Office to use Embedded Voicemail

About this task

Embedded Voicemail is the default voicemail configuration for IP Office. It provides basic voicemail mailbox operation and auto-attendant operation without requiring a separate voicemail server PC.

If you are using WebLM centralized licensing, in addition to performing this task, you must also configure IP Office to request the required number of Embedded Voicemail licenses from the WebLM server. See [Configuring IP Office to request required licenses from WebLM](#) on page 47 for more information.

For more information about Embedded Voicemail including information on how to configure user mailboxes, hunt group mailboxes, and auto attendants, see *Avaya IP Office Implementing Embedded Voicemail*, document number 15-601067.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **System**.
3. Click the **Voicemail** tab.
4. In the **Voicemail Type** drop-down box, select **Embedded Voicemail**.

 **Note:**

Fields applicable to this mode of voicemail support are enabled. If the field is not applicable, the field is disabled.

5. In the **Voicemail Mode** drop-down box, select either **IP Office Mode** or **Intuity Mode**.
The mode selected determines which key presses the end users will use for mailbox functions. End users should be provided with the appropriate mailbox user guide for the mode selected. For more information, see the IP Office Manager on-line help
6. If you want the users to be presented with a display menu for access to their mailbox, check the **Messages Button Goes to Visual Voice** check box. For more information, see the IP Office Manager on-line help.
7. In the **Minimum Password Length** field, use the up and down arrows to set the appropriate minimum password length.
8. In the **Maximum Record Time (secs)** field, use the up and down arrows to set the maximum record time in seconds for recorded announcement and auto attendant prompts. messages and prompts.
9. In the **Reception/Breakout (DTMF 0)** drop-down box, select the number to which a caller is transferred if they press **0** while listening to the mailbox greeting rather than leaving a message. Do one of the following:
 - a. To configure Park and Page for this DTMF breakout, select **Park & Page** and then do the following:
 - a. In the **Paging Number** drop-down box, select the appropriate hunt group of user extension.
 - b. In the **Retries** field, use the up and down arrows to set the number of times to repeat the page.
 - c. In the **Retry Timeout** field, use the up and down arrows to set the amount of time to elapse before the page is repeated. This time is set in 15-second increments.
 - b. To configure a user extension for this DTMF breakout, select the appropriate user extension number from the **Reception/Breakout (DTMF 0)** drop-down box.
 - c. To configure a group extension for this DTMF breakout, select the appropriate group extension number from the **Reception/Breakout (DTMF 0)** drop-down box.
 - d. To configure the main extension for this DTMF breakout, select **Main** from the **Reception/Breakout (DTMF 0)** drop-down box.

10. For the **Breakout (DTMF 2)** drop-down box, repeat step 9.
11. For the **Breakout (DTMF 3)** drop-down box, repeat step 9.
12. In the **SIP Name** field, enter the appropriate name.
13. In the **SIP Display Name (Alias)** field, enter the appropriate name.
14. In the **Contact** field, enter the appropriate name.
15. Configure the **Anonymous** check box as appropriate. This feature is enabled when this check box is selected.

*** Note:**

For more information about the fields in the SIP Settings section, see the IP Office Manager on-line help.

Voicemail Pro configuration from IP Office

About this task

The IP Office system can be configured to use Voicemail Pro. Voicemail Pro runs on a Windows or Linux server connected to IP Office. If security of signaling links is a concern, the Voicemail Pro application should run on a co-resident UCM blade. Security enhancements such as TLS are not applicable to links with external servers running Voicemail Pro.

If you are using WebLM centralized licensing, in addition to performing this task, you must also configure IP Office to request the required number of Voicemail Pro licenses from the WebLM server. See [Configuring IP Office to request required licenses from WebLM](#) on page 47 for more information.

*** Note:**

There can be multiple Voicemail Pro servers in an IP Office deployed in an enterprise branch environment. If multiple Voicemail Pro servers are installed:

- Upgrades can be performed through the Web control/IP Office shell where a remote connection to Web control over https is feasible for each Voicemail Pro server.
- Backups can be performed through the Voicemail Pro client. The Voicemail Pro client must connect to each Voicemail Pro server. It can be configured to store backups at a central location by setting up SFTP.
- Restores can be performed through the Voicemail Pro client. The Voicemail Pro client must connect to each Voicemail Pro server. It can be configured to restore from backups at a central location by setting up SFTP.

For the procedures to perform upgrades, backups, and restores as well as procedures to configure user mailboxes, hunt group mailboxes, and auto attendants, see:

- *Avaya IP Office 9.0, Implementing Voicemail Pro*, document number 15-601064
- *Avaya IP Office 9.0, Administering Voicemail Pro*, document number 15-01063 (Windows server installation)

- *Avaya IP Office 9.0, IP Office Application Server 9.0, Installation and Maintenance*, document number 15-601011 (Linux server installation)

*** Note:**

Centralized management of call flows on the Voicemail Pro servers deployed in an IP Office enterprise branch environment is not supported. The Voicemail Pro client is used to perform administration of the user call flows and prompts. Using the Voicemail Pro client, common or customized call flows and prompts can be configured for all Voicemail Pro users and hunt groups on the system. See [Call flow management for Voicemail Pro servers in enterprise branch deployments](#) on page 122 for more information.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **System**.
3. Click the **Voicemail** tab.
4. In the **Voicemail Type** drop-down box, select **Voicemail Lite/Pro**.

*** Note:**

- The **Voicemail Lite/Pro** option is used for Voicemail Lite or Voicemail Pro. Fields applicable to this mode of voicemail support are enabled. If the field is not applicable, the field is disabled.
5. If you want the users to be presented with a display menu for access to their mailbox, check the **Messages Button Goes to Visual Voice** check box. For more information, see the IP Office Manager on-line help.
 6. In the **Voicemail IP Address** field, enter the IP address of the Linux server where Voicemail Pro is installed.
 7. In the **Backup Voicemail IP Address** field, enter the IP address of the backup voicemail server. An additional server can be set up but left unused. If contact to the voicemail server specified in the **Voicemail IP Address** field is lost, responsibility for voicemail services is temporarily transferred to this backup server address.
 8. To configure the **Voicemail Channel Reservation** feature, do the following:
 - a. In the **Auto-Attendant** field, set the number of channels reserved for users accessing mailboxes to collect messages.
 - b. In the **Announcements** field, set the number of channels reserved for announcements. When no channels are available, calls continue without announcements.
 - c. In the **Voice Recording** field, set the number of channels reserved for voice recording other than mandatory voice recording. When no channels are available, recording does not occur (although recording progress may be indicated).
 - d. In the **Mandatory Voice Recording** field, set the number of channels reserved for mandatory voice recording. When no channels are available for a call set to mandatory recording, the call is barred and the caller hears busy tone.

- e. In the **Mailbox Access** field, set the number of channels reserved for users accessing mailboxes to collect messages.

*** Note:**

For more information about the fields in the Voicemail Channel Reservation section, see the IP Office Manager on-line help.

9. In the **Reception/Breakout (DTMF 0)** drop-down box, select the number to which a caller is transferred if they press **0** while listening to the mailbox greeting rather than leaving a message. Do one of the following:
 - a. To configure Park and Page for this DTMF breakout, select **Park & Page** and then do the following:
 - a. In the **Paging Number** drop-down box, select the appropriate hunt group of user extension.
 - b. In the **Retries** field, use the up and down arrows to set the number of times to repeat the page.
 - c. In the **Retry Timeout** field, use the up and down arrows to set the amount of time to elapse before the page is repeated. This time is set in 15-second increments.
 - b. To configure a user extension for this DTMF breakout, select the appropriate user extension number from the **Reception/Breakout (DTMF 0)** drop-down box.
 - c. To configure a group extension for this DTMF breakout, select the appropriate group extension number from the **Reception/Breakout (DTMF 0)** drop-down box.
 - d. To configure the main extension for this DTMF breakout, select **Main** from the **Reception/Breakout (DTMF 0)** drop-down box.
10. For the **Breakout (DTMF 2)** drop-down box, repeat step 9.
11. For the **Breakout (DTMF 3)** drop-down box, repeat step 9.
12. In the **SIP Name** field, enter the appropriate name.
13. In the **SIP Display Name (Alias)** field, enter the appropriate name.
14. In the **Contact** field, enter the appropriate name.
15. Configure the **Anonymous** check box as appropriate. This feature is enabled when this check box is selected.

*** Note:**

For more information about the fields in the SIP Settings section, see the IP Office Manager on-line help.

16. To configure the **Call Recording** feature, do the following:
 - a. In the **Auto Restart Paused Recording (sec)** field, enter the appropriate number of seconds. If recording of a call is halted using the Pause Recording button, this timer determines when recording is restarted if the button is not pressed again.
 - b. Configure the **Hide Auto Recording** check box as appropriate. This feature is enabled when this check box is checked. During call recording by Voicemail Pro, some Avaya

phones display REC or something similar to show that the call is being recorded. When this feature is enabled, this recording indication is suppressed.

Call flow management for Voicemail Pro servers in IP Office enterprise branch deployments

For enterprise branch deployments with multiple Voicemail Pro servers, the Voicemail Pro client provides an export/import feature that allows the same Voicemail Pro configuration (including call flows and prompts) to be deployed on multiple Voicemail Pro servers. This prevents the administrator from having to design the same call flow and prompts at each node on every Voicemail Pro server in the enterprise branch deployment.

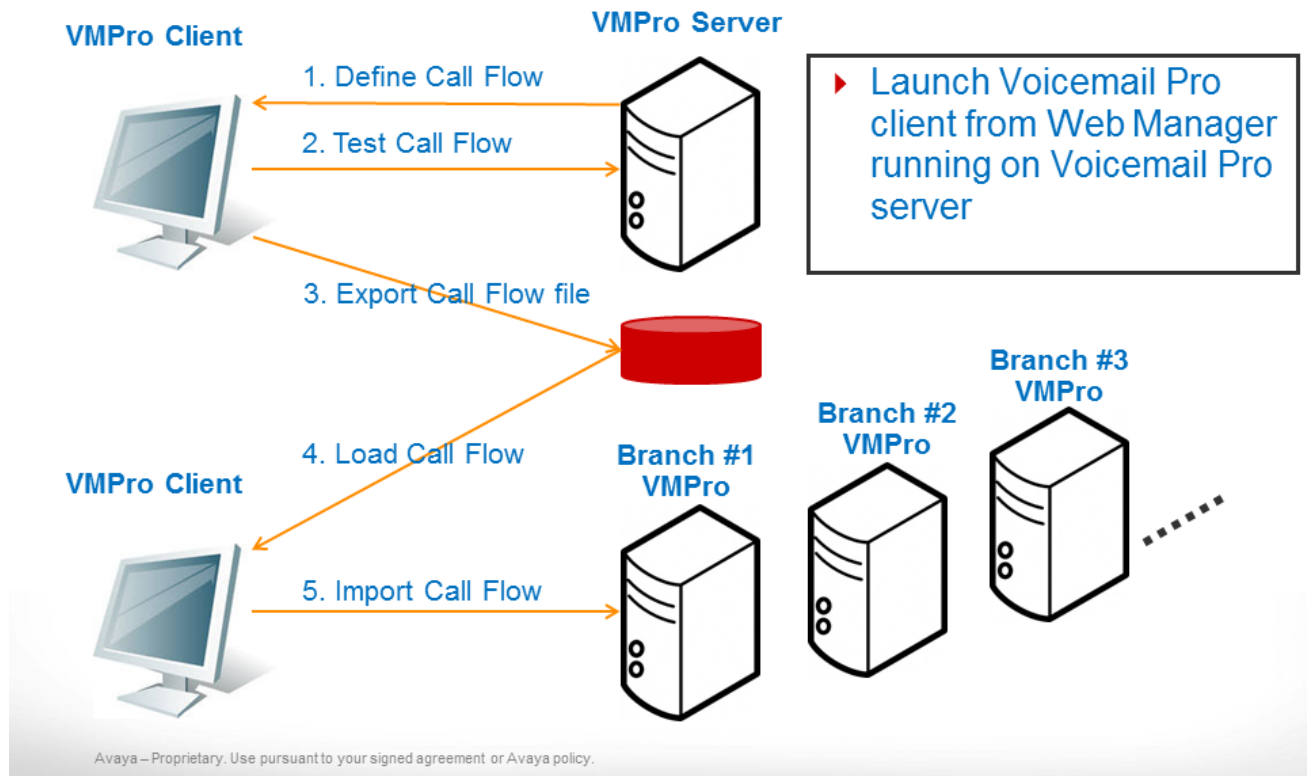
To support the call flow management, Web Manager provides an option to launch the Voicemail Pro client via an applet in offline mode. An export/import wizard is provided to facilitate the export of the call flow configuration file from a Voicemail Pro server to the Voicemail Pro client where the call flow configuration is imported to other Voicemail Pro servers in the enterprise branch deployment.

Note:

Voicemail Pro can be installed on a Linux server or Windows server. However, launching the Voicemail Pro client in offline mode and using the export/import feature for call flow management is available on Web Manager only on the IP Office Application Server deployment of Voicemail Pro which is deployed on a Linux server. The offline mode and export/import feature for call flow management is not available on Web Manager for IP Office Server Edition deployments of Voicemail Pro.

Other features, such as Park and Page and security enhancements are available on both the Windows and Linux versions of Voicemail Pro.

Call flow management for Voicemail Pro Branch solution

AVAYA


Importing a call flow configuration file

Before you begin

Define and test call flows on a Voicemail Pro server and export the entire configuration (system settings, callflows, and prompts) as a **.tar.gz** file.

About this task

Use this task to deploy a pre-defined Voicemail Pro configuration on multiple Voicemail Pro servers in an enterprise branch deployment.

Procedure

1. Launch your browser and go to the Avaya IP Office Web Manager.
2. In the **User Name** field, enter your user name.
3. In the **Password** field, enter your password.

* Note:

The default user name and password is Administrator.

4. Click the drop-down arrow next to **Application Server** and select **Launch Voicemail Pro**.
5. If prompted **Do you want to Continue?**, click **Continue**.
6. In the **Security Warning** dialog box, click the check box for **I accept the risk and want to run this application**, and click **Run**.

The Voicemail Pro client is launched in Web Offline mode.

7. Import the **.tar.gz** configuration file on the Voicemail Pro server as follows:
 - a. Click **File > Import or Export**.
 - b. In the **Import or Export Data** dialog box, select **Import Data** and click **Next**.
 - c. In the **Import Data from which file?** field, browse to and select the exported configuration archive you want to import.
 - d. Click **Open**.
 - e. In the **Import Data** dialog box, click **Next**.
 - f. Click **Finish**.
8. Click **File > Save & Make Live**.
9. In the **Confirm** dialog box, click **Yes**.

The call flow configuration file is imported and made live on the Voicemail Pro server in the enterprise branch deployment.

10. Repeat this task for each Voicemail Pro server in the enterprise branch deployment.

Configuring IP Office to use Avaya Aura[®] Messaging

About this task

The IP Office system can be configured to use Avaya Aura[®] Messaging as its voicemail server.

In addition to performing this task, you must also configure IP Office to request the required number of SIP Sessions licenses from the WebLM server. See [Configuring IP Office to request required licenses from WebLM](#) on page 47 for more information.

Note:

When Avaya Aura[®] Messaging is used as the central voicemail system, you are able to still use the local Embedded Voicemail for auto attendant operation and announcements to waiting calls or you can use Voicemail Pro for customized call flow actions created for the mailboxes. If you do use either of these voicemail systems, you must also configure IP Office to request the required number of Embedded Voicemail licenses or Voicemail Pro licenses, depending on which you use, from the WebLM server.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **System**.

3. Click the **Voicemail** tab.
4. In the **Voicemail Type** drop-down box, select **Avaya Aura Messaging**.

*** Note:**

Fields applicable to this mode of voicemail support remain enabled.

5. If you want the users to be presented with a display menu for access to their mailbox, check the **Messages Button Goes to Visual Voice** check box. For more information, see the IP Office Manager on-line help.
6. For the **Use local system for AA and Announcements or Call Flows** drop-down box, do one of the following:
 - a. To enable the local IP Office system features for Embedded Voicemail auto attendants and announcements, in the **Use local system for AA and Announcements or Call Flows** drop-down box, select **Embedded**.

*** Note:**

The announcements are those that the callers hear when the call is on hold. You must also enable the announcements. Do this by selecting the check box for **Announcements On** which appears when you select **Hunt Group > Announcements** tab and **Users > Announcements** tab.

- b. To enable the local IP Office system to use the Voicemail Pro call flows where customized actions are created for the mailbox, in the **Use local system for AA and Announcements or Call Flows** drop-down box, select **Voicemail Pro**.
7. In the **AAM Number** field, enter the extension number configured for mailbox access to the Avaya Aura® Messaging system. Note that this number is automatically routed via the active SM Line. It does not need to be routed through the normal branch call routing.
8. In the **AAM PSTN Number** field, enter the PSTN number to which you want to reroute attempts to access mailboxes when the SM Line(s) are out of service. (This field is optional.)

When calls to access voicemail are routed by this method, the calls go through the PSTN trunk that is configured on the IP Office.

*** Note:**

The PSTN voicemail number requires a corresponding Short Code entry so that the calls are routed to the correct line during Rainy day operation.

9. For the **Enable Voicemail Instructions Using DTMF** check box, do one of the following:
 - a. To send the voicemail instructions as DTMF tones, ensure the **Enable Voicemail Instructions Using DTMF** check box is selected (that is, checked).

When this check box is selected, the voicemail mail box number of the recipient and the appropriate digit(s), such as # or ## that are used to leave or collect a message, are automatically sent as DTMF tones so the caller does not need to enter those digits.

- b. To require the caller to dial the user's voicemail mail box to send the required DTMF digits, do not select this check box (that is, the check box is not checked).

The capability to turn this feature off is provided because there may be networks where the DTMF digits may not correctly reach the messaging system due to a provider's network characteristics. When this feature is turned off, the DTMF digits are not automatically sent. Instead, the caller will dial the user's mail box number to manually send the required DTMF digits to access the mailbox.

10. In the **Maximum Record Time (secs)** field, use the up and down arrows to set the maximum recording length in seconds for recorded announcement and auto attendant prompts.

*** Note:**

You can set a number in this field only if you selected one of the two voicemail options in the **Use local system for AA and Announcements or Call Flows** drop-down box.

11. Click **OK**.
12. Select **File > Save Configuration**.

Configuring IP Office to use Modular Messaging

About this task

The IP Office system can be configured to use Modular Messaging as its voicemail server.

In addition to performing this task, you must also configure IP Office to request the required number of SIP Sessions licenses from the WebLM server. See [Configuring IP Office to request required licenses from WebLM](#) on page 47 for more information.

*** Note:**

When Modular Messaging is used as the central voicemail system, you are able to still use the local Embedded Voicemail for auto attendant operation and announcements to waiting calls or you can use Voicemail Pro for customized call flow actions created for the mailboxes. If you do use either of these voicemail systems, you must also configure IP Office to request the required number of Embedded Voicemail licenses or Voicemail Pro licenses, depending on which you use, from the WebLM server.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **System**.
3. Click the **Voicemail** tab.
4. In the **Voicemail Type** drop-down box, select **Modular Messaging over SIP**.

*** Note:**

Fields applicable to this mode of voicemail support remain enabled.

5. If you want the users to be presented with a display menu for access to their mailbox, check the **Messages Button Goes to Visual Voice** check box. For more information, see the IP Office Manager on-line help.
6. For the **Use local system for AA and Announcements or Call Flows** drop-down box, do one of the following:
 - a. To enable the local IP Office system features for Embedded Voicemail auto attendants and announcements, in the **Use local system for AA and Announcements or Call Flows** drop-down box, select **Embedded**.

 **Note:**

The announcements are those that the callers hear when the call is on hold. You must also enable the announcements. Do this by selecting the check box for **Announcements On** which appears when you select **Hunt Group > Announcements** tab and **Users > Announcements** tab.

- b. To enable the local IP Office system to use the Voicemail Pro call flows where customized actions are created for the mailbox, in the **Use local system for AA and Announcements or Call Flows** drop-down box, select **Voicemail Pro**.
7. In the **MM Number** field, enter the extension number configured for mailbox access to the Modular Messaging system. Note that this number is automatically routed via the active Avaya Aura® Session Manager line. It does not need to be routed through the normal branch call routing.
8. In the **MM PSTN Number** field, enter the PSTN number to which you want to reroute attempts to access mailboxes when the Avaya Aura® Session Manager line(s) are out of service. (This field is optional.)

This number needs to be a valid DID number from the branch to the Modular Messaging system. When calls to access voicemail are routed by this method, the caller will be prompted by Modular Messaging to indicate the action they are performing (leaving or collecting messages) and the target mailbox.

Depending on the call routing being used by the branch system for external PSTN calls, you may need to do additional configuration to ensure that this number is routed via a branch PSTN trunk. See [Modular Messaging and Avaya Aura Messaging PSTN Fallback](#) on page 128 for more information.

9. For the **Enable Voicemail Instructions Using DTMF** check box, do one of the following:
 - a. To send the voicemail instructions as DTMF tones, ensure the **Enable Voicemail Instructions Using DTMF** check box is selected (that is, checked).

When this check box is selected, the voicemail mail box number of the recipient and the appropriate digit(s), such as # or ## that are used to leave or collect a message, are automatically sent as DTMF tones so the caller does not need to enter those digits.
 - b. To require the caller to dial the user's voicemail mail box to send the required DTMF digits, do not select this check box (that is, the check box is not checked).

The capability to turn this feature off is provided because there may be networks where the DTMF digits may not correctly reach the messaging system due to a provider's network characteristics. When this feature is turned off, the DTMF digits are not automatically sent. Instead, the caller will dial the user's mail box number to manually send the required DTMF digits to access the mailbox.

10. In the **Maximum Record Time (secs)** field, use the up and down arrows to set the maximum recording length in seconds for recorded announcement and auto attendant prompts.

 **Note:**

You can set a number in this field only if you selected one of the two voicemail options in the **Use local system for AA and Announcements or Call Flows** drop-down box.

11. Click **OK**.
12. Select **File > Save Configuration**.

Modular Messaging and Avaya Aura Messaging PSTN Fallback

When the branch is configured to use Modular Messaging over SIP or Avaya Aura Messaging for its voicemail services, that configuration includes setting an internal Modular Messaging or Avaya Aura Messaging number (800700 for the following example) for calls to Modular Messaging or Avaya Aura Messaging which are automatically routed via the SM Line.

An additional Modular Messaging or Avaya Aura Messaging PSTN number can also be configured for use when the SM Line is not in service (915553800701 for the following example). However, it may also require additional configuration to ensure that this number is correctly routed to a branch PSTN trunk. That could be done using a system short code, but doing it in the ARS form keeps all the branch PSTN call routing in one place for ease of maintenance.

Adding an overriding short code

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **ARS**.

3. Click **50: Main**.

ARS

ARS Route Id: 50

Route Name: Main

Dial Delay Time: System Default (4)

In Service: → Out of Service Route: <None>

Time Profile: <None> → Out of Hours Route: <None>

Secondary Dial tone: SystemTone

Check User Call Barring:

Code	Telephone Number	Feature	Line Group Id
11	911	Dial Emergency	0
911	911	Dial Emergency	0
0N;	0N	Dial 3K1	99999
1N;	1N	Dial 3K1	99999
XN;	N	Dial 3K1	0
XXXXXXXXXXN	N	Dial 3K1	0

Buttons: Add..., Remove, Edit...

Within the ARS form, the default **1N;** short code is the one used for national calls. It would match the MM PSTN Number or AAM PSTN Number and attempt to route it to the SM Line which we know is out of service if the MM PSTN Number or AAM PSTN Number is being used for calls to voicemail. We can change the routing by adding a specific short code for the MM PSTN Number or AAM PSTN Number.

4. To add a short code, click the **Add...** button.

5. Make the changes as follows:

- In the **Code** field, set this to match the external PSTN number for Modular Messaging or Avaya Aura Messaging without the external dialing prefix.
- In the **Feature** drop-down box, select **Dial3K1**.
- In the **Telephone Number** field, set this to **N** to match the whole number in the **Code** field.

* **Note:**

For a setup where the voicemail mail box numbers configured on Modular Messaging or Avaya Aura Messaging are the same as the caller's DID, the short code to route the PSTN call should be configured so that the caller ID is withheld. To do this, enter a **w** in the **Telephone Number** field of the short code. This ensures that during Rainy day operation, the voicemail system does not automatically go to the voicemail mail box of the caller based on the caller ID.

- In the **Line Group Id** drop-down box, select the line group ID being used for the branch's PSTN trunks. The default is 0.

6. Click **OK**.

The ARS now has two short codes that will potentially match external national calls. However, one is a more exact match for certain calls and therefore will be applied to those calls.

The screenshot shows the ARS configuration page. The 'ARS Route Id' is 50, 'Route Name' is 'Main', and 'Dial Delay Time' is 'System Default (4)'. The 'Secondary Dial tone' is set to 'SystemTone' and 'Check User Call Barring' is checked. The 'In Service' checkbox is checked, with arrows pointing to 'Out of Service Route' and 'Out of Hours Route', both set to '<None>'. The 'Time Profile' is set to '<None>'. Below these fields is a table with the following data:

Code	Telephone Number	Feature	Line Group Id
11	911	Dial Emergency	0
911	911	Dial Emergency	0
0N;	0N	Dial 3K1	0
1N;	1N	Dial 3K1	99999
XN;	N	Dial 3K1	0
XXXXXXXXXXN	N	Dial 3K1	0
15553800701	N	Dial	0

Buttons for 'Add...', 'Remove', and 'Edit...' are visible on the right side of the table.

7. Click **OK**.
8. Select **File > Save Configuration**.

Uploading an auto attendant audio file

About this task

You are able to upload and convert audio files to System Manager that can be used in the IP Office system configuration auto attendant feature. Once uploaded, from IP Office Manager you are able to select the audio files from the Auto Attendant page.

*** Note:**

If you are using a system template, you can add the audio file to the template to push the audio file down to multiple IP Office systems.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, under **Services**, select **Templates**.
2. On the **Templates** page, click **IP Office System Configuration**.
3. On the **IP Office System Configuration Templates** page, under **Templates List**, select **More Options > Manage Audio**.

4. On the **Manage Audio** page, click the **Browse** button to locate the .wav file you want to upload.
5. Click the **Upload** button.

The voice file is uploaded to System Manager in the .c11 format that is required for Embedded Voicemail on IP Office systems. The file is automatically converted from the .wav format to the .c11 format.

6. When finished, click the **Done** button.

IP Office management configuration from System Manager

This section provides tasks to configure IP Office systems that are managed from System Manager.

Related Links

[Using System Manager File Transfer to load files to the IP Office system](#) on page 131

Using System Manager File Transfer to load files to the IP Office system

About this task

System Manager provides a file transfer mechanism that allows you to remotely load files to multiple IP Offices in bulk. Use this procedure to send files from System Manager to the IP Office System SD card. The maximum file size allowed is 30 MB.

*** Note:**

The Embedded File Management feature in IP Office Manager can also be used to load files to the IP Office system. However, this method does not support pushing the files to multiple IP Offices in bulk.

*** Note:**

The System Manager file transfer feature does not support the transfer of nodal PLDS license files.

Procedure

1. On the System Manager console, under **Elements**, click **IP Office**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **File Transfer**.
3. On the **IP Office File Transfer** page, in the **Select File Type** drop-down box, select **Other**.
4. For the **Upload Files To SMGR Repository** field, click the **Browse** button and select the file you want to upload.

5. In the **IP Office Destination Folder Location** field, enter the appropriate location. The default location is **SYSTEM\PRIMARY**.
6. Under **Device List**, click the check box for each IP Office to which you want to upload the file.
7. Click **Commit**.
8. Do one of the following:
 - Click **Now** to upload the files to the IP Office now.
 - Click **Schedule** to upload the files at a schedule time.

*** Note:**

If you scheduled the file transfer, do not delete the file until the scheduled operation is completed. If the file is deleted prior to the completion of the scheduled operation, the operation will fail.

Related Links

[IP Office management configuration from System Manager](#) on page 131

Editing an IP Office system configuration from System Manager

Before you begin

Avaya Aura[®] System Manager has been set up to launch IP Office Manager. See [Setting up System Manager to launch IP Office Manager](#) on page 40.

About this task

Use this procedure to launch IP Office Manager from System Manager to edit an IP Office system configuration.

*** Note:**

You cannot configure users when editing an IP Office system configuration from System Manager. User configuration is performed from System Manager User Management. For more information, see [Restrictions when editing a system configuration from System Manager](#) on page 133.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, under **Elements**, select **IP Office**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **System Configuration**.
3. On the IP Office System Configuration page, select the IP Office device whose system configuration you want to edit.
4. Click **Edit**.

The IP Office Manager application is launched.

*** Note:**

If the AdminLite.exe file has not been downloaded to the System Manager server, an error message appears that says **The system cannot find the file specified**. If you receive this message, click **OK**. Then see [Setting up System Manager to launch IP Office Manager](#) on page 40 for the procedure to install the AdminLite.exe file on the System Manager server.

*** Note:**

If this is the first time you are attempting to edit an IP Office device through System Manager from this PC, and IP Office Manager has not yet been installed on this PC, the following message appears:

IP Office Manager is not installed on this machine. To complete the current task, you must download and install IP Office Manager. After you complete this installation restart the machine. Refer to the Release Notes/Online help.

Do you want to download IP Office Manager from the server now?

If you receive this message, click **Yes**. Then go to step 4 in [Installing IP Office Manager from the System Manager server to a PC](#) on page 42 for the procedure to install IP Office Manager on the PC.

5. Edit the IP Office system configuration as appropriate.
6. To edit the system configuration for another IP Office system, repeat steps 1 through 5.

*** Note:**

You cannot edit the system configuration of multiple IP Office systems from a single instance of IP Office Manager. You must open a new **IP Office** tab from the System Manager console and open another instance of IP Office Manager for that IP Office device.

Restrictions when editing an IP Office system configuration from System Manager

When you edit the system configuration of an IP Office device that is managed from System Manager, IP Office Manager is launched in system mode. The following restrictions apply when editing an IP Office system configuration from System Manager with IP Office Manager in system mode.

- **Extension** is visible in the **Extn** tab only but is disabled.
- All users (other than **NoUser** and **RemoteManager**) are visible in the **User** tab only but are disabled.
- **NoUser** has **User** and **Source Number** tabs visible and editable.
- **RemoteManager** has the **User** tab visible and editable. The rest of the tabs are not visible and therefore not editable.

The User Management feature available in System Manager is used to manage users and extensions on IP Office systems that are centrally managed from System Manager. See [User administration](#) on page 154 for more information.

*** Note:**

Do not use IP Office Manager that is connected directly to the IP Office device to edit users and extensions on systems that are centrally managed from System Manager. Changes made to users and extensions in this way will not be synced back to System Manager.

For more information about the two management methods, that is, central management from System Manager or local management from IP Office Manager, see [Management](#) on page 18. Do not use both of these management methods to configure and manage users and extensions on an IP Office system.

System Manager does not support the configuration of User Rights on IP Office systems. Similar functionality of applying selected user settings to groups of users is available from the System Manager user template capability.

About disabling the System Manager administration feature for an IP Office

If the IP Office is centrally managed by System Manager and you want to administer the IP Office using IP Office Manager that is directly connected to the branch, for example to install an individual PLDS license file, you must first disable the System Manager administration feature for the branch. Disabling the System Manager administration feature for a branch can be performed from System Manager or from IP Office Manager if the network connection to System Manager is not available.

After you disable the System Manager administration feature for a branch and administer the branch using IP Office Manager, you must synchronize the IP Office with System Manager to synchronize the changes and return the System Manager administration feature for the branch to the enabled state.

Related Links

[Disabling the System Manager administration feature for the branch from IP Office Manager](#) on page 135

[Disabling the System Manager administration feature for the branch from System Manager](#) on page 134

[Synchronizing IP Office with System Manager](#) on page 136

Disabling the System Manager administration feature for the branch from System Manager

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, under **Elements**, click **IP Office**.
2. On the **IP Office Element Management** page, in the left navigation pane, click **Security Configuration**.

3. On the **IP Office Security Configuration** page, click the radio button for the appropriate branch.
4. Click **Edit**.
5. In the **Security Settings** pane, select **Services > Configuration**.
6. Click the **Service Details** tab.
7. In the **Service Access Secure** drop-down box, select **Unrestricted**.

*** Note:**

To be able to use IP Office Manager to administer the branch, **Unrestricted** must be selected.

8. Click **OK**.
9. Select **File > Save Configuration**.

Disabling the System Manager administration feature for the branch from IP Office Manager

Procedure

1. Start IP Office Manager.
2. Select **File > Advanced > Security Settings**.

*** Note:**

If the **Security Settings** option does not appear under **Advanced**, do the following:

- a. Select **File > Preferences**.
 - b. In the IP Office Manager Preferences dialog box, click the **Set Simplified View as default** check box to deselect this option
 - c. Click **OK**.
 - d. Close and restart IP Office Manager.
3. In the **Select IP Office** window, click the check box for the appropriate system.
 4. Click **OK**.
 5. In the **Security Service User Login** window, enter a user name and password of an account that has security configuration access to the IP Office system.
The defaults are **security** and **securitypwd**.
 6. In the **Security Settings** pane, select **Services > Configuration**.
 7. Click the **Service Details** tab.
 8. In the **Service Access Secure** drop-down box, select **Unrestricted**.

*** Note:**

To be able to use IP Office Manager to administer the branch, **Unrestricted** must be selected.

9. Click **OK**.
10. Select **File > Save Security Settings**.

Enabling the Security Settings option for the branch

About this task

To disable the System Manager administration feature for a branch that is centrally managed by System Manager, you must have access to the Security Settings for that branch. If the branch configuration has not yet been opened from IP Office Manager, the **Security Settings** option is not available. To enable the **Security Settings** option, you must de-select the **Set Simplified View as default** option in the IP Office Manager Preferences window. Once that is done, the **Security Settings** option becomes available for that branch.

*** Note:**

This task needs to be performed only one time.

Procedure

1. Start IP Office Manager.
2. Select **File > Preferences**.
3. In the **Preferences** tab, click the **Set Simplified View as default** check box to de-select this option.
4. Click **OK**.
5. Close IP Office Manager.
6. See [Disabling the System Manager administration feature for the branch from System Manager](#) on page 134.

Synchronizing IP Office with System Manager

About this task

If you used IP Office Manager to administer a branch that is centrally managed by System Manager, you must synchronize the changes you made and return the System Manager administration feature for the branch to the enabled state.

Some configuration changes cannot be synced with System Manager. See [Configuration changes performed through Manager that cannot be synced with System Manager](#) on page 137.

Procedure

1. On the System Manager console, under **Services**, click **Inventory**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Synchronization > IP Office**.

3. Click the check box for the IP Office system whose configuration you want to sync with System Manager.
4. Do one of the following:
 - Click **System Configuration** to sync only system configuration data with System Manager.
 - Click **User** to sync only user data with System Manager.
 - Click **System Configuration and Users** to sync system configuration and user data with System Manager.
5. Do one of the following:
 - Click **Now** to run the synchronization job now.
 - Click **Schedule** to run the synchronization job at a scheduled date and time.

Configuration changes performed through IP Office Manager that cannot be synced with System Manager

You can disable System Manager administration for an IP Office and configure the IP Office device locally through IP Office Manager. To do this, you must first disable System Administration for the branch and then enable System Administration for the branch after you make your configuration changes. Then you must synchronize those changes with System Manager.

There are some configuration changes that cannot be synchronized with System Manager. Those tasks should not be performed locally through IP Office Manager for branches that are centrally managed by System Manager. Configuration changes that cannot be synchronized and therefore should not be performed locally are:

- Adding users or extensions
- Editing user core attributes (that is, name, number, password, or extension number)
- Changing any of the following security configuration settings:
 - BranchAdmin user settings
 - SCEP settings
 - Certificate settings
 - Web services settings

The User Rights feature is not integrated with System Manager. The User Rights feature is available only in the local IP Office Manager and is intended only for IP Office systems that are not configured to be managed centrally through System Manager.

Voicemail Pro Call Flow and System Configuration

Viewing the Voice Mail Pro call flow

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Elements > IP Office**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPPro > Call Flow**.
3. On the VMPPro Call Flow page, select the **Voice Mail Pro** device whose call flow you want to view.
4. Click **View**.
The system starts the Voicemail Pro Client application in Offline and Read only mode.
5. To exit Voicemail Pro Client , click **File > Exit**.
The system displays the VMPPro Call Flow page.

Editing the Voice Mail Pro call flow

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Elements > IP Office**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Applications**.
3. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPPro > Call Flow**.
4. On the VMPPro Call Flow page, select the IP Office device whose call flow you want to edit.
5. Click **Edit**.
The system starts the Voicemail Pro Client application in Offline and Editable mode.
6. Do one of the following:
 - To exit Voicemail Pro Client without saving, click **File > Exit**.
 - To return to the Voicemail Pro Client page after saving, click **File > Save and Make Live**.The system displays the VMPPro Call Flow page.

Downloading the Voice Mail Pro call flow

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Elements > IP Office**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Applications**.

3. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPPro > Call Flow**.
4. On the VMPPro Call Flow page, select the IP Office device whose call flow you want to edit.
5. Click **Download**.
6. Do one of the following:
 - For Firefox, click **Save File** and click **OK**.

The system saves the configuration file with the device name to the default location.
 - For Internet Explorer, provide the file name and location, and click **Save**.

The system saves the configuration file to the default location.

Viewing the status of a Voice Mail Pro call flow

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Elements > IP Office**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Applications**.
3. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPPro > Call Flow**.
4. On the VMPPro Call Flow page, select the **Voice Mail Pro** device whose call flow status you want to know.
5. Click **Status**.

The system refreshes the VMPPro Call Flow page and displays the status of the VMPPro call flow in the Status column.

Saving Voice Mail Pro call flow as a template

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Elements > IP Office**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPPro > Call Flow**.
3. On the VMPPro Call Flow page, select the **Voice Mail Pro** device whose call flow you want to save as a template.
4. Click **Save As Template**.
 - a. Type the name for the Voice Mail Pro call flow template.
 - b. Select the version.
 - c. Click **Commit**.
5. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.
6. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPPro Callflow Template**.

The VMPro Call Flow Templates page displays the VMPro call flow that you saved as a template.

VMPro Call Flow field descriptions

Device List

Name	Description
Device Name	The name of the IP Office device.
IP Address	The IP Address of the IP Office device.
Device Version	The version name of the IP Office device.
Last Operation on Device	The name of last operation performed on the IP Office device.
Status	The status of the IP Office device.
VMPro Call Flow Template	The name of the VMPro Call Flow Template applied to the IP Office device.
Last Modified Time of System Configuration	The time when the system configuration was last modified.
Last Backup Time	The time of the last back up.

Button	Description
View	Click to view the Voice Mail Pro call flow field descriptions.
Download	Click to download the Voice Mail Pro call flow field descriptions.
Save As Template	Saves the Voice Mail Pro call flow field descriptions as a template.
Edit	Click to edit the Voice Mail Pro call flow field descriptions.
Status	Displays the status of the operation that is currently running on or was last run.

Viewing the Voice Mail Pro system configuration

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Elements > IP Office**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Applications**.
3. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPro > System Configuration**.
4. On the VMPro System Configuration page, select the IP Office device whose system configuration you want to view.

5. Click **View**.

In the right pane, in the Voicemail Pro - System Preferences window, you can view the details of the selected **Voice Mail Pro** system configuration.

The system starts **Voice Mail Pro** in **Read Only** mode.

Next steps

For Voice Mail Pro system preferences, see *Implementing Voice Mail Pro*.

Editing the Voice Mail Pro system configuration

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Elements > IP Office**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Applications**.
3. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPPro > System Configuration**.
4. On the VMPPro System Configuration page, select the **Voice Mail Pro** device whose system configuration you want to edit.
5. Click **Edit**.

The system displays Voicemail Pro - System Preferences page.

6. In the right pane, on the Voicemail Pro - System Preferences page, edit the required fields.
7. Do one of the following:
 - To save the modifications, click **Update**.
 - To save the modification and exit, click **Save and Exit**.

Next steps

For Voice Mail Pro system preferences, see *Implementing Voice Mail Pro*.

Saving Voice Mail Pro system configuration as a template

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, click **Elements > IP Office**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Applications**.
3. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPPro > System Configuration**.
4. On the VMPPro System Configuration page, select the Voice Mail Pro device whose system configuration you want to save a template.
5. Click **Save As Template**.
 - a. Type a name for the Voice Mail Pro system configuration template.
 - b. Select the version.

- c. Click **Commit**.
- 6. On the System Manager web console, click **Services > Templates**.
- 7. In the left navigation pane, click **VMPRO System Configuration Template**.

The VMPRO System Configuration Templates page displays the VMPRO system configuration that you saved as a template.

VMPRO system configuration field descriptions

Button	Description
View	Click to view the Voice Mail Pro system configuration field descriptions.
Edit	Click to edit the Voice Mail Pro system configuration field descriptions.
Save As Template	Click to save the Voice Mail Pro system configuration field descriptions as a template.

Synchronizing the VMPRO system configuration

Before you begin

To synchronize VMPRO devices successfully, you must perform the following:

- Configure VMPRO IP Address in IP Office System Configuration.
- Password of VMPRO should be same for IP Office, UCM and Application Server and VMPRO System Preferences.

 **Note:**

- You can change the password for Application Sever through security setting using IP Office Manager.
- You can change the password for VMPRO System Preferences through Web Manager.
- You must give access rights to VMPRO Application from security setting of IP Office and UCM and Application Server through IP Office Manager.
- You must have valid IP Office licenses for VMPRO instances.

Procedure

1. On the System Manager console, click **Services > Inventory**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Synchronization > VMPRO**.
3. Select the device you want to synchronize.
4. In the device list, select any of the following options that you want to synchronize for the selected device.

5. Click **Now** to perform the synchronization now or click **Schedule** to perform the synchronization at a specified time.

*** Note:**

To view the status of synchronization, click **Services > Scheduler** on the System Manager console.

Result

If the operation of synchronizing the VMPro succeeds, you can work on the latest updated vmpro system configuration and avoid data corruption.

If the operation of synchronizing the VMPro fails, you can work only on local available system configuration in System Manager.

If the operation of synchronizing the VMPro fails and if it is first time that you attempted data synchronization, you can work only on the default configuration.

Configuring UCM and Application Server

Synchronizing the UCM and Application Server system configuration

About this task

Use the procedure to synchronize the configuration of a UCM and Application Server device with the local machine.

Procedure

1. On the System Manager console, click **Services > Inventory**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Synchronization > UCM and Application Server**.
3. Select the device that you want to synchronize.
System Configuration is selected by default.
4. Do one of the following:
 - To perform the synchronization now, click **Now**.
 - To perform the synchronization at a specified time, click **Schedule**.
5. To view the status of synchronization, click **Services > Scheduler**.

Managing the security configuration of Unified Communications Module and Application Server with System Manager

About this task

You can manage the security configuration of the Unified Communications Module and Application Server with System Manager manually.

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, from **Home > Elements > IP Office > UCM and Application Server > Security Configuration**, select the device.
2. Select one of the following options:
 - To view the system configuration of the Unified Communications Module and Application Server, click **View**.
 - To edit the system configuration of the Unified Communications Module and Application Server, click **Edit**.

Important:

To work with another IP Office system, you must open a new IP Office tab from the dashboard and launch another instance of IP Office Manager. You cannot edit multiple IP Office systems from a single instance of IP Office Manager.

IP Office Web Manager launches.

3. To save the updates and return to System Manager, from the **File** menu, click **Save Configuration and Exit**.

Managing the system configuration of Unified Communications Module and Application Server with System Manager

About this task

You can synchronize the Unified Communications Module and Application Server system configuration with System Manager manually.

Procedure

1. On the System Manager web console, from **Home > Elements > IP Office > UCM and Application Server > System Configuration**, select the device.

2. Select one of the following options:

- To view the system configuration of the Unified Communications Module and Application Server, click **View**.
- To download the system configuration of the Unified Communications Module and Application Server, click **Download**.
- To edit the system configuration of the Unified Communications Module and Application Server, click **Edit**.

! Important:

To work with another IP Office system, you must open a new IP Office tab from the dashboard and launch another instance of IP Office Manager. You cannot edit multiple IP Office systems from a single instance of IP Office Manager.

IP Office Web Manager launches.

3. To save the updates and return to System Manager, from the **File** menu, click **Save Configuration and Exit**.

Avaya Aura® Session Manager Configuration

Avaya Aura® Session Manager handles call admission control, call re-direction, digit analysis, dial plan management, internal network call accounting feeds, toll by-pass, inter-office routing and international least cost routing. All administration and management of the enterprise-wide private global dial plan network is handled by this communications appliance, and managed as a single enterprise with Avaya Aura® System Manager. Using SIP as the control plane, Session Manager controls and directs connection requests between users of Avaya Aura® Communication Manager, the Avaya Aura® applications/services and users of the IP Office system. The subsequent media path that is established and connects the endpoints (phones, services and applications) is always routed directly and does not involve Session Manager.

The role that Session Manager plays in IP Office branch deployments is different depending on the specific type of deployment. In Distributed enterprise branch deployments, Session Manager acts as a SIP proxy to route SIP sessions to and from the SIP trunk connected to the IP Office system. In Centralized enterprise branch deployments, Session Manager plays a larger role where the Centralized phones register directly with Session Manager in the enterprise core to receive services from the core applications such as Communication Manager Feature Server or Evolution Server.

This chapter provides procedures to configure Session Manager to support calls to and from IP Office systems. Avaya Aura® System Manager is used to administer Session Manager. Perform the following procedures:

1. View the SIP domains for which the Session Manager provides call management. Multiple domains can be listed. See [Viewing the SIP domains](#) on page 147.
2. Identify logical and/or physical locations where SIP entities reside. IP address patterns can be used to define different locations within the Avaya Aura® network, for example the IP

address range of each IP Office system. The creation of locations allows features such as bandwidth management to be applied to connections from those locations. See [Creating locations](#) on page 148.

3. Create a set of digit adaptations in order to ensure correct routing. If the digits to or from a branch need alteration in order to be routed correctly at either end, this can be done using a table of digit adaptations. Each SIP entity (branch) is associated with its own set of digit adaptations. See [Creating adaptations](#) on page 148.
4. Add each IP Office system to the list of SIP entities that send calls to and from the Avaya Aura® network. See [Creating SIP entities](#) on page 149.
5. Add an entity link for each SIP entity including each IP Office. An entity link must be added to define the ports and transport method used for connections between the SIP entity and the Session Manager. See [Creating entity links](#) on page 150.
6. Create time ranges to control when different routing policies are used. See [Creating time ranges](#) on page 151.
7. Add a routing policy. A routing policy consists of a selected SIP entity as its destination and a number of time ranges that define when the policy can be used. See [Creating routing policies](#) on page 151.
8. Add dial patterns. Dial patterns are used to match digits received to a destination. Each dial pattern has an associated routing policy that defines the target entity for matched calls and when the match should be used. See [Creating dial patterns](#) on page 151.

*** Note:**

You must complete fields marked with an asterisk. Fields not marked with an asterisk are optional.

For more information about administering Session Manager, see “Chapter 5: Managing Session Manager routing” in *Administering Avaya Aura® Session Manager*, document number 03–603324.

Configuring Session Manager checklist

Use this checklist to monitor your progress as you configure Avaya Aura® Session Manager.

#	Description	Section	✓
1	View a list of the SIP domains.	See Viewing the SIP domains in <i>Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform as an Enterprise Branch with Avaya Aura® Session Manager</i>	
2	Create a location.	See Creating locations in <i>Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform as an Enterprise Branch with Avaya Aura® Session Manager</i>	
3	Create a digit adaptation.	See Creating adaptations in <i>Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform as an Enterprise Branch with Avaya Aura® Session Manager</i>	

#	Description	Section	✓
4	Create a SIP entity.	See Creating SIP entities in <i>Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform as an Enterprise Branch with Avaya Aura® Session Manager</i>	
5	Create an entity link.	See Creating entity links in <i>Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform as an Enterprise Branch with Avaya Aura® Session Manager</i>	
6	Create a time range.	See Creating time ranges in <i>Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform as an Enterprise Branch with Avaya Aura® Session Manager</i>	
7	Create a routing policy.	See Creating routing policies in <i>Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform as an Enterprise Branch with Avaya Aura® Session Manager</i>	
8	Create a dial pattern.	See Creating dial patterns in <i>Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform as an Enterprise Branch with Avaya Aura® Session Manager</i>	
9	Add IP Office users and Centralized users. This task is performed from Avaya Aura® System Manager using the User Management feature.	See User administration in <i>Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform as an Enterprise Branch with Avaya Aura® Session Manager</i> .	
10	After the IP Office system has been successfully configured and you are satisfied with the configuration, perform a backup of the system configuration from Avaya Aura® System Manager to save a backup to the IP Office internal SD card.	See Creating a backup of the system configuration using System Manager in <i>Deploying Avaya IP Office™ Platform as an Enterprise Branch with Avaya Aura® Session Manager</i> .	

Viewing the SIP domains

The domain for which the Session Manager is authoritative was added when Session Manager was initially configured for the IP Office system. The domain name set in the IP Office system's SM Line configuration (see [Adding an SM Line](#) on page 87) should match one of the entries that is listed on the Domain Management page.

1. On the System Manager console, under **Elements**, click **Routing**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Domains**.

The SIP domains are listed on the Domain Management page.

Creating locations

Locations are used to identify logical and/or physical locations where SIP entities reside. The location entries in Session Manager allow bandwidth management and call control to be applied for connections to and from those locations.

Typically locations are added for each IP Office branch site.

1. On the System Manager console, under **Elements**, click **Routing**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Locations**.
3. On the **Location page**, click **New** to add a new location.
4. On the **Location Details** page, in the **Name** field, enter a name to identify the location.
5. In the **Notes** field, enter notes about the location, as appropriate.
6. In the **Dial Plan Transparency in Survivable Mode** section, accept the default settings.
7. In the **Overall Managed Bandwidth** section, accept the default settings.
8. In the **Per-Call Bandwidth Parameters** section, accept the default settings.
9. In the **Alarm Threshold** section, accept the default settings.
10. In the **Location Pattern** section, click **Add** to add a location pattern.
11. In the **IP Address Pattern** field, enter an IP address pattern that matches the IP LAN address range.

The * character can be used as a match-all wildcard. For example, the pattern 192.168.42.* matches all addresses in the range 192.168.42.1 to 192.168.42.255.
12. In the **Notes** field, enter notes about this location pattern, as appropriate.
13. Click **Commit**.

Creating adaptations

Occasionally calls to or from the branch may require digit conversion in order to ensure correct routing. For example, reinserting an external dialing prefix. This is done using a set of digit conversions stored by the digit adaptation associated with the SIP entity.

Adaptations are optional and are deployment specific. For more information, see “Adaptations” in “Chapter 5: Managing Session Manager routing” in *Administering Avaya Aura® Session Manager*, document number 03-603324.

Creating SIP entities

A SIP entity is required for each branch system. This is in addition to the SIP entities that should already exist for Session Manager and Communication Manager or Communication Manager Feature Server or Evolution Server.

1. On the System Manager console, under **Elements**, click **Routing**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **SIP Entities**.
3. On the SIP Entities page, click **New** to create a new SIP Entity.
4. On the SIP Entity Details page, in the **Name** field, enter the name of the SIP entity.
5. In the **FQDN or IP Address** field, enter the IP address of the IP Office system LAN interface configured for the SM Line operation.
6. In the **Type** drop-down box, do one of the following:
 - If this branch is used in a Distributed enterprise branch deployment select **SIP Trunk**.
 - If this branch is used in a Centralized or Mixed enterprise branch deployment and has Centralized users configured, select **Survivability Server**.

This SIP Entity will be provided as a choice in the **Survivability Server** drop-down box when you add a Centralized user to System Manager. See “Adding Centralized SIP users to System Manager” in *Administering Centralized Users for an IP Office Enterprise Branch*.

7. In the **Notes** field, enter a description to help identify this SIP entity, as appropriate.
8. In the **Adaptation** drop-down box, select the adaptation that contains the digit conversions to apply to calls to and from the location.
9. In the **Location** drop-down box, select the location that matches the location you configured in [Creating locations](#) on page 148.
10. In the **Time Zone** drop-down box, select the time zone for the location.
11. For the **Override Port & Transport with DNS SRV** check box, accept the default setting, unchecked.
12. In the **SIP Timer B/F (in seconds)** field, accept the default setting, 4.

*** Note:**

If you see that calls are abnormally terminated, you should increase this number.

13. In the **Credential Name** field, accept the default setting, blank.
14. In the **Call Detail Recording** field, accept the default setting.
15. In the **Loop Detection Mode** field, accept the default setting.
16. In the **SIP Link Monitoring** drop-down box, accept the default, **Use Session Manager Configuration**.
17. Under **Port**, click **Add**.

18. Depending on what protocol the phones should use to connect to the IP Office system in Rainy day, do one of the following:
 - If the IP Office system was configured for the phones to use TCP to connect in Rainy day, in the **Port** field, enter 5060. Then in the **Protocol** drop-down box, select **TCP**.
 - If the IP Office system was configured for the phones to use TLS to connect in Rainy day, in the **Port** field, enter 5061. Then in the **Protocol** drop-down box, select **TLS**.
- ★ **Note:**

The port and protocol that you configure here will be pushed to the phones along with the IP Office IP address when this SIP entity is selected as the survivability server for the user. This will be the port and protocol that the phones will use to connect to the IP Office system in Rainy day.
19. Click **Commit**.

Creating entity links

For each SIP entity communicating with the Avaya Aura[®] Session Manager, an entity link needs to be configured. That includes one for each IP Office.

1. On the System Manager console, under **Elements**, click **Routing**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Entity Links**.
3. On the Entity Links page, click **New**.
4. In the **Name** field, enter a name to describe this link.
5. In the **SIP Entity 1** drop-down box, select the name of the Session Manager system that is at one end of the link.

SIP Entity 1 must always be a Session Manager instance. For an SM Line from an IP Office system, this should match the Session Manager set as the **SM Address** in the SM Line's configuration.

6. In the **Protocol** drop-down box, select **TCP**.

When TCP is selected, the **Port** field is automatically set as **5060**. This is the port to which the SIP Entity 2 sends SIP requests.

7. In the **SIP Entity 2** drop-down box, select the name of the IP Office system that is at the other end of the link.

When you selected TCP in the previous step, the **Port** field was automatically set as **5060**.

8. In the **Connection Policy** drop-down box, select **trusted**.

The selection in this field must be **trusted**. If it is not, calls from the associated SIP Entity 2 will be denied by Session Manager

9. For the **Deny New Service** check box, accept the default setting (unchecked) .
10. In the **Notes** field, enter notes regarding this entity link, as appropriate.

11. Click **Commit**.

Creating time ranges

Additional time ranges can be created and used with a routing policy to define when the routing policy is active. For most IP Office branch implementations, you do not need to define additional time ranges. If you need to add or adjust a time range, see “Creating Time Ranges” in *Administering Avaya Aura Session Manager*, document number 03-603324.

Creating routing policies

A routing policy is a collection of multiple time ranges and a destination SIP entity. For each dial pattern configured to route calls received by the Session Manager, the routing policy associated with that dial pattern defines when and where matching calls are directed.

Separate routing policies are required for each IP Office entity to which the Session Manager routes calls.

1. On the System Manager console, under **Elements**, click **Routing**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Routing Policies**.
3. On the **Routing Policies** page, click **New** to create a new routing policy.
4. On the **Routing Policies Details** page, in the **Name** field, enter a name to describe this routing policy.
5. For the **Disabled** check box, accept the default, unchecked.
6. In the **Retries** field, enter the number of retries for the destination SIP entity. Valid numbers are 0 – 5.
7. In the **Notes** field, enter notes about this routing policy, as appropriate.
8. In the **SIP Entity as Destination** section, do the following:
 - a. Click **Select**.
 - b. On the **SIP Entities** page, select the SIP entity to which the routing policy applies.
 - c. Click **Select**.
9. Skip the **Time of Day** section, **Dial Patterns** section, and **Regular Expressions** section. You do not need to configure these settings.
10. Click **Commit**.

Creating dial patterns

A dial pattern is defined to direct calls prefixed with the branch prefix to each branch.

1. On the System Manager console, under **Elements**, click **Routing**.

2. In the left navigation pane, click **Dial Patterns**.
3. On the **Dial Patterns** page, click **New** to create a new dial pattern.
4. On the **Dial Pattern Details** page, in the **Pattern** field, enter the branch prefix.
This is the dialed number or number prefix that the dial pattern is intended to match.
5. In the **Min** field, enter the minimum length (1 to 36) of the dialed number that the pattern should match. For example, if the branch prefix is 3 digits and the extension number length is 4 digits, you would enter 7.
6. In the **Max** field, enter the maximum length (1 to 36) of the dialed number that the pattern should match. For example, if you set this to the same value as the **Min** value, the dial pattern will match only internal calls.
7. For the **Emergency Call** check box, leave the check box set to the default setting, unchecked.
8. In the **Emergency Priority** field, enter a value between 1 and 10 for the priority of the emergency number.
9. In the **Emergency type** field, enter the type of emergency number, for example police or fire.
10. In the **SIP Domain** drop-down box, select the appropriate SIP domains that should be matched, or select **All** to allow calls from all SIP domains to be routed.
11. In the **Notes** field, enter notes to describe this dial pattern, as appropriate.
12. In the **Originating Locations and Routing Policies** section, click **Add**.
13. In the **Originating Location** section, click the check box for **Apply The Selected Routing Policies to All Originating Locations**.
14. In the **Routing Policies** section, click the check box for the routing policy that was created for the branch.
15. Click **Select**.
16. If you need to specify that calls from certain locations be denied, do the following:
 - a. In the **Denied Originating Locations** section, click **Add**.
 - b. Do one of the following:
 - Click the **Apply to All Originating Locations** check box.
 - Click the check box(es) for the locations that should be denied.
 - c. Click **Select**.
17. On the Dial Patterns Detail page, click **Commit**.

Traffic and Quality of Service configuration

Voice quality monitoring

QoS monitoring

IP Office supports QoS monitoring and provides QoS alarms of excessive jitter, delay, or loss on certain types of calls. IR Prognosis application integrates with Avaya Aura[®] to provide enhanced QoS monitoring. Prognosis is an external collector that receives RTCP monitoring messages from H.323 phones.

Enabling feature

The enabling feature instructs the IP Office H.323 phones to send their RTCP monitoring messages to Prognosis. IP Office sends the address of the external RTCP collector to the H.323 phones. If the enabling feature is configured, IP Office instructs the Avaya H.323 phones at registration to send their RTCP monitoring messages to the configured collector IP address. It provides the H.323 phones with the IP address of the external collector. The enabling feature is supported in the following deployments:

- IPOL and IP500 V2 Platforms
- Essential, Preferred, Server, and select server editions
- Mid-market and in branch deployments

Configuring RTCP collector IP address for phones

Before you begin

To configure the enabling feature, the administrator needs to restart the phone.

Procedure

1. Clear the **Enable RTCP Monitor On Port 5005** check box.
This configuration cannot be used together with the existing IP Office configuration.
2. In **LAN > VoIP**, the default value of the **RTCP collector IP address for phones** is 0.0.0.0. This indicates the enabling feature is disabled.

Chapter 7: Initial administration

User administration

This chapter provides the procedures to administer IP Office users from Avaya Aura® System Manager. All users are added to System Manager to enable centralized user management.

IP Office users are configured with an IP Office Endpoint profile and get their telephony features and services from the local IP Office. Centralized users are configured with a Session Manager profile and a CM Endpoint Profile, as well as an IP Office Endpoint profile that is based on a Centralized user template. Configuration of the Session Manager profile and CM Endpoint Profile enable the Centralized users to have their call processing controlled by Session Manager in the enterprise core and get their telephony features from the Communication Manager feature server in the enterprise core. Configuration of the IP Office Endpoint profile for the Centralized users enables them to have basic survivable call processing on the IP Office in Rainy day. For more information about Centralized users, including the procedure to administer Centralized users, see *Administering Centralized Users for an IP Office™ Platform Enterprise Branch*.

 **Note:**

If the IP Office is not managed from System Manager, you are able to administer users from IP Office Manager. For more information, see [Management](#) on page 18.

Adding IP Office users to System Manager

About this task

When you add an IP Office user to System Manager, you must configure an IP Office Endpoint profile on System Manager. A Session Manager Profile and a CM Endpoint Profile are not configured for an IP Office user like they are when you add a Centralized user to System Manager. For information about adding Centralized users to System Manager, see *Administering Centralized Users for an IP Office Enterprise Branch*.

Procedure

1. On the System Manager console, under **Users**, click **User Management**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Manage Users**.
3. On the User Management page, click **New**.

4. On the New User Profile page, in the Identity section, do the following:

- a. In the **Last Name** field, enter the user's last name.

 **Note:**

Depending on how the branches and stations in your system are named and organized, you could enter a location name in this field, for example `Chicago 25`. Then in the next field, **First Name**, you could enter a location within that branch, for example `cashier`.

- b. In the **Last Name** field, enter the user's last name.
- c. In the **First Name** field, enter the user's first name.
- d. In the **Middle Name** field, enter the user's middle name.
- e. In the **Description** field, enter a description of this user profile.
- f. In the **Login Name** field, enter the extension user login in the format, `username@domainname.com` or `extension@domainname.com`. For example, `nsmith@avaya.com` or `5002432@avaya.com`.
- g. In the **Authentication Type** drop-down box, accept the default setting, **Basic**.
- h. In the **Password** field, enter the password required to log into System Manager for personal web configuration.
- i. In the **Confirm Password** field, enter the password again.
- j. In the **Localized Display Name** field, enter the name to be used as the calling party.
- k. In the **Endpoint Display Name** field, enter the user's full name.
- l. In the **Title** field, enter the user's title if applicable.
- m. In the **Language Preference** drop-down box, select the appropriate language.
- n. In the **Time Zone** drop-down box, select the user's time zone.
- o. In the **Employee ID** field, enter the user's employee ID.
- p. In the **Department** field, enter the user's department.
- q. In the **Company** field, enter the name of the user's company.
- r. To add a postal address for this user, do the following:
 - a. Expand the Address section.
 - b. Click **New**.
 - c. On the Add Address page, complete the fields as appropriate.
- s. To add multiple phone numbers for this user, do the following:
 - a. Expand the Phone Details section.
 - b. Complete the fields as appropriate.
 - c. Click **Add**.

5. To specify a localized language, expand the Localized Names section, and do the following:
 - a. In the **Language** drop-down box, select the language for displaying the user name.
 - b. In the **Display Name** field, enter the user's name.
 - c. Click **Add**.
6. To add a TDM or IP endpoint, or a distributed SIP endpoint, click the **Communication Profile** tab.
7. Accept the default values for the **Communication Profile Password** field, **Confirm Password** field, **Name** field, and **Default** check box.
8. Click the **IP Office Endpoint Profile** check box, and do the following:
 - a. In the **System** drop-down box, select the appropriate system.
 - b. In the **Template** drop-down box, select the appropriate template. The templates listed in this drop-down box are IP Office User templates.

When you select a template, the **Set Type** field is automatically populated based on the template selected. The **Set Type** field is read-only.

- c. To assign an extension to this user, do one of the following:
 - Click the **Use Existing Extension** check box, and select an unassigned extension from the drop-down box.
 - Select a module-port combination from the **Module-Port** drop-down box, and enter the new extension in the **Extension** field.

 **Note:**

The module-port combination is valid only for digital and analog set types.

- d. To change other parameters such as call appearances or feature buttons for this user, click the **Endpoint Editor** button and do the following:
 - a. Update the fields as appropriate.
 - b. Click **Save** to save your changes.
 - c. Click **Exit** to exit the Endpoint Editor.

This updates parameters for this user. The changes are not reflected in the template.

 **Note:**

Parameters for this user can also be configured using the endpoint template. See [Creating an endpoint template](#) on page 75 for more information.

- e. For the **Delete Extension On User Delete** check box, do one of the following:
 - Accept the default, unchecked, if you are using an analog or digital set type template and this feature is checked for other set types.
 - Select this check box if you want the extension to be deleted when the extension is unassigned or the communication profile is deleted.

9. Click **Commit**.

- An IP Office user is added on the IP Office and is associated with a user in System Manager.
- Repeat this procedure for each distributed user you want to add.

Editing the IP Office Endpoint Profile for a user

About this task

Use this procedure to edit an IP Office Endpoint Profile for an IP Office user or Centralized user.

Note:

If you are using Avaya Aura® System Manager to edit an existing B5800 Branch Gateway R6.2 user and the System Manager version is R6.3.2, you must ensure that the **Local Number Length** field is configured correctly in IP Office Manager. If it is not, you will not be able to modify the extension. An error message will appear that indicates the extension length is invalid. For information on how to configure the **Local Number Length** field in IP Office Manager, see [Setting the branch prefix and local number length for extension numbering](#) on page 82.

Procedure

- On the System Manager console, under **Users**, click **User Management**.
- In the left navigation pane, click **Manage Users**.
- From the list of users on the User Management page, select the user you want to edit.
- Click **Edit**.
- Click the **Communication Profile** tab to expand that section.
- Expand the **Communication Address** section.
- Expand the **IP Office Endpoint Profile**.
- To apply a different template to this user, in the **Template** drop-down box, select the appropriate template.
- To change the extension assigned to this user, do one of the following:
 - Click the **Use Existing Extension** check box, and select an unassigned extension from the drop-down box.
 - Select a module-port combination from the **Module-Port** drop-down box, and enter the new extension in the **Extension** field.

Note:

The module-port combination is valid only for digital and analog set types.

- To change other parameters for this user, click the **Endpoint Editor** button.

IP Office Web Manager is launched where you can edit the user and extension fields for this user.

*** Note:**

IP Office Manager launches if the user profile is created on IP Office 9.0 and below. Else, Web Manager launches as the editor for IP Office and higher.

11. Update the fields as appropriate.

12. Click **Save**.

You return to the edit user window in System Manager.

13. Click **Commit**.

Routine maintenance

About upgrading IP Office systems

Centralized management provided by Avaya Aura® System Manager allows you to upgrade IP Office firmware and software from System Manager. For more information, see *Migrating an IP Office or B5800 Branch Gateway to an IP Office Enterprise Branch*, document number 15-604268.

*** Note:**

This applies to IP Office systems that are deployed with one of the enterprise branch deployment options. You cannot upgrade a standalone IP Office system from System Manager.

You are also able to upgrade an individual IP Office system from IP Office Manager installed on an administration PC that is connected directly to the system. You can perform an upgrade from IP Office Manager using the upgrade wizard or the System SD card. For more information about these upgrade methods, see *IP Office 9.0 Installing IP500/IP500 V2*, document number 15-601042.

Creating a backup of the system configuration using System Manager

About this task

When you perform a backup of the system configuration from System Manager, the backup is stored on the local IP Office. To store the system configuration backup on the System Manager server, you must synchronize the IP Office with System Manager. See [Synchronizing IP Office with System Manager](#) on page 136 for more information.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, under **Elements**, select **IP Office**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Backup**.

3. On the **IP Office Backup** page, select the IP Office device for which you want to create a backup.
4. Click **Backup**.
5. Click **Now** to run the backup job now.

*** Note:**

Do not schedule backup tasks for IP Office devices that have been added to System Manager. Backups for IP Office systems that are managed by System Manager must be performed manually.

Restoring the system configuration using System Manager

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, under **Elements**, select **IP Office**.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Restore**.
3. On the **IP Office Restore** page, select the IP Office device whose backup configuration you want to restore. You can select multiple devices.
4. Click **Restore**.
5. On the **IP Office Restore** page, do one of the following:
 - Click **System Configuration** to restore the respective system configurations available in System Manager to the IP Office device. The configuration you restore is the latest configuration available in System Manager.
 - Click **User** to restore the respective users from System Manager to the IP Office device.
 - Click **System Configuration and Users** to restore the respective system configurations and users from System Manager to the IP Office device.
 - Click **Restore Backup Stored on Devices** to restore the locally backed up configuration to the IP Office device.
6. Do one of the following:
 - Click **Now** to perform the restore activity now.
 - Click **Schedule** to perform the restore activity at a scheduled date and time.

Upgrading the IP Office using System Manager

About this task

Use this task to upgrade the IP Office. Included in this task are the steps to:

- analyze the software to determine if a new version is available
- download the firmware files from Avaya PLDS

Avaya PLDS will automatically determine if a newer software version than what is currently installed is available. If there is a newer version available, you can download the newer version to upgrade the IP Office. To determine if there is a new software version available, Avaya PLDS uses the file *versions_sp.xml* that is available from the Avaya Support Site to compare the current installed software on the device with the latest available on Avaya PLDS. The file *versions_sp.xml* is regularly updated with the latest firmware/software releases available for upgrade.

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, under **Services**, select **Software Management**.
2. On the **Software Management** page, click **Manage Software > IP Office**.
3. On the **IP Office** page, click the **Analyze** drop-down box and select **Now**.
4. When the analyze job is finished running, refresh the table.

A red **x** indicates there is a newer firmware version available that has not been downloaded to the software library.

5. Select the control unit for upgrade, and click **Download**.
6. On the **Download Manager** page, do the following:
 - a. In the **Library** drop-down box, select the appropriate library.
 - b. In the **Protocol** drop-down box, accept the protocol displayed.

 **Note:**

The appropriate protocol is automatically selected based on the selected library.

- c. Expand the tree to show a list of the upgrade packages that are available.
 - d. Under the Device Type **IP Office**, select the latest package.
7. Do one of the following:
 - Click **Now** to download the software.
 - Click **Schedule** to schedule the download at a specified time.
 8. Click **Download**.

The system displays the End User License Agreement page.
 9. Click **Accept** to download the software.
 10. When the download is complete, go to the **Manage Software** page.

A yellow **i** indicates there is a newer version of software downloaded to the remote software library and the device can be upgraded.
 11. Click the check box for the appropriate control unit.
 12. Click **Upgrade**.

The **Upgrade** button is enabled only if the state of the device is yellow.
 13. On the **IP Office Upgrade Configuration** page, select the appropriate library and the release to which you want to upgrade.

By default, the library which has the latest upgrade package is automatically selected.

14. Do one of the following:

- Click **Now** to start the upgrade.
- Click **Schedule** to schedule the upgrade at a specified time.

15. To view the upgrade status, on the **IP Office** page, click the IP Office being upgraded, then click **Status**.

When the upgrade is complete, a final status window is displayed. The state of the device turns green showing that it has the latest firmware installed.

Chapter 8: Optimization and scalability

Standalone SAL Gateway for remote service

Avaya Client Services (ACS) uses the Secure Access Link (SAL) Gateway to provide remote delivery of service to the IP Office. The supported configuration requires a standalone SAL gateway that is deployed in the enterprise headquarters/data center and using the IP Office administration applications — Manager, System Status, and System Monitor.

SAL Gateway R2.1 or higher software must be installed on a customer-provided server in the enterprise at a central location that allows for network connectivity to each deployed branch. The SAL Gateway manages the IP Offices in multiple branches, relaying alarms from the IP Offices back to Avaya, and proxying connection requests for support engineers. The SAL solution is fully customer controlled through the deployment and use of the optional SAL policy server.

*** Note:**

System Platform's Virtual SAL Gateway (VSALGW) is not supported in managing each individual branch. The VSALGW is only officially supported by Avaya in management of system platform “on-board” devices such as System Platform, Session Manager and System Manager. Each IP Office branch is considered an “off-board” device.

Use of SAL to access the IP Office administration tools and System Manager

You are able to access the IP Office administration tools and Avaya Aura® System Manager through SAL.

- **Manager**

Manager is an administration tool used to configure and upgrade the IP Office system. You can use Manager to administer each branch individually. You are able to use SAL to access the Manager application for local or remote configuration management of the IP Office system.

*** Note:**

For IP Office upgrades and Embedded File Management, you must access Manager that is installed on a PC that resides within the customer network.

- **System Status Application**

System Status is an administration tool used to monitor the current status of individual branches in the IP Office system. You are able to use SAL to access the System Status Application that is installed locally or remotely.

- **System Monitor** (Tier3/4 tool only)

System Monitor is an administration tool that provides detailed traces of all activity on the IP Office system. System Monitor can connect to IP Office 9.0 from outside the enterprise network through SAL. To connect System Monitor to IP Office through SAL, you must select **TCP** (and not use the default **UDP**) as the protocol when you start System Monitor. For more information, see *Using IP Office System Monitor*, document number 15-601019.

- **Avaya Aura System Manager**

System Manager is a central management system that delivers a set of shared management services and a common console for System Manager and its components. System Manager provides a single access interface to administer multiple branch locations and multiple IP Office users or Centralized users. For more information about System Manager, see [Management](#) on page 18.

SAL Gateway installation and registration

To install SAL Gateway, see Chapter 2 in *Secure Access Link 2.1, SAL Gateway Implementation Guide*, document number 146775, which is available on the Avaya support Web site <http://support.avaya.com>. The *Secure Access Link 2.1 Gateway* software download is also available on the Avaya support Web site.

Registering a product with Avaya is a process that uniquely identifies the device so that Avaya can service it. A SAL Gateway registration form is provided with your software download. See [Universal Install SAL Registration Request Form](#) on page 165 for more information. To register the SAL Gateway, complete Step 1 on the form and send it to salreg@avaya.com. The following information is requested in Step 1:

- Your company name
- Avaya Sold-to Number (customer number)
- Your contact information, so that Avaya can contact you if there are questions

Avaya uses this information to register your gateway. When the registration is complete, Avaya will send you an e-mail that provides the following information:

- The Solution Element ID and Product ID numbers
- A list of the devices currently registered at this location
- A list of other locations for your company

 **Note:**

Optional: If you want to get Solution Element IDs (SEID) from other locations, complete the Step 2 tab of the registration sheet and send it to salreg@avaya.com using the link included on the sheet. Avaya will send you a list of SEIDs from the locations you selected.

IP Office registration and SAL Gateway on-boarding

Each IP Office deployed must be registered with Avaya. To add managed devices to your SAL Gateway using the Solution Element IDs (SEID) provided to you during SAL Gateway registration described above, see “Managed element configuration” in Chapter 4 in the *Secure Access Link 2.1, SAL Gateway Implementation Guide*, document number 146775, which is available on the Avaya support Web site.

When you have added all your managed devices, complete Step 2 of the SAL Gateway registration form for each managed device you added to your SAL Gateway and send the form to salreg@avaya.com. When this form is received, the Avaya registration team makes the appropriate changes to allow access to your managed devices through the SAL Gateway. Avaya will then confirm via an e-mail notification that remote access to your product has been enabled through your SAL Gateway.

IP Office SAL-based alarming

The SAL Gateway supports alarming for the IP Office managed device. You must change the alarm destination on your IP Office managed device so that alarms are routed to your centralized SAL Gateway. During the registration and on-boarding process of each branch, the Avaya registration team also tests alarming through the SAL Gateway and back into Avaya alarm receivers.

Configuring the SAL Gateway as a trap destination in IP Office

About this task

Use this procedure to configure the SAL Gateway as a trap destination. A maximum of 5 Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) management stations can be configured as trap destinations.

System Manager is also configured as a trap destination. However, the configuration of System Manager as a trap destination is performed automatically when you run the Initial Configuration utility. See [Running the Initial Configuration utility](#) on page 60 for more information.

For more information about SNMP, see “SNMP” in *IP Office 9.0 Installing IP500/IP500 V2*.

Procedure

1. Start Manager and connect to the IP Office system.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **System**.
3. Click the **System Events** tab.
4. In the **Configuration** sub-tab, in the **SNMP Agent** section, ensure the **SNMP Enabled** check box is selected.

5. In the **Community (Read-only)** field, enter the SNMP community name to which the system belongs.

This community name must match that used by the SNMP manager application when sending requests to the device. The community public is frequently used to establish communication and then changed (at both the SNMP agent and manager ends) for security.

6. In the **SNMP Port** field, accept the default.
7. In the **Device ID** field, enter the alarm ID or PID of the registered system.

*** Note:**

This enables product alarming back to Avaya via the Secure Access Link (SAL). The unique alarm ID is included in the var-bind of all SNMP trap notifications sent by the system. The alarm ID, or PID, is parsed out of the alarm and used for automatic case creation by matching the registered system's customer record with the alarm event.

8. In the **Contact** field, enter contact information as appropriate.
9. In the **Location** field, enter location information as appropriate.
10. Click the **Alarms** tab.
11. Click **Add**.
12. In the **New Alarm** section, do the following:
 - a. Click the **Trap** option button.
 - b. In the **IP Address** field, enter the IP address of the PC running the SNMP manager application that you are adding as a trap destination, for example the SAL gateway.
 - c. In the **Port** field, enter the port on which the trap messages should be sent.

This is the UDP port on which the IP Office system sends SNMP trap messages. The default is 162.
 - d. In the **Community** field, enter the community that will be used by the agent and the SNMP manager.
13. In the **Events** section, click the check boxes for the events you want to send.

See the Manager on-line help for a description of the events.
14. Click **OK**.
15. Select **File > Save Configuration** to send the configuration back to the IP Office system and then select **reboot**.

Universal Install/SAL Registration Request Form

You can download this form from the Avaya support web site as follows:

1. Go to the Avaya support Web site <http://support.avaya.com>.
2. Select **More Resources > Equipment Registration**.

3. Under **Non-Regional (Product) Specific Documentation**, select **Universal Install/SAL Registration Request Form**.
4. Complete the registration form as instructed.

Appendix A: Branch PSTN call routing examples

Each IP Office system can support its own external PSTN trunks. When deployed in an Avaya Aura® network, you have considerable flexibility over where outgoing PSTN calls should emerge from the network and similarly where incoming calls should be routed.

The following examples demonstrate some of the options available:

- [Centralized call control](#) on page 167 — External calls at a branch site can be rerouted to be dialed out at another site. This can be done for reasons of call cost and call control. For example, the central site may have a bulk call tariff for national and international calls that would benefit all branches.
- [Branch PSTN Override](#) on page 170 — Having configured the branch to send outgoing external calls to the Avaya Aura® Session Manager for onward routing, there may be cases where a specific number should still be routed via the branches own PSTN trunks.
- [PSTN Fallback](#) on page 172 — The IP Office can be configured to allow some calls that would normally use the SM Line to be routed via the PSTN when the Avaya Aura® SM Line is not available.

The various methods used in these examples can be combined to match the customer's needs. However the main aim should be as follows:

- To keep the branch configuration as generic as possible, i.e. to use the same PSTN call control in all branch configurations. This simplifies maintenance of multiple branches.
- To centralize as much of the PSTN call control in the Avaya Aura® Session Manager as possible. Again this simplifies maintenance and control.

Centralized call control

External calls at a branch site can be rerouted to be dialed out at another site, typically the headquarters site. This can be done for reasons of call cost and control and to reduce the external PSTN capacity required at the individual branch sites.

For example, we can route all national and international calls to the headquarters site to benefit from a bulk cost reduction available for calls from that site. The Avaya Aura® Session Manager there routes the calls out via PSTN services at that site. Note, however, that the Avaya Aura® Session

Manager could alternately use the trunks at a branch for some calls. For example, if the national call is to an area code that is local to a particular branch, the call could be routed to that branch for dialing on its PSTN trunks.

Routing IP Office calls — example

About this task

This example assumes that all the branches were initially setup with the default North American locale. For IP Office that means that a dial 9 prefix is used for external calls. For calls in other locales or between branches in different locals, the example would be adjusted to ensure that the resulting number received at the remote branch would be routed to an external PSTN trunk and is suitable for external dialing.

At each IP Office, we need to ensure that calls starting with 90, the external and then international number prefixes, are routed to the branch's SM Line rather than direct to an external PSTN line.

In the IP Office system configuration, the default system short code **9N** is used to match calls prefixed with a 9. The short code removes the 9 prefix and routes the call to the branch's ARS form **50: Main**.

Short Code	
Code	9N
Feature	Dial
Telephone Number	N
Line Group Id	50: Main
Locale	
Force Account Code	<input type="checkbox"/>

Procedure

1. Start Manager and connect to the IP Office system.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **ARS**.

3. Click **50: Main**.

ARS

ARS Route Id: 50

Route Name: Main

Dial Delay Time: System Default (4)

In Service: → Out of Service Route: <None>

Time Profile: <None> → Out of Hours Route: <None>

Secondary Dial tone: SystemTone

Check User Call Barring

Code	Telephone Number	Feature	Line Group Id
11	911	Dial Emergency	0
911	911	Dial Emergency	0
0N;	0N	Dial 3K1	0
1N;	1N	Dial 3K1	0
XN;	N	Dial 3K1	0
XXXXXXXXXXN	N	Dial 3K1	0

Buttons: Add..., Remove, Edit...

Within the ARS window, the default **0N;** short code that matches international numbers currently routes those calls to any available trunk in line group 0.

4. To edit the short code, click the short code.

5. Click the **Edit...** button.

6. Make the following changes:

- In the **Code** field, leave this set to **0N;**.
- In the **Feature** field, change this to **Dial**.
- In the **Telephone Number** field, change this to **90N**.

The **9** has been added back as it matches the dial pattern typically used at the Avaya Aura® site for matching a call that needs routing to the PSTN.

- In the **Line Group ID** field, change this to match the SM Line Outgoing Group ID. The default is **99999**.

7. Click **OK**.8. Repeat Steps 4 through 7 for the **1N;** short code which is used for national calls.

The branch system's default ARS form is now set to route all national and international calls to the SM Line and thus to the Avaya Aura® Session Manager.

ARS

ARS Route Id: 50

Route Name: Main

Dial Delay Time: System Default (4)

In Service: → Out of Service Route: <None>

Time Profile: <None> → Out of Hours Route: <None>

Secondary Dial tone: SystemTone

Check User Call Barring

Code	Telephone Number	Feature	Line Group Id
11	911	Dial Emergency	0
911	911	Dial Emergency	0
0N;	0N	Dial 3K1	99999
1N;	1N	Dial 3K1	99999
XN;	N	Dial 3K1	0
XXXXXXXXXXN	N	Dial 3K1	0

Buttons: Add..., Remove, Edit...

9. Click **OK**.
10. Select **File > Save Configuration**.

Branch PSTN override

In the example described in [Centralized call control](#) on page 167, we configured the branch system so that all national and international calls go to the headquarters site for routing to the PSTN. There may occasionally be scenarios where a particular number needs to override this and be dialed via the branch system's own PSTN trunks.

One example is the Avaya Aura Messaging or Modular Messaging PSTN number that can be configured for access to voicemail when the branch's SM Line is out of service. Another might be to provide a maintenance number to the headquarters site to report suspected loss of the SM Line connection.

Adding an overriding short code

Procedure

1. From the System Manager console, select the IP Office device and click **Edit** to edit the system configuration for the device. IP Office Manager will be launched on your PC.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **ARS**.

3. Click **50: Main**.

ARS

ARS Route Id: 50

Route Name: Main

Dial Delay Time: System Default (4)

In Service: → Out of Service Route: <None>

Time Profile: <None> → Out of Hours Route: <None>

Secondary Dial tone: SystemTone

Check User Call Barring:

Code	Telephone Number	Feature	Line Group Id
11	911	Dial Emergency	0
911	911	Dial Emergency	0
0N;	0N	Dial 3K1	99999
1N;	1N	Dial 3K1	99999
XN;	N	Dial 3K1	0
XXXXXXXXXXN	N	Dial 3K1	0

Buttons: Add..., Remove, Edit...

Within the ARS form, the default **1N;** short code is the one used for national calls. It would match the MM PSTN Number or AAM PSTN Number and attempt to route it to the SM Line which we know is out of service if the MM PSTN Number or AAM PSTN Number is being used for calls to voicemail. We can change the routing by adding a specific short code for the MM PSTN Number or AAM PSTN Number.

4. To add a short code, click the **Add...** button.

5. Make the changes as follows:

- In the **Code** field, set this to match the external PSTN number for Modular Messaging or Avaya Aura Messaging without the external dialing prefix.
- In the **Feature** drop-down box, select **Dial3K1**.
- In the **Telephone Number** field, set this to **N** to match the whole number in the **Code** field.

* **Note:**

For a setup where the voicemail mail box numbers configured on Modular Messaging or Avaya Aura Messaging are the same as the caller's DID, the short code to route the PSTN call should be configured so that the caller ID is withheld. To do this, enter a w in the **Telephone Number** field of the short code. This ensures that during Rainy day operation, the voicemail system does not automatically go to the voicemail mail box of the caller based on the caller ID.

- In the **Line Group Id** drop-down box, select the line group ID being used for the branch's PSTN trunks. The default is 0.

6. Click **OK**.

The ARS now has two short codes that will potentially match external national calls. However, one is a more exact match for certain calls and therefore will be applied to those calls.

ARS

ARS Route Id: 50

Route Name: Main

Dial Delay Time: System Default (4)

In Service: → Out of Service Route: <None>

Time Profile: <None> → Out of Hours Route: <None>

Secondary Dial tone: SystemTone

Check User Call Barring

Code	Telephone Number	Feature	Line Group Id
11	911	Dial Emergency	0
911	911	Dial Emergency	0
0N;	0N	Dial 3K1	0
1N;	1N	Dial 3K1	99999
XN;	N	Dial 3K1	0
XXXXXXXXXXN	N	Dial 3K1	0
15553800701	N	Dial	0

Buttons: Add..., Remove, Edit...

7. Click **OK**.
8. Select **File > Save Configuration**.

PSTN trunk fallback

In branch scenarios where centralized call control and trunking (see [Centralized call control](#) on page 167) has been configured for certain calls, loss of the SM Line connection will impact making those calls. For instance, in our example where all branch national and international calls are routed via the headquarters site, loss of the SM Line will leave the branch users only able to make local calls (that includes any centralized extension users at the site who may be operating in survival mode).

Since loss of the SM Line should be infrequent and temporary, some restriction during that state may be acceptable. However the following options can be used to allow continued branch operation:

- If the headquarters site has multiple Avaya Aura® Session Managers for redundancy, each branch can also be configured with multiple SM Lines. See [SM Line redundancy](#) on page 94 for more information.

- As in our example business, centralized call control has not been applied to all branch local calls. Therefore local calls are still available without any additional configuration for the loss of the SM Line connection.
- Since loss of the SM Line should be infrequent and temporary, the loss of some services may be tolerable until the SM Line issue is resolved. However, even if that is the case, it may be recommended to configure a headquarters PSTN number that can be dialed to report the SM Line issue. See [Branch PSTN override](#) on page 170 for more information.
- Provide PSTN trunk fallback within the branch configuration. See [Configuring PSTN trunk fallback](#) on page 173. Note however that PSTN fallback will also occur when the number of external calls exceeds the available SIP trunk licenses.

*** Note:**

If you want to have long distance routing on local trunks, be sure that the appropriate trunks have been ordered from the local provider. Do not create a route for international phone calls if you do not have that service.

Configuring PSTN trunk fallback

About this task

Use this procedure to provide PSTN trunk fallback with the branch configuration.

Procedure

1. Start Manager and connect to the IP Office system.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **ARS**.
3. Click the **New** icon and select **ARS**.
4. Enter a **Route Name**, for example **PSTN**.
5. To add a short code click the **Add...** button.

A short code is required that will send the national calls to the branch's own PSTN. Enter the normal defaults for such a short code as follows:

6. Make the changes as follows:
 - a. In the **Code** field, enter **1N**; For this example, **1N**; will match any national number dialing.
 - b. In the **Feature** field, leave the entry set as **Dial3K1**.
 - c. In the **Telephone Number** field, enter **1N**. For this example **1N** will match the number dialed by the user after the dial 9 prefix.
 - d. In the **Line Group Id** drop-down box, select the line group used for the IP Office system's external trunks. The default is 0.

7. Click **OK**.

ARS

ARS Route Id: 51

Route Name: PSTN

Dial Delay Time: System Default (4)

In Service: → Out of Service Route: <None>

Time Profile: <None> → Out of Hours Route: <None>

Secondary Dial tone: SystemTone

Check User Call Barring

Code	Telephone Number	Feature	Line Group Id
1N;	1N	Dial	0

Buttons: Add..., Remove

8. Click **OK**.

9. Double click on the existing default ARS that was reconfigured to send all branch national and international calls to the SM Line.

ARS

ARS Route Id: 50

Route Name: Main

Dial Delay Time: System Default (4)

In Service: → Out of Service Route: <None>

Time Profile: <None> → Out of Hours Route: <None>

Secondary Dial tone: SystemTone

Check User Call Barring

Code	Telephone Number	Feature	Line Group Id
11	911	Dial Emergency	0
911	911	Dial Emergency	0
0N;	0N	Dial 3K1	99999
1N;	1N	Dial 3K1	99999
XN;	N	Dial 3K1	0
XXXXXXXXXXN	N	Dial 3K1	0

Alternate Route Priority Level: 3

Alternate Route Wait Time: 30

Additional Route: 51: PSTN

Buttons: Add..., Remove, Edit...

10. In the **Additional Route** drop-down box , select the PSTN ARS form just created above.

The form is now set such that, if the SM Line is not available (out of service or all licensed channels busy) calls can be checked for a dialing match in the PSTN ARS form. This works as follows:

- The **Alternate Route Priority Level** controls which users are able to use the alternate route immediately, ie. those user's whose priority is equal or higher than this setting. The default priority for users is **5**.
- The **Alternate Route Wait Time** is used for caller's whose priority is not sufficient to use the alternate route immediately. The default setting is 30 seconds. However, you may want to adjust this setting to one that meets your requirements.
- Since the only short code match in the alternate route in our example is for national calls, international calls will continue to wait for the SM Line.

11. Select **File > Save Configuration**.

Glossary

9600 Series H.323 phones

This term describes the 9600 Series IP Deskphones running H.323 firmware. When running H.323 firmware, these phones are used as IP Office phones in a Distributed enterprise branch deployment. The following 9600 Series phones can run H.323 firmware and are supported for use by IP Office users: 9620, 9630, 9640, 9650, 9608, 9611G, 9621G, and 9641G.

9600 Series SIP phone

This term describes the 9600 Series IP Deskphones running SIP firmware. When running SIP firmware, these phones are used as Centralized phones in a Centralized enterprise branch deployment. The following 9600 Series phones can run SIP firmware and are supported for use by Centralized users: 9620, 9630, 9640, 9650, 9601, 9608, 9611G, 9621G, and 9641G.

Branch office

A geographic office location for an enterprise other than the main enterprise location. A branch office is typically smaller and has fewer employees than the main office for an enterprise. A branch office is involved in business activities related to the local market's needs.

Centralized enterprise branch deployment option

This term describes deployments where all users in a branch are Centralized users. See Centralized user.

Centralized management

This term is used to describe a central management system that delivers a set of shared management services and provides a single access interface to administer multiple branch locations and multiple distributed IP Office users.

Centralized phone

This term describes a phone that is used by a Centralized user. See Centralized user.

Centralized trunking

This term describes routing outgoing external calls from the branch sites to the central site in order to utilize the central sites PSTN trunks. The same applies for distributing incoming PSTN calls from the central site to the appropriate branches.

Centralized user

This term describes a user whose call processing is controlled by Avaya Aura[®] Communication Manager Feature Server or Evolution Server in the enterprise core. During normal operation, the Centralized user gets their telephony features and services from core applications such as the Communication Manager Feature Server or Evolution Server. Through the core Avaya Aura[®] Session Manager, the Centralized user can also access

local PSTN trunks and services, such as local paging, local auto-attendant, and local Meet-me conferencing, on the IP Office in the branch. If WAN connectivity to the Avaya Aura® Session Manager is lost, the Centralized user automatically gets basic services from the local IP Office. When connection to Avaya Aura® Session Manager is available again, failback occurs either automatically or by manual administrative action where call processing for the Centralized user is returned to being controlled by Avaya Aura® Session Manager.

A Centralized user must be configured on the Avaya Aura® Session Manager, on Communication Manager, and on the IP Office. On the IP Office, the Centralized user must have either a SIP extension or an analog extension. There are two types of Centralized users:

- Centralized SIP user — a user configured as a Centralized user whose associated extension is a SIP extension.
- ATA user — a user configured as a Centralized user whose associated extension is an analog extension.

 **Note:**

Standard analog phones are supported for use by ATA users. Fax and modem are not supported as ATA users.

Distributed enterprise branch deployment option

This term describes deployments where all users in a branch are IP Office users. See IP Office user.

Distributed trunking

This term describes the scenario where each branch retains and uses its own PSTN trunks for incoming and outgoing external calls.

E.164 format

E.164 is a numbering format recommended by the International Telecommunications Union - Telecommunications (ITU-T). E.164 can have a maximum of 15 digits and is preceded by a +.

Extension

This term describes a unique number supported within the dial-plan that is assigned to a user. An extension also has associated endpoint(s) configured, where the endpoint can be either a hard device such as a telephone or a soft client running on a PC, mobile device, or tablet.

Failback

This term is used for the situation where a centralized extension that is working with a survivability call controller detects that its normal call controller is available again. The extension will go through a process of failback to its normal call controller.

Failover

This term is used for the situations where a centralized extension's preferred call controller is no longer available. The extension will go through a process of failover to the first available of its configured alternate call controllers which then provides survivability services to the extension.

IP Office phone	This term describes a phone that is used by an IP Office user. See IP Office user.
IP Office user	<p>This term describes a user who gets their telephony features and services from the local IP Office. IP Office users were formerly referred to as distributed users, local users, or native users.</p> <p>IP Office users with non-IP phones are connected to the IP Office while IP Office users with IP and SIP endpoints can be administered with IP Office as their controller. Access to and from the rest of the Avaya Aura® network is via the IP Office system's SM Line, which connects to Avaya Aura® Session Manager across the enterprise WAN. This connection allows for VoIP connectivity to other sites in the enterprise, to centralized trunking, and to centralized applications such as conferencing and messaging.</p>
Local management	This term is used to describe managing an IP Office device using the local IP Office Manager application.
Mixed enterprise branch deployment option	This term describes deployments where there are Centralized users and IP Office users in a single branch. The Centralized users get their telephony services delivered by the Communication Manager Feature Server or Evolution Server in the core and the IP Office users get their telephony services delivered by the local IP Office.
Mixed mode trunking	The flexibility of Avaya Aura® Session Manager is such that both centralized and distributed trunking can be used. For example, routing all national and international calls via centralized trunking at the headquarters site while still allowing local calls via the branch sites.
PSTN	Public Switched Telephone Network. The PSTN is the international telephone system.
Rainy day	This term refers to a loss of network connectivity from the branch to the core data center.
SM Line	This term is used to describe a customized type of IP Office SIP trunk that is configured on the IP Office to connect to Avaya Aura® System Manager.
Stand-alone IP Office branch option	Independent IP Office systems are deployed within the network. These IP Office systems are not connected to each other or to anything else in the network. With this option, there is no Avaya Aura® system deployed in the network and users cannot access any Avaya Aura® services.
Sunny day	This term refers to full network connectivity from the branch to the core data center.
Survivability	This term describes centralized extensions when working after failover. The range of functions available to the phones in this state depend largely on

those configured for them on the branch system and will not match those available from the headquarters system during normal operation.

Survivable extension

This term is used to describe an extension which, though physically located at a branch site, receives its' telephony services from the central or headquarters site and operates in a Centralized enterprise branch. A survivable extension is also called a centralized extension.

Tail-End-Hop-Off

Part of mixed mode trunking, this describes scenarios where certain calls at other branches or the headquarters site are routed to the PSTN of another branch.

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